

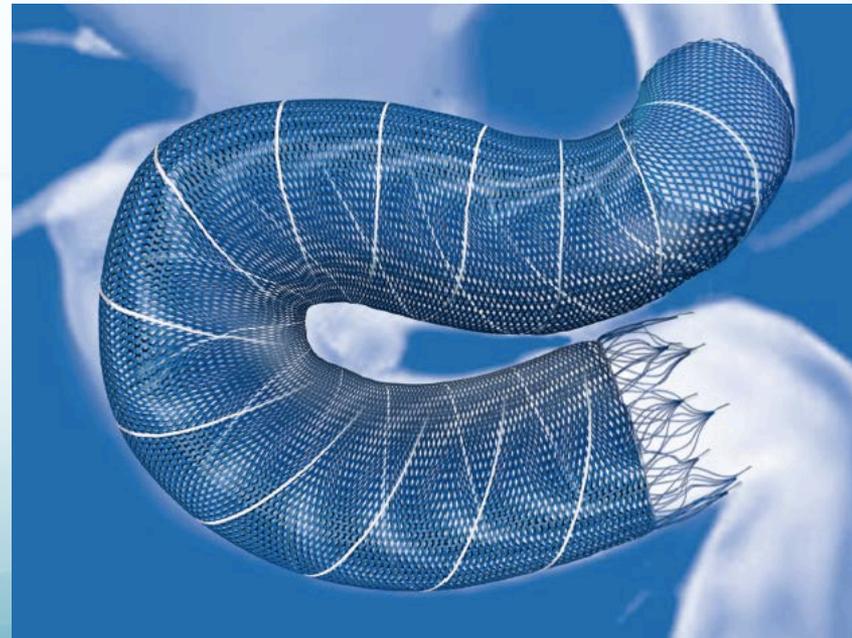
Flow Diverter p64 à détachement mécanique contrôlé. Résultats et suivi à long terme

Alessandra Biondi

Service de Neuroradiologie et Thérapie Endovasculaire
Hôpital Jean Minjot - CHRU de Besançon

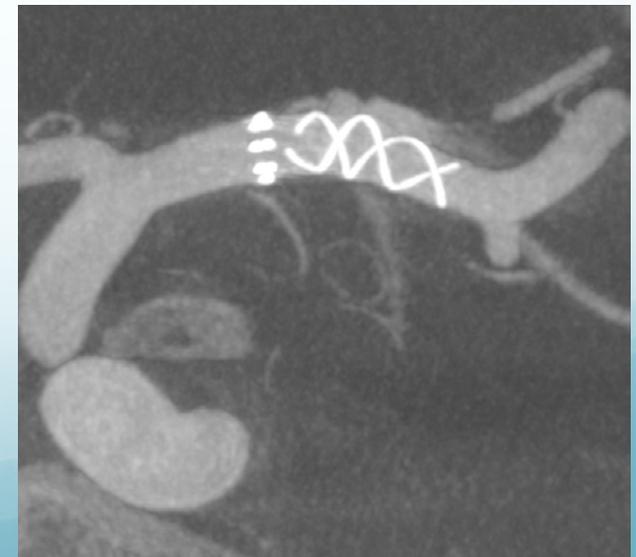
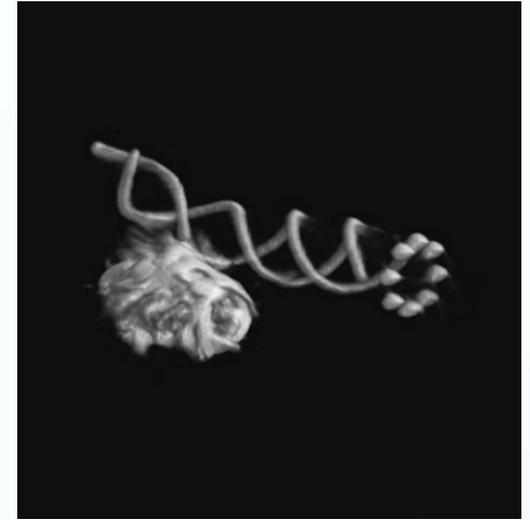
p64 flow diverter 100% recapturable

phenox

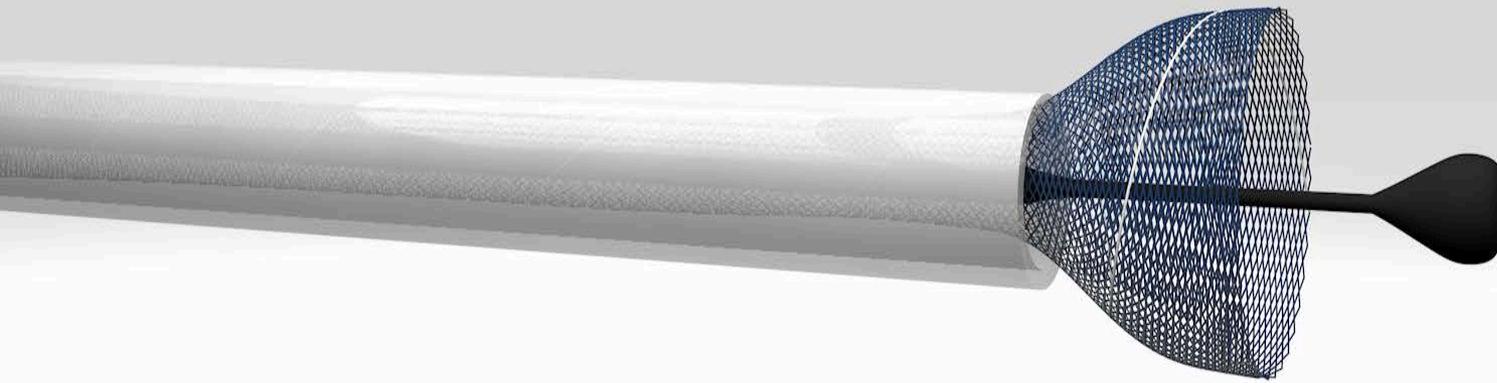


p64 Flow Diverter de dernière génération

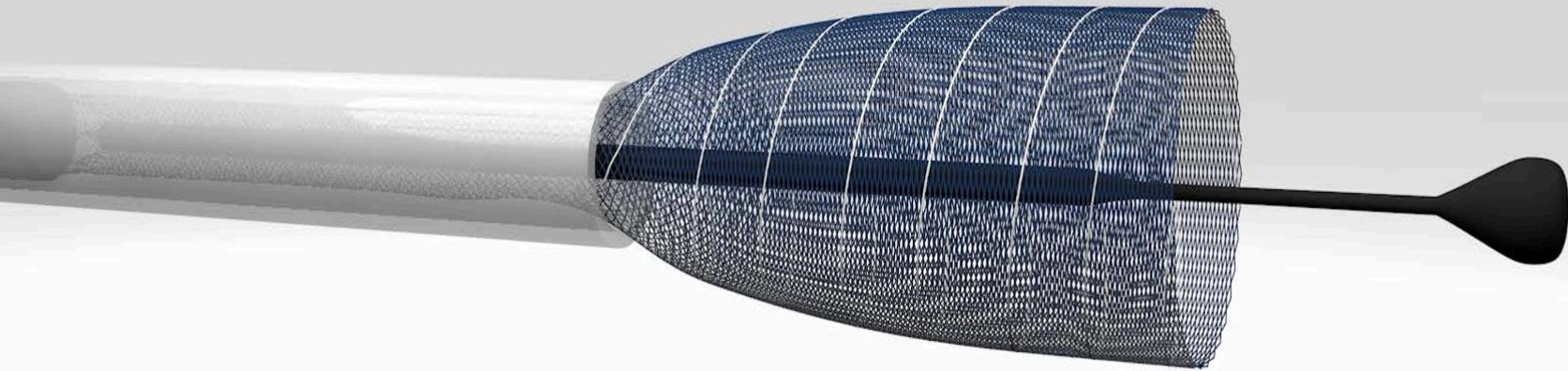
- 64 fils de Nitinol
- 2 fils de platine radio-opaques
- 8 repères proximaux en platine



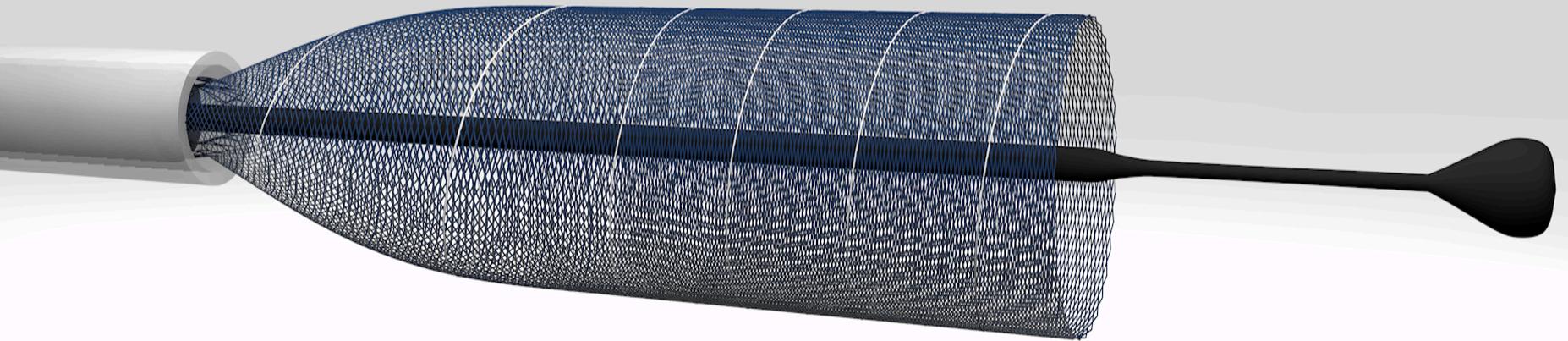
p64 Flow Modulation Device



p64 Flow Modulation Device



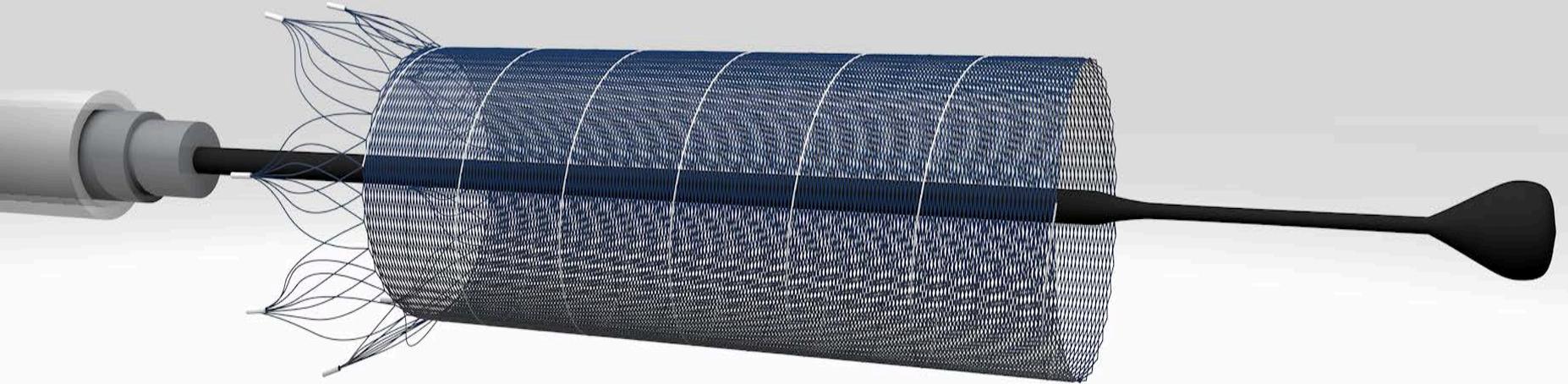
p64 Flow Modulation Device



p64 Flow Modulation Device

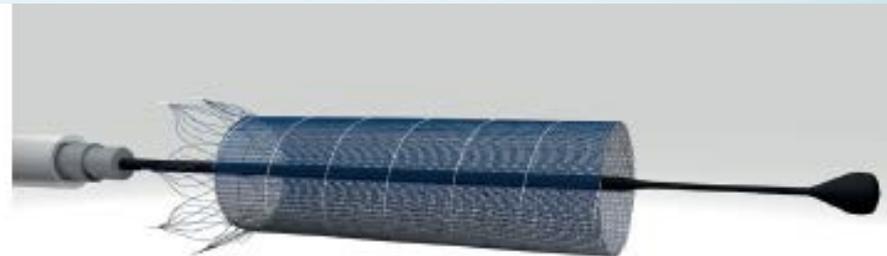


p64 Flow Modulation Device



100% recapturable

- Le p64 se déploie complètement à mesure qu'il est poussé hors du microcathéter
- repositionnement à volonté dans le microcathéter
- Système de largage mécanique (gaine hypo-tube rétractable)



p64 Flow Diverter compatibilités

- Microcathéters compatibles :
 - - Excelsior XT-27 150/6 cm (Stryker)
 - - Headway 27 (Microvention)
 - - Marksman (ev3/Covidien)

Expérience à Besançon

22 Patients : 18 F, 4 homme - Age moyennes : 54 ans

27 Anévrismes (3 pats. 2 an. - 1 pat. 3 an.) - 24 stents

14 non rompu

1 rompu

12 recanalisés (9 coils, 1 clip & coils, 1 coils & PED, 1 LUNA)

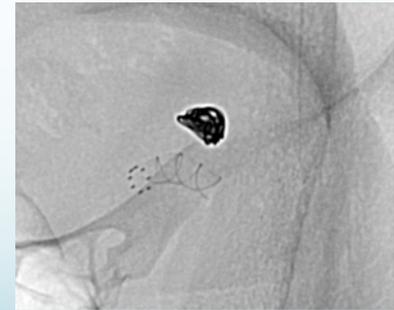
12 artère cérébrale moyenne

7 artère cérébrale antérieure A1-A2

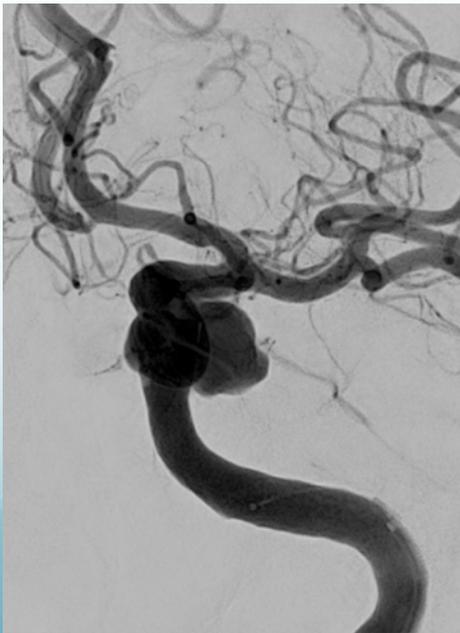
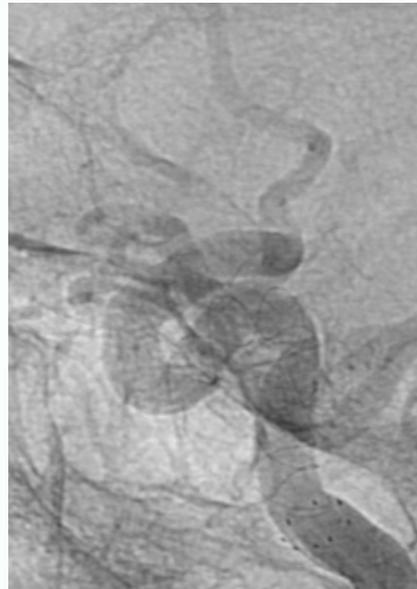
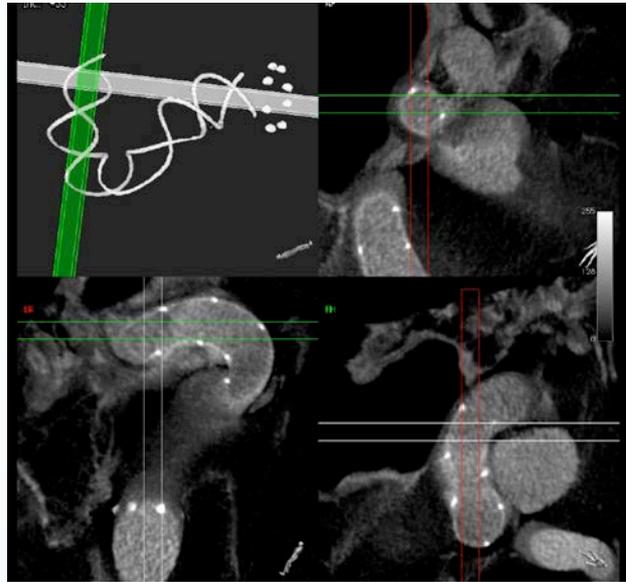
6 siphon carotidien (1 intracaverneux)

2 artère vertébrale /PICA

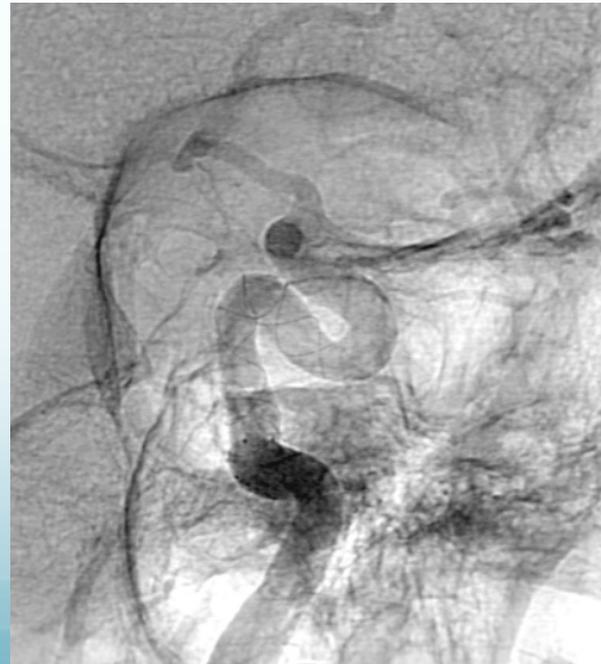
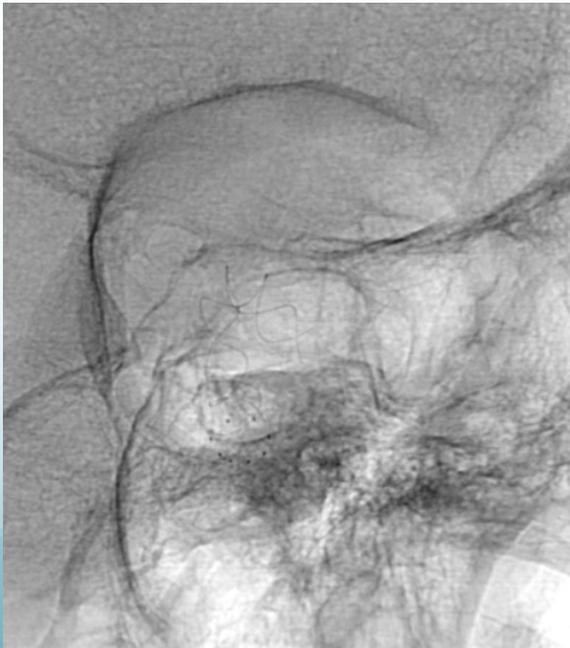
16 gauche, 11 droite



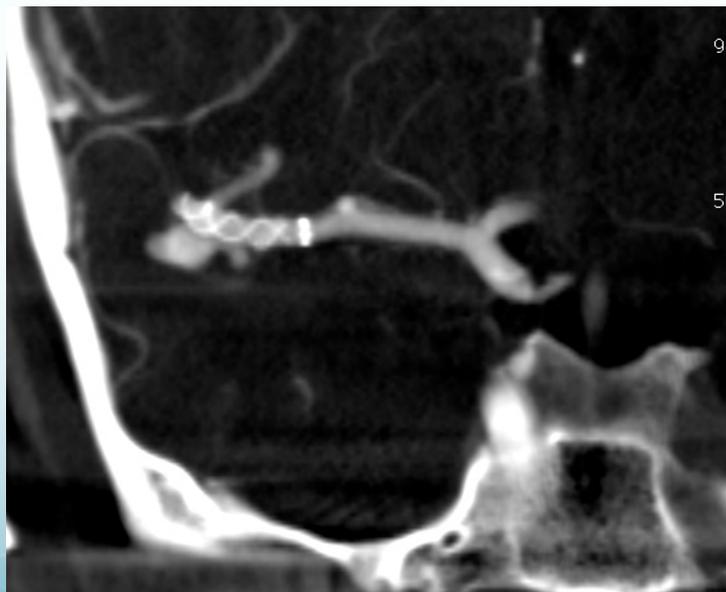
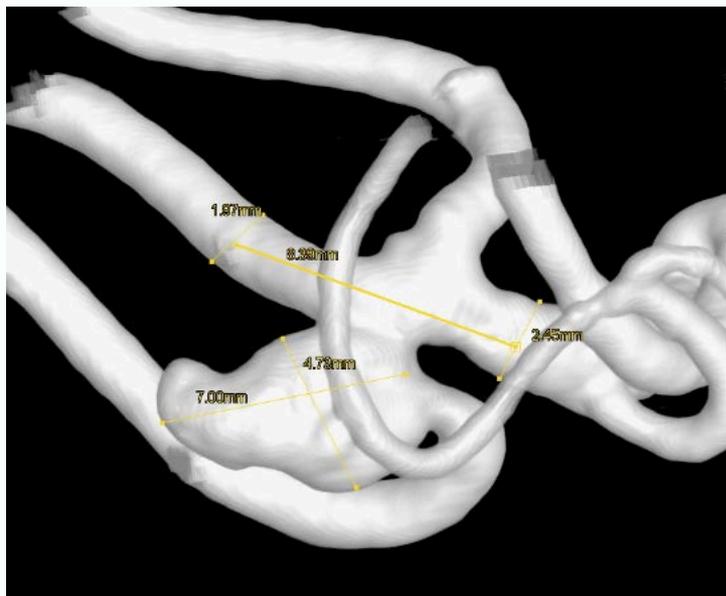
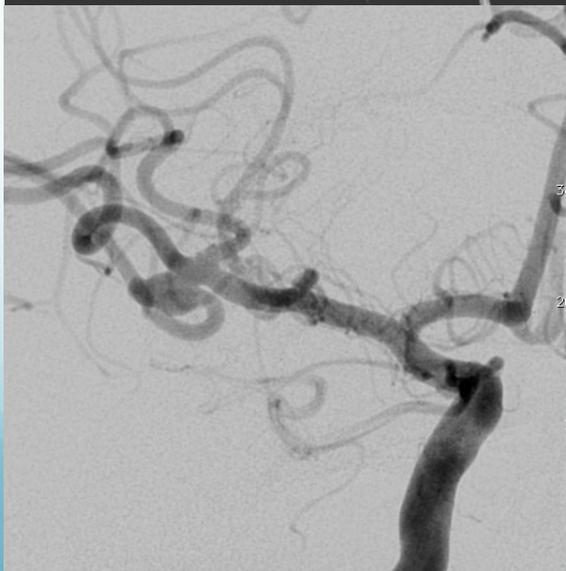
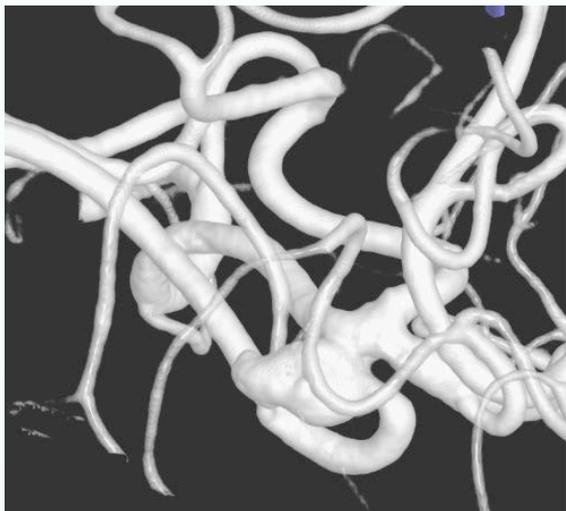
3 mo Follow-Up



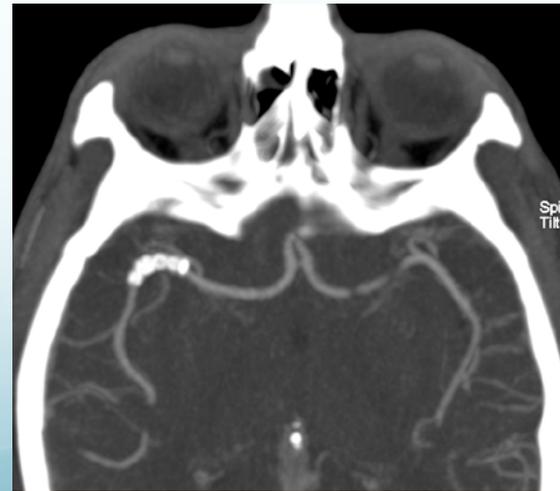
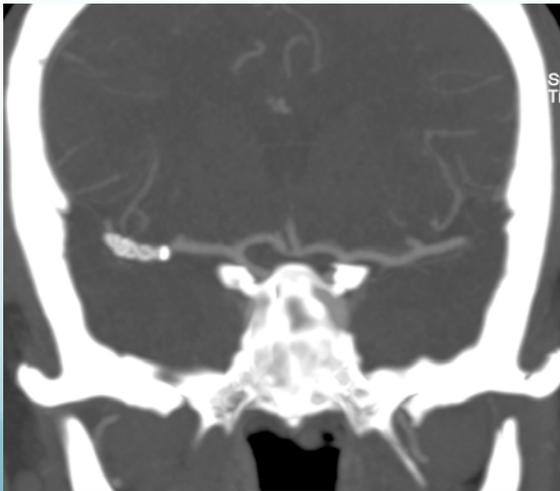
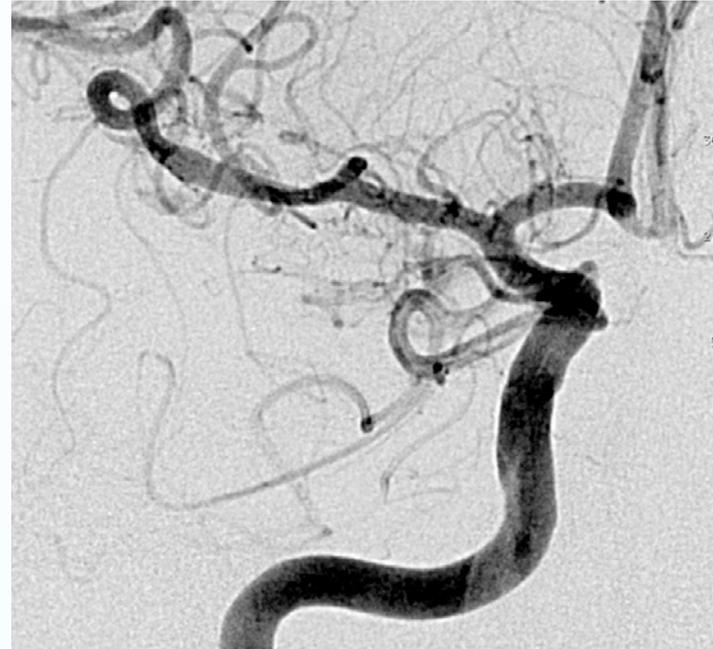
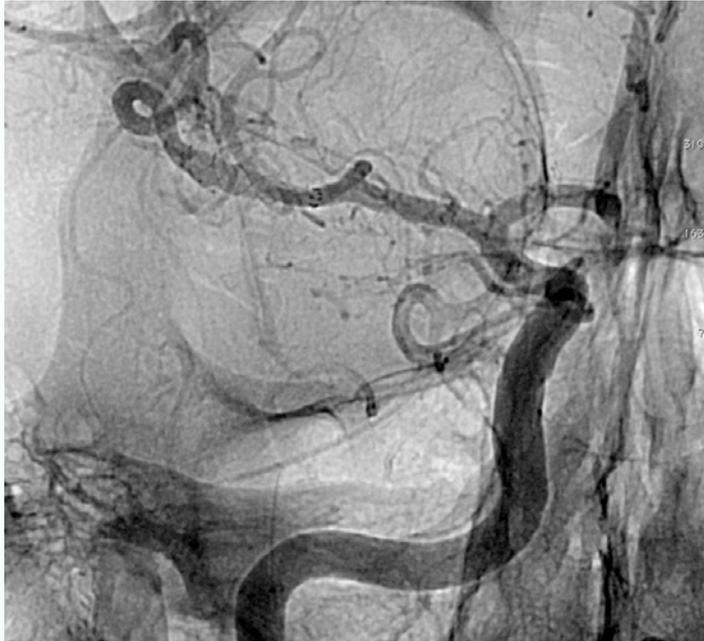
1 y Follow-Up



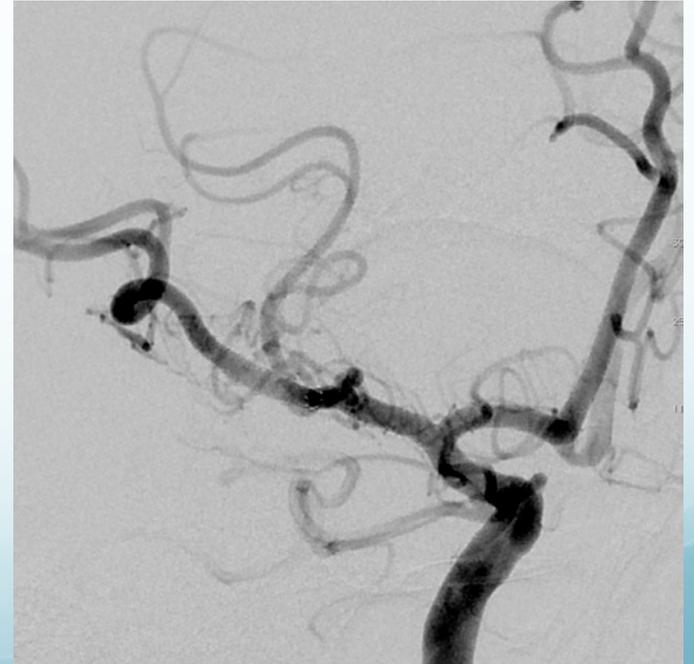
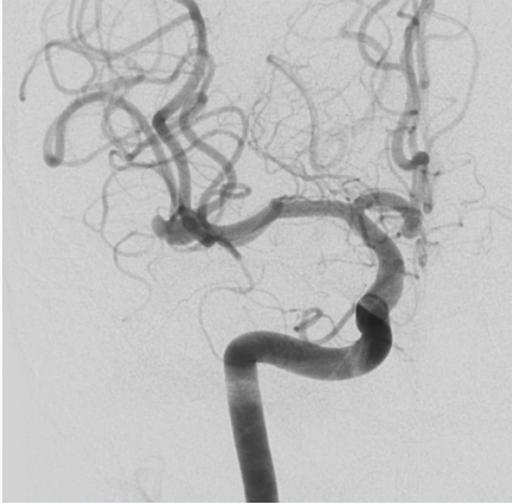
F, 41 y



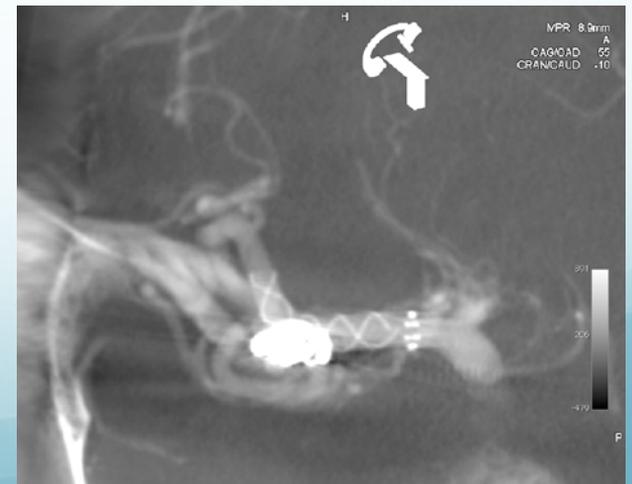
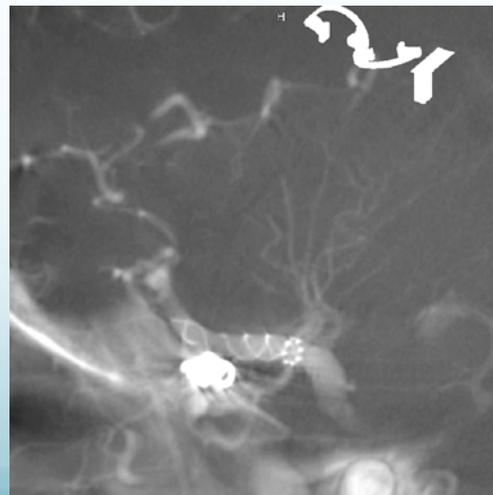
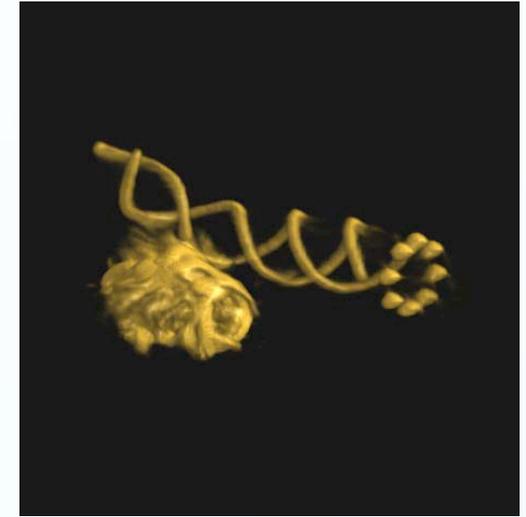
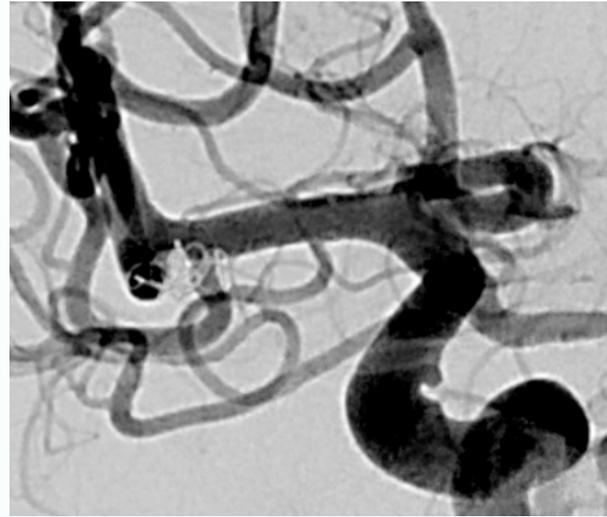
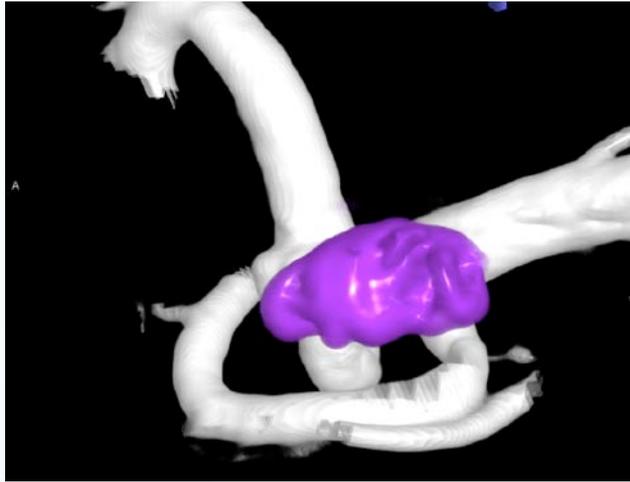
3 & 6 mo Follow-Up

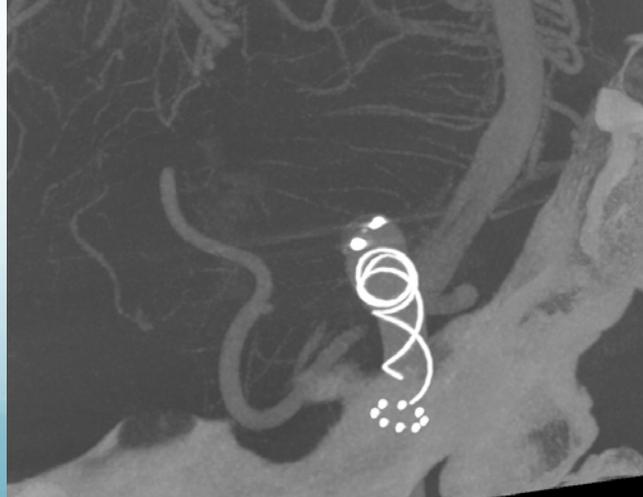
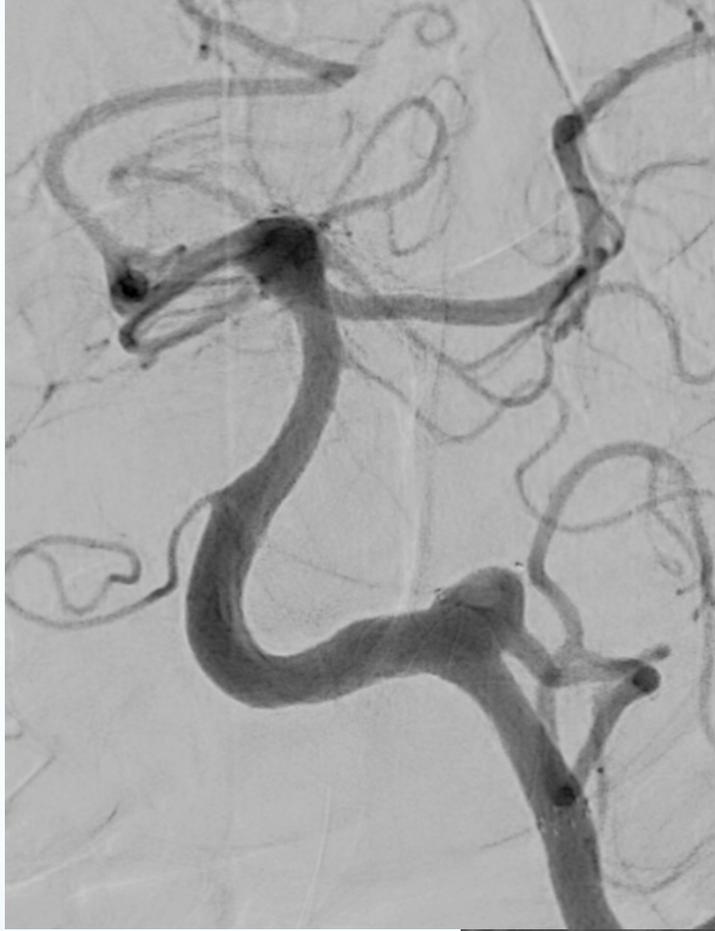


1 y Follow-Up



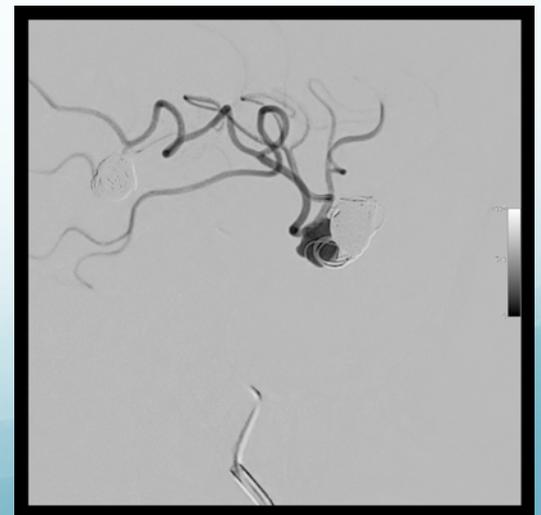
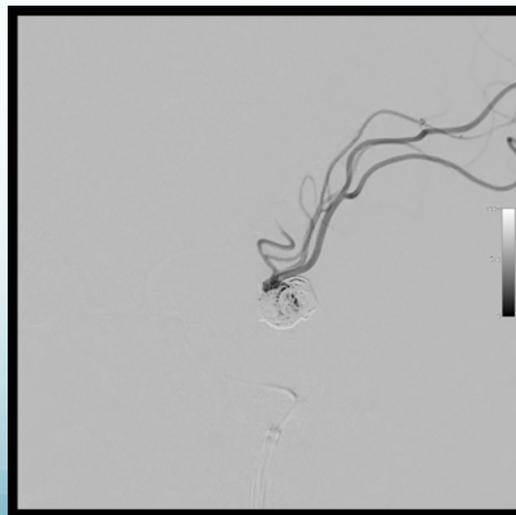
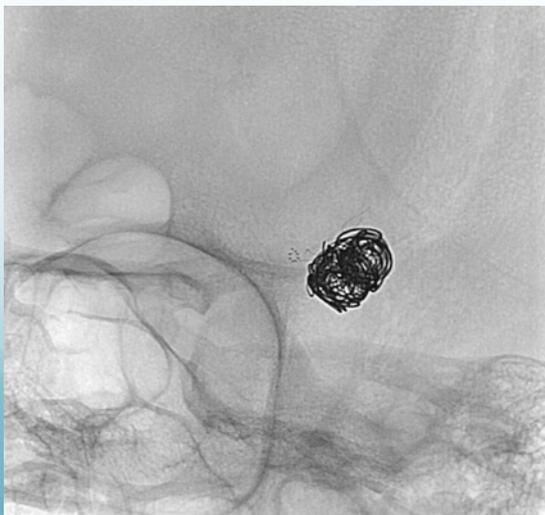
Recurrent/residual aneurysms

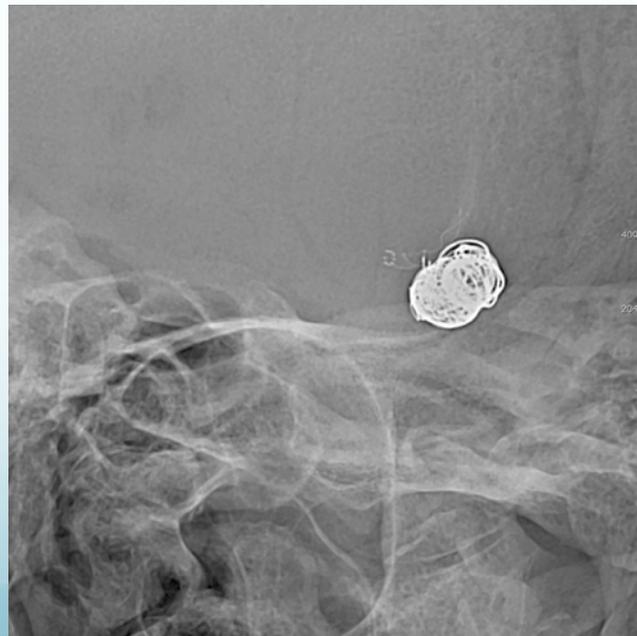
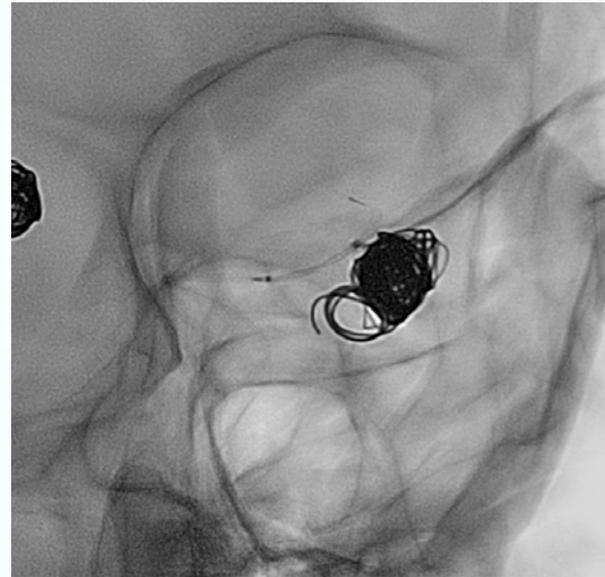
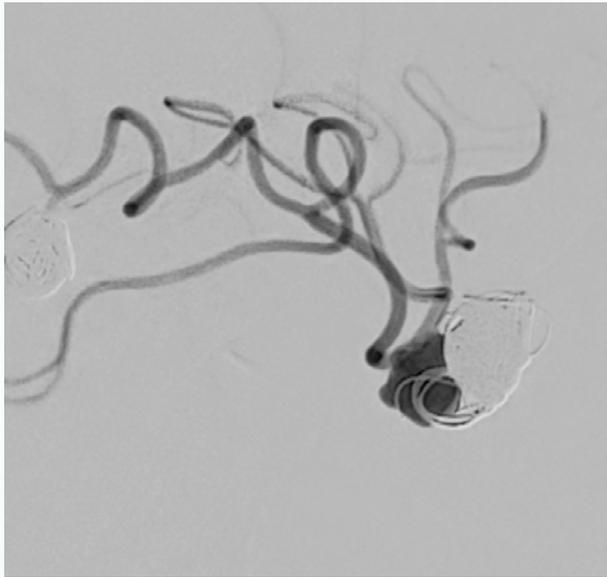


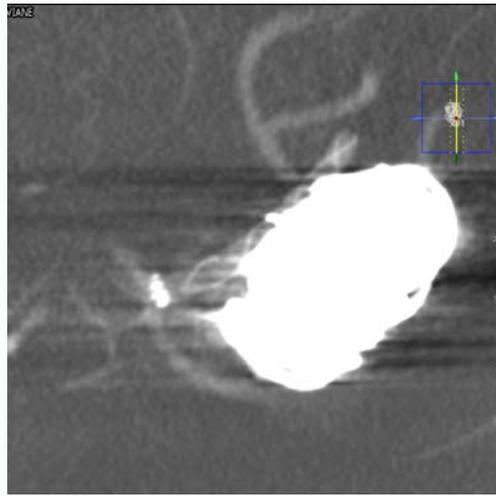
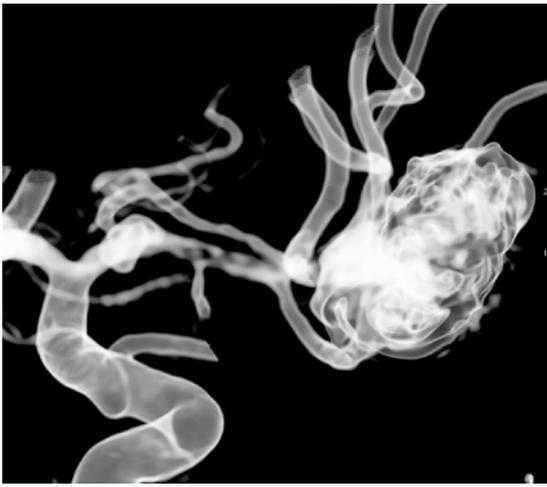


Recurrent ruptured MCA aneurysm

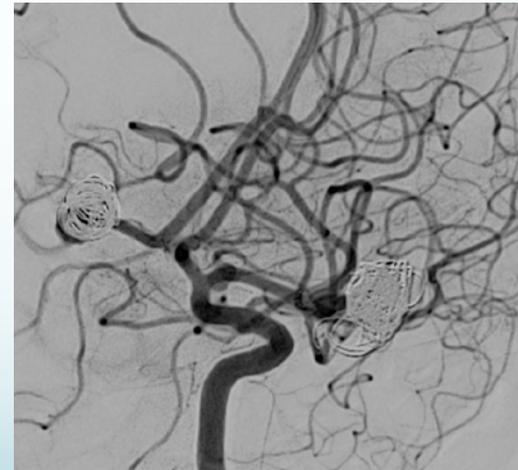
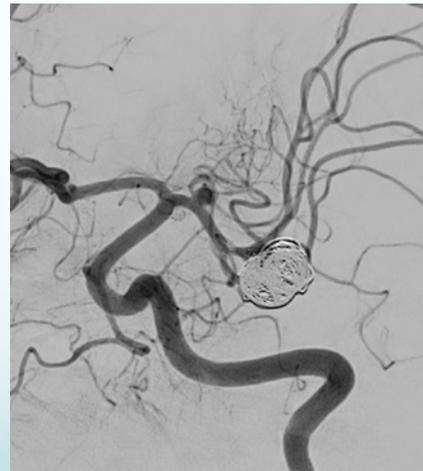
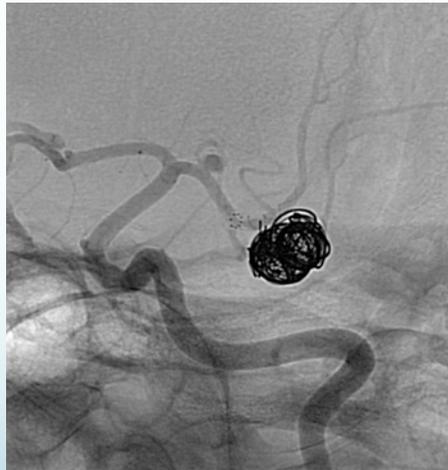
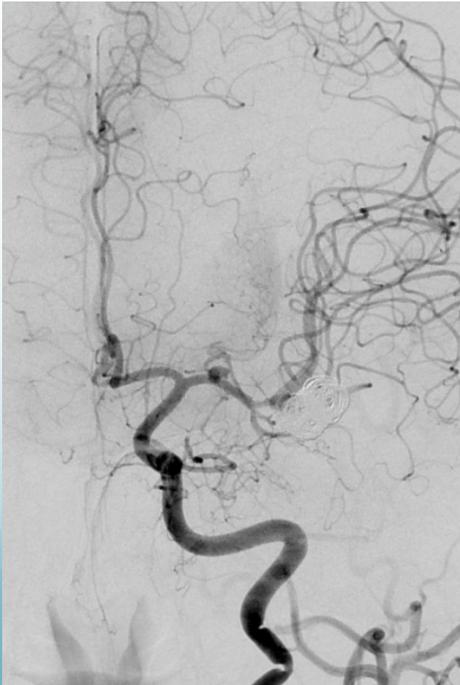
p64 2.5 mm x 9 mm







1 y Follow-Up



Angiographic results

27 aneurysms – 22 patients

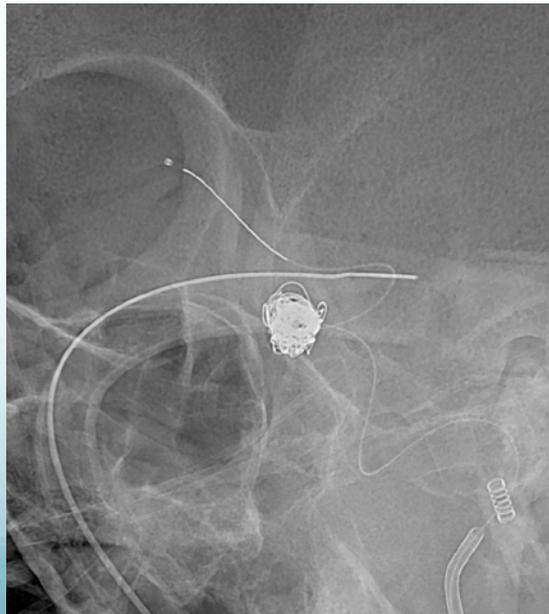
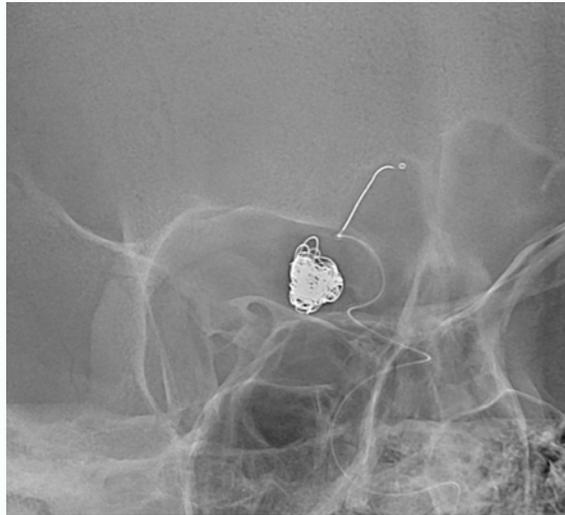
- Mid-term FU - 19 aneurysms (17 patients)
- Long-term FU - 10 aneurysms (10 patients)
- 1 death (1 aneurysm)
- No Follow-Up - 7 aneurysms (3 patients)
- 1 giant rupt. aneurysm failure (PED - occlusion)
- Mid-term FU - 19 an.: 9 compl. /near compl. Occl.
- Long-term FU - 10 an. : 8 compl. 2 near compl. Occl.

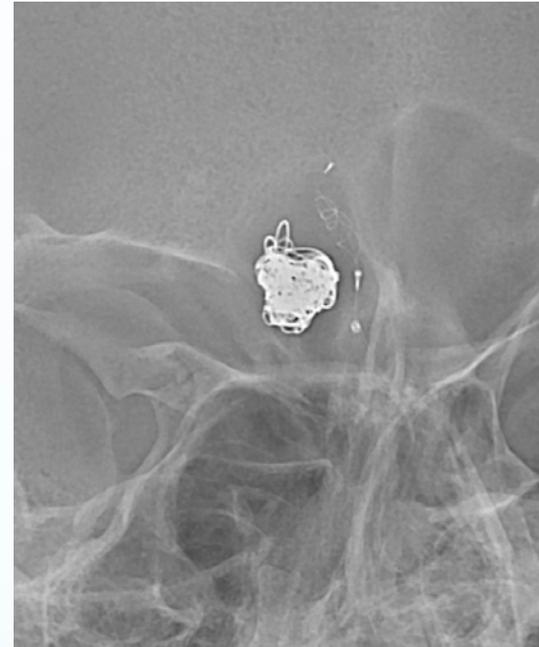
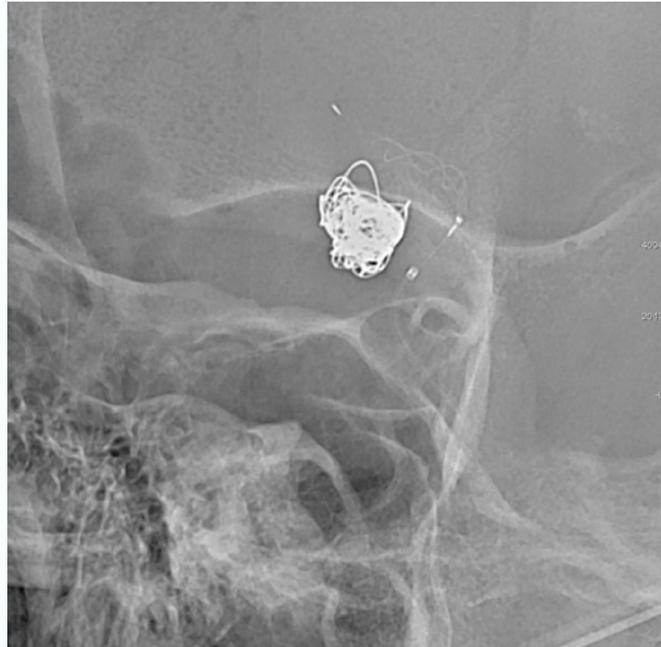
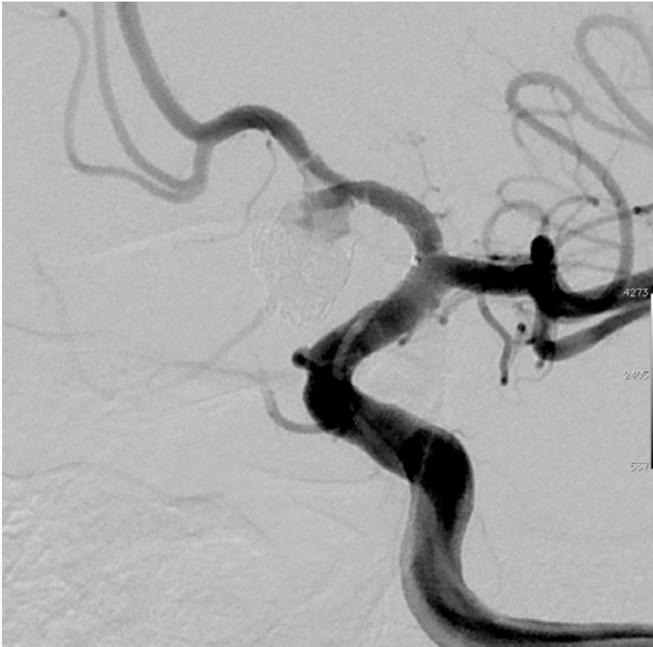
Clinical results

27 aneurysms – 22 patients

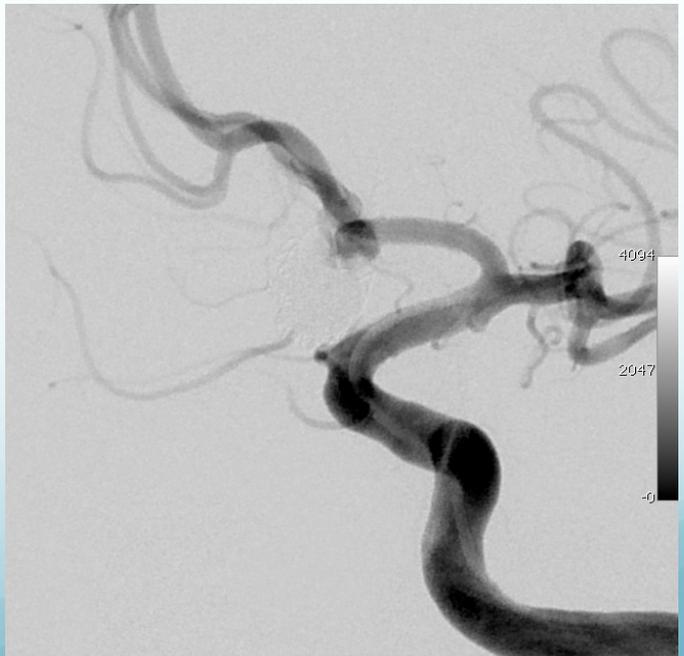
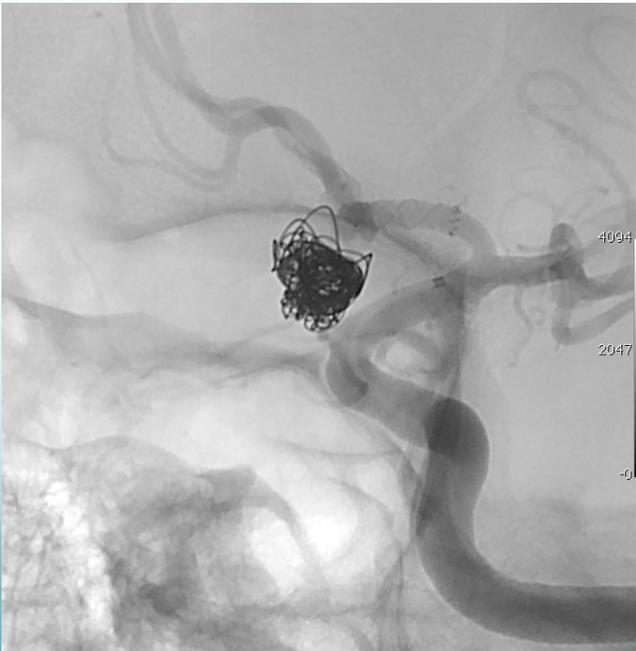
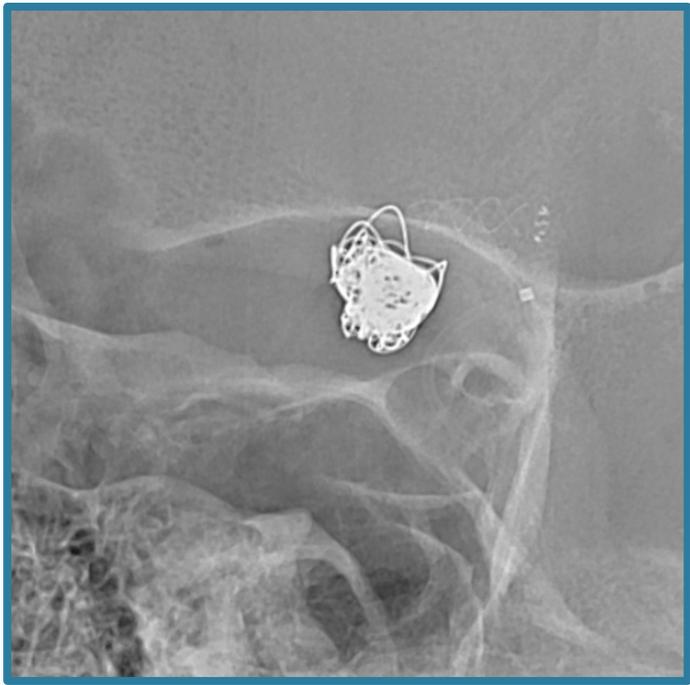
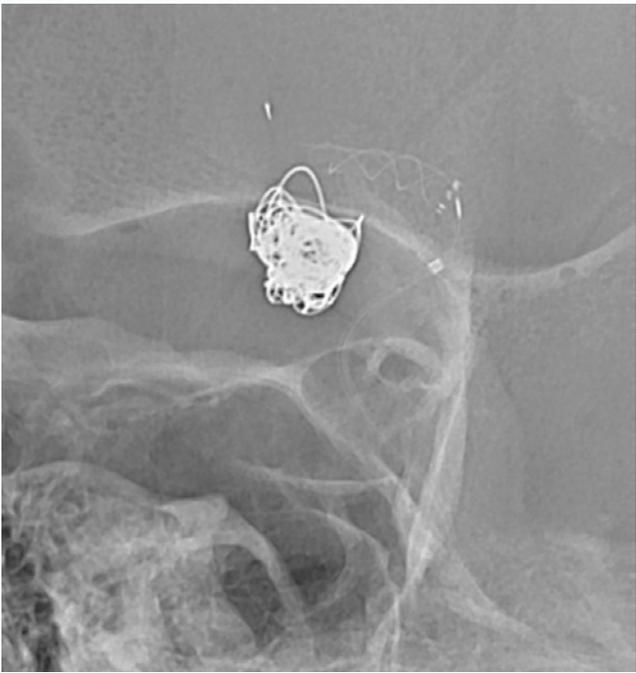
- Mid-term FU - 16 patients
- Long-term FU - 10 patients
- 1 death (1 aneurysm)
 - Mortality in personal FD series 2/142 patients (1.4 %)
- No permanent morbidity
- 2 patients with transient deficits

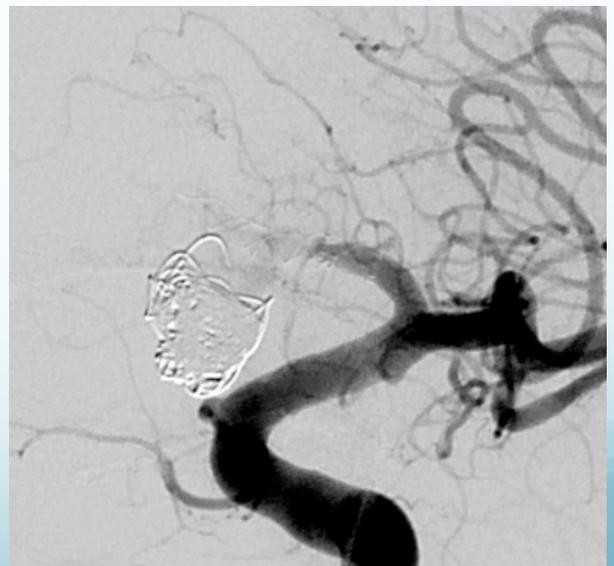
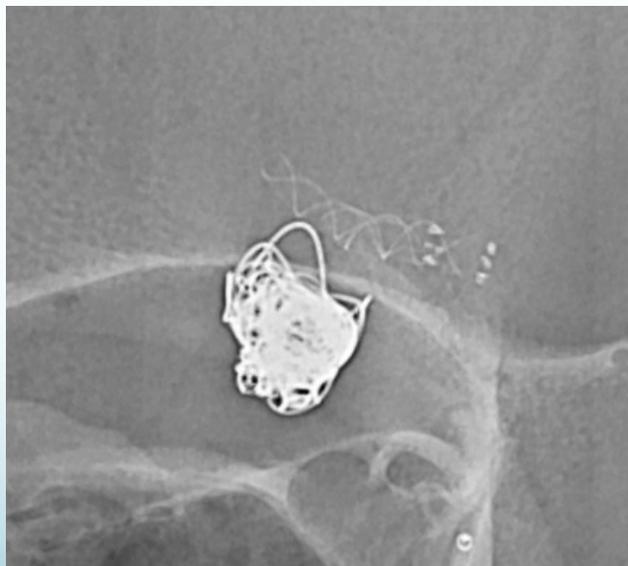
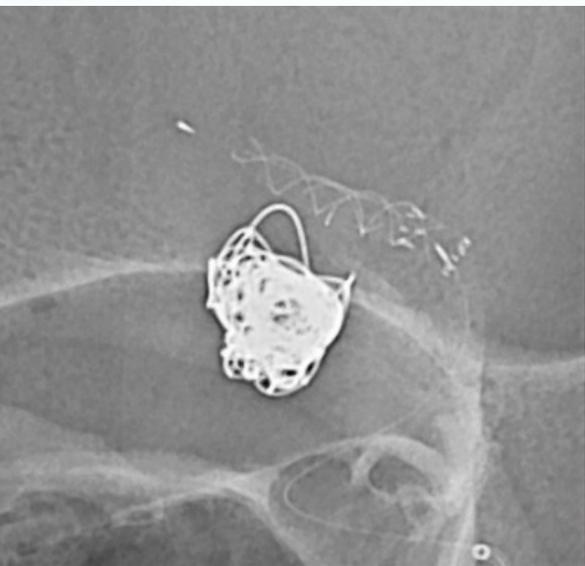
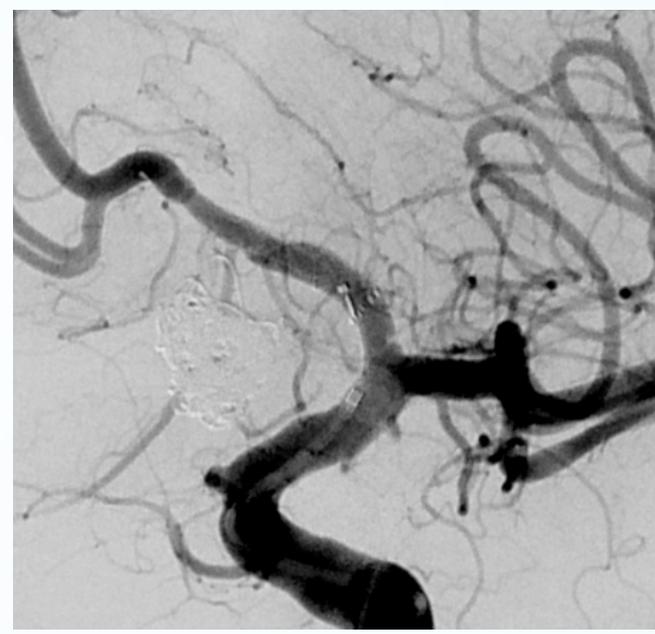
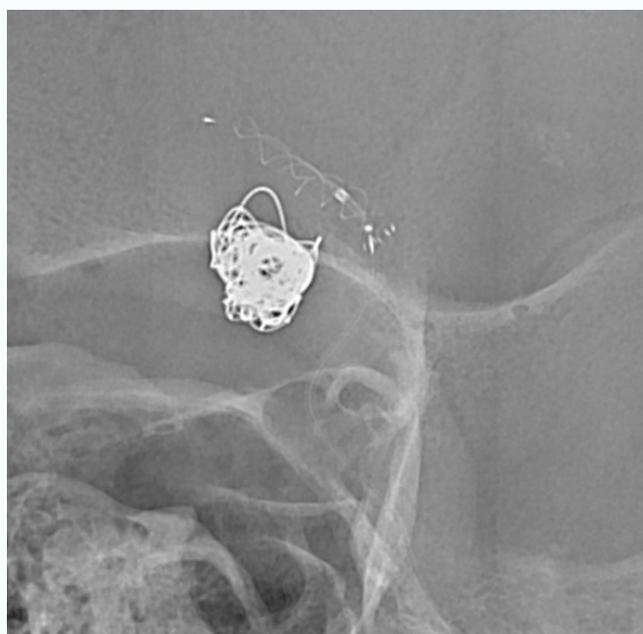
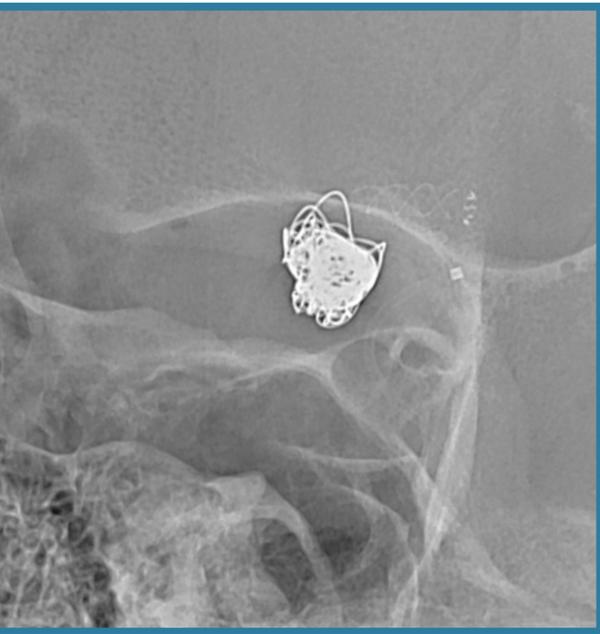
F 52 yo - p64 2 mm x 9 mm - Complication



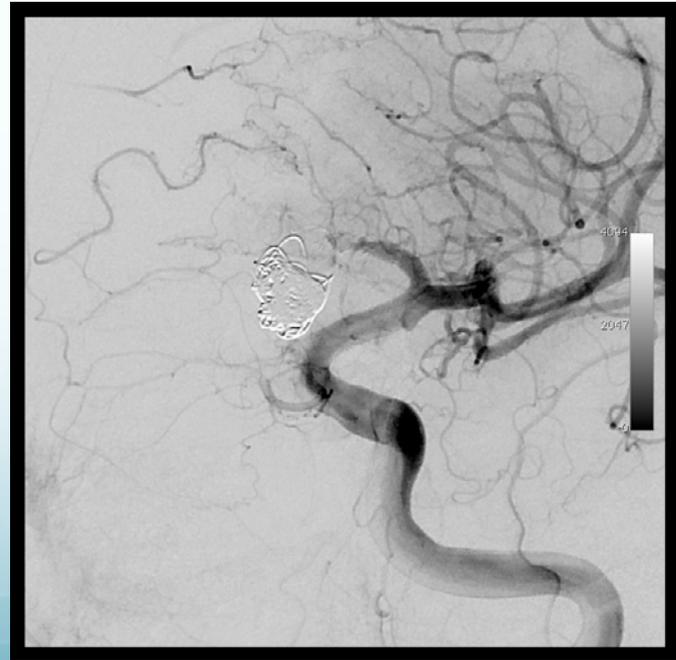
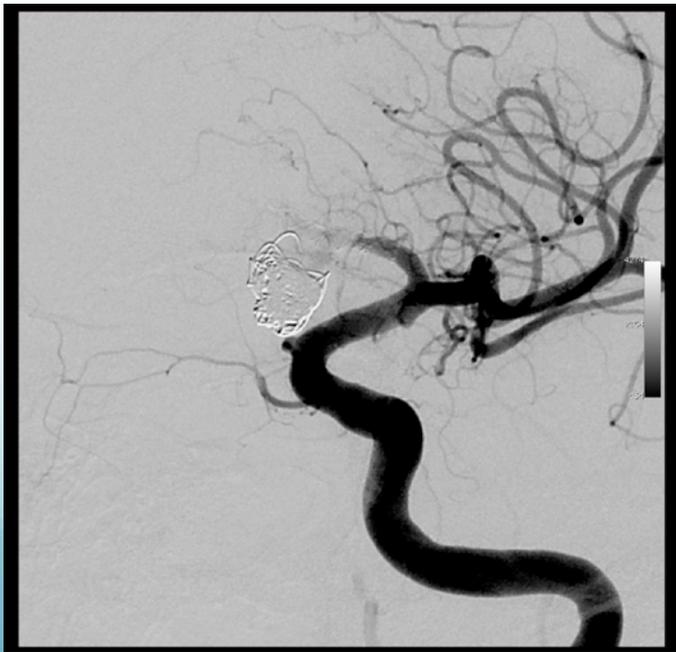
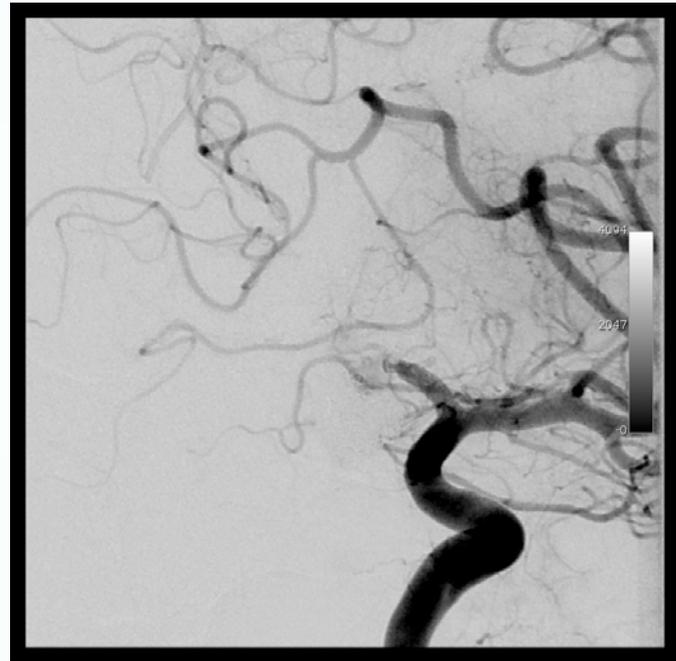
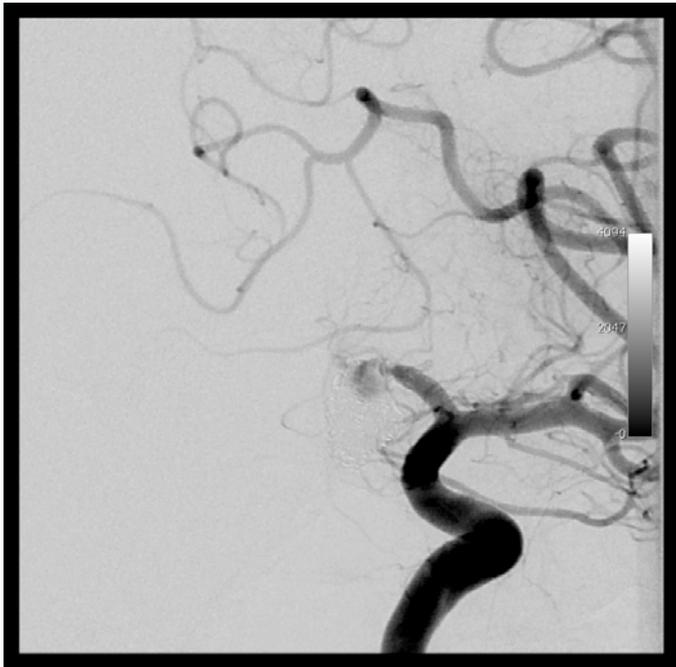


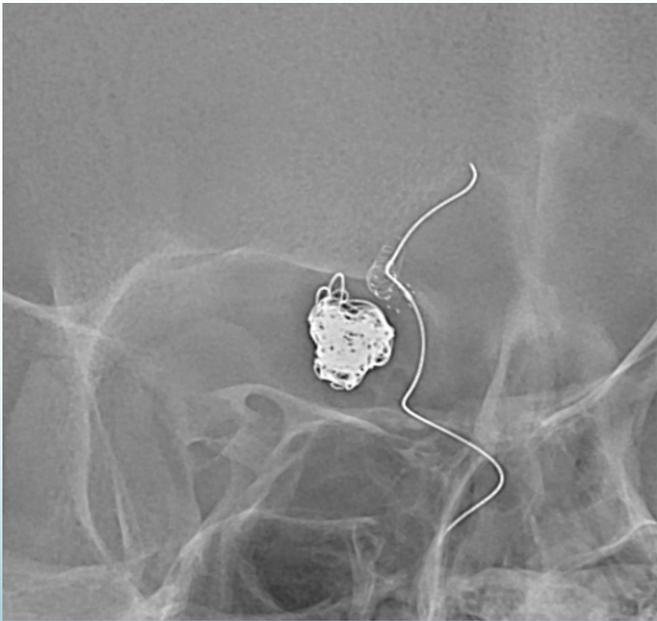
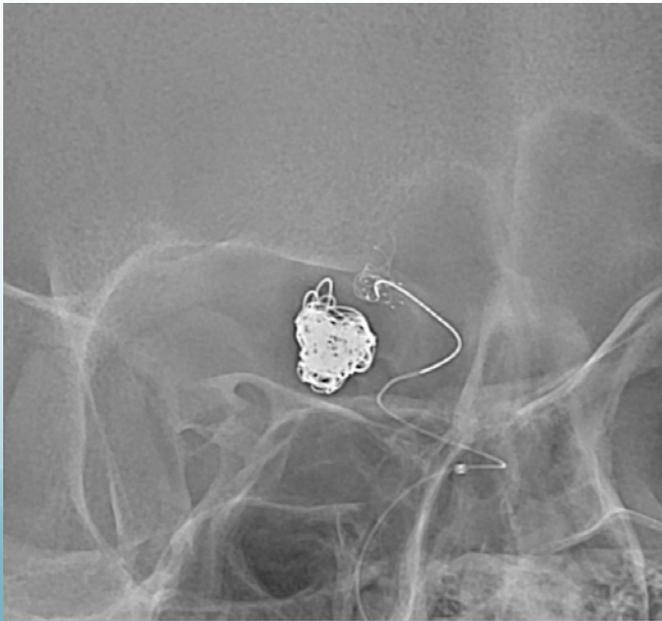
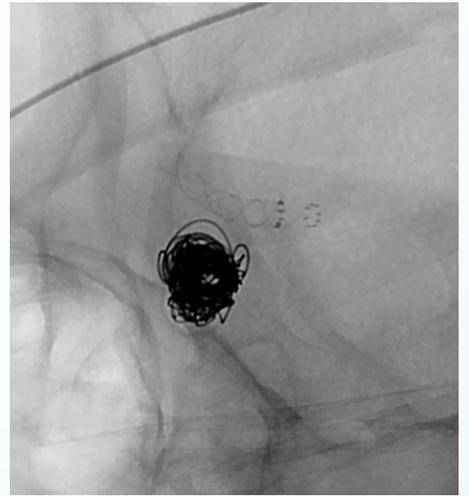
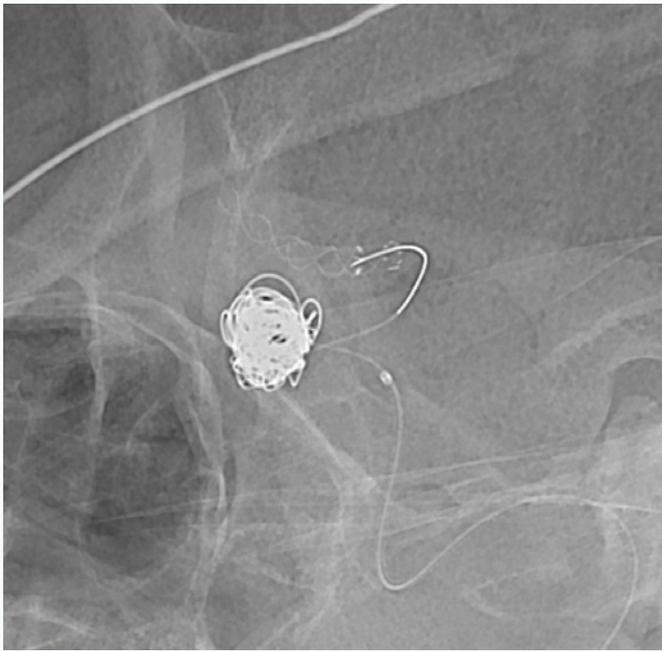
Very difficult stent detachment

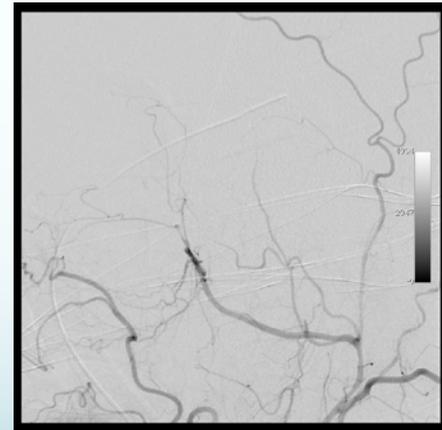
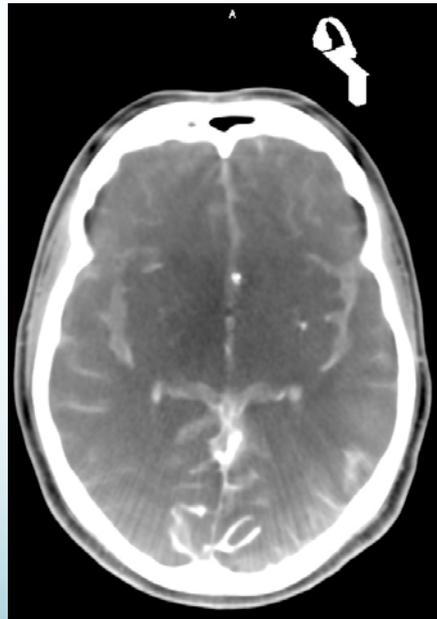
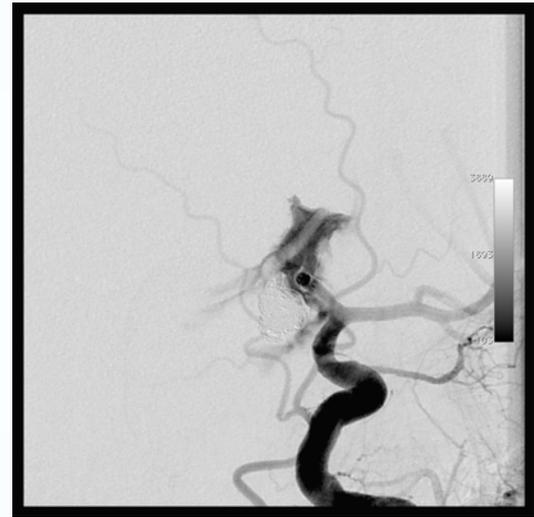


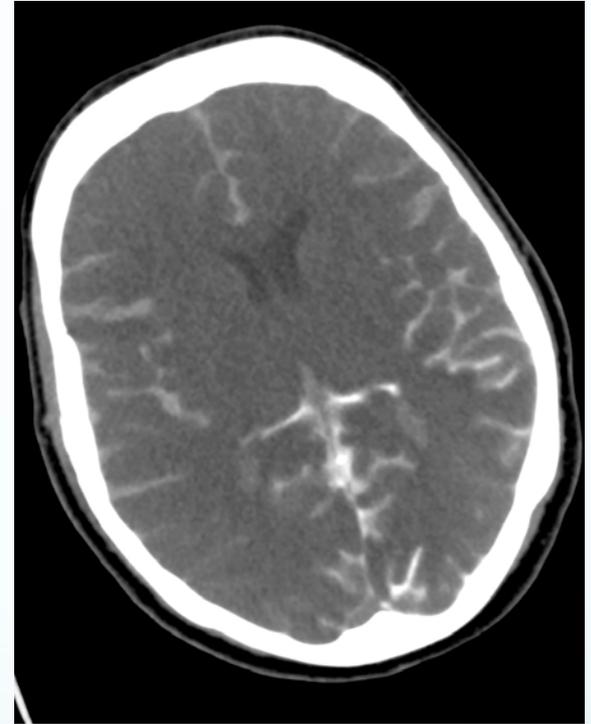


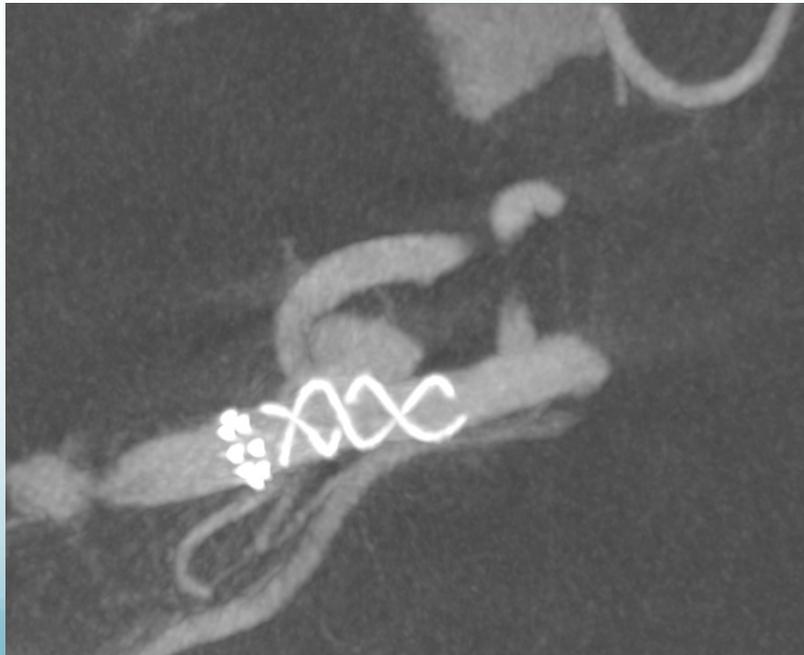
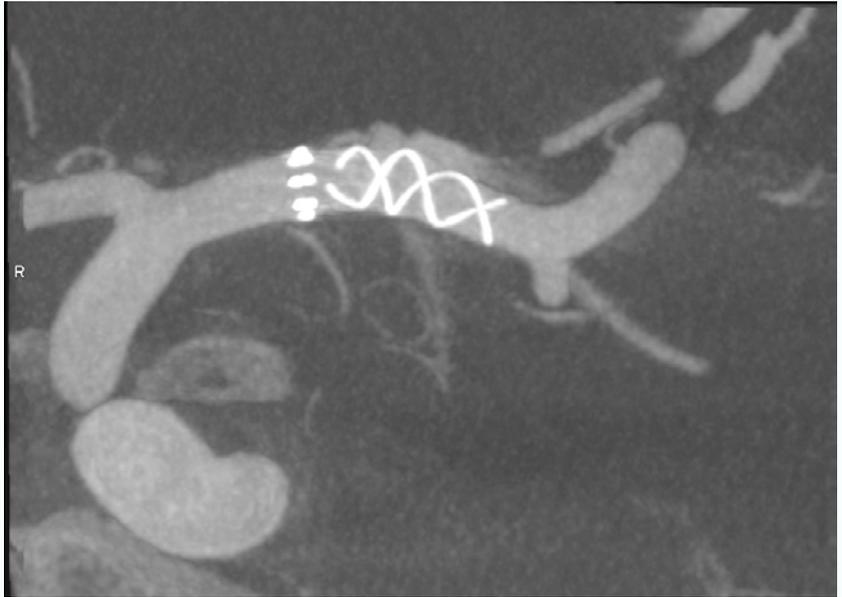
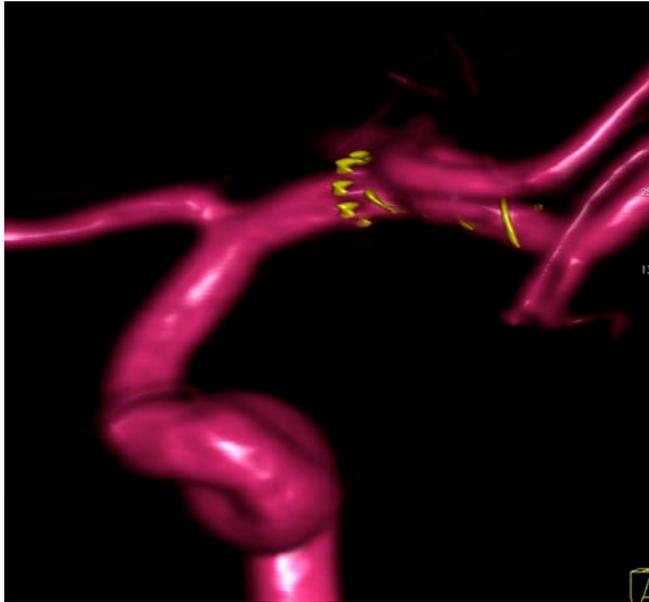
Very difficult stent detachment (same lot)



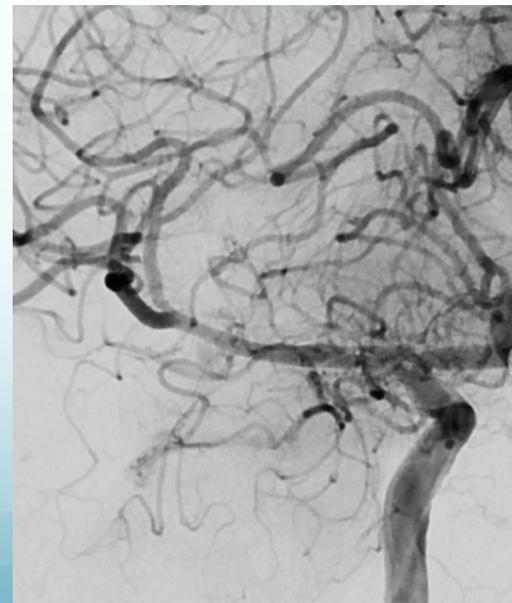
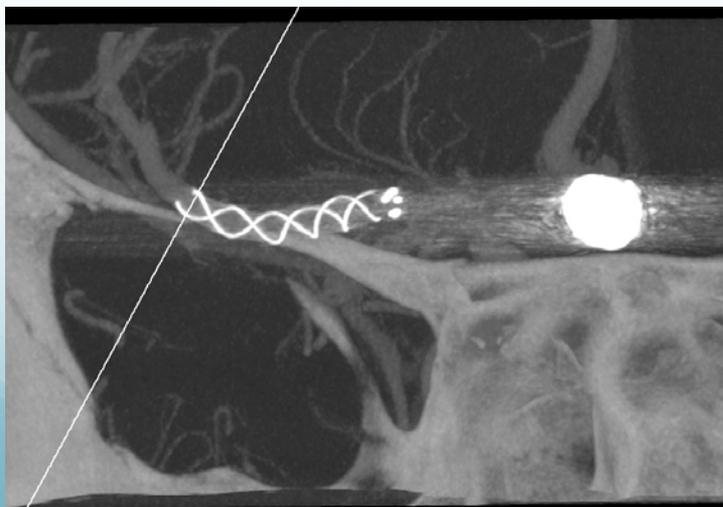
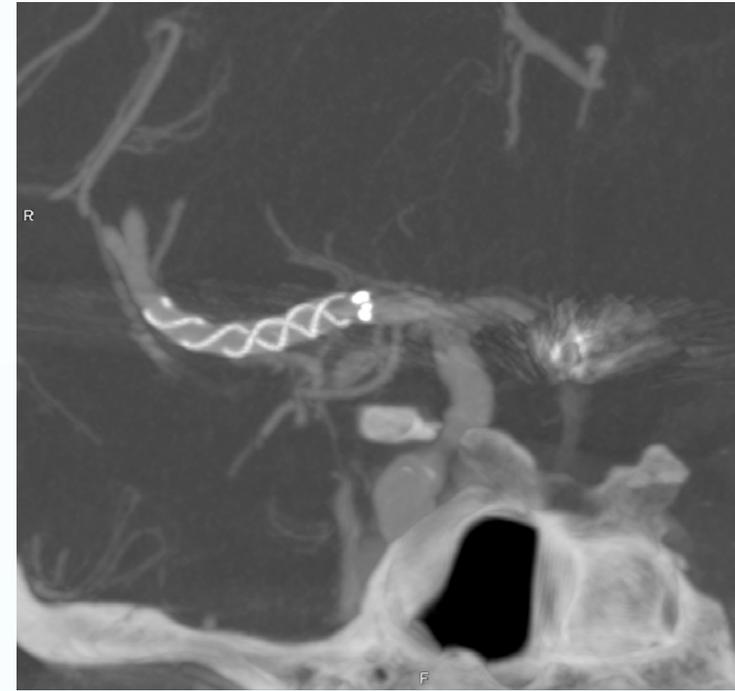
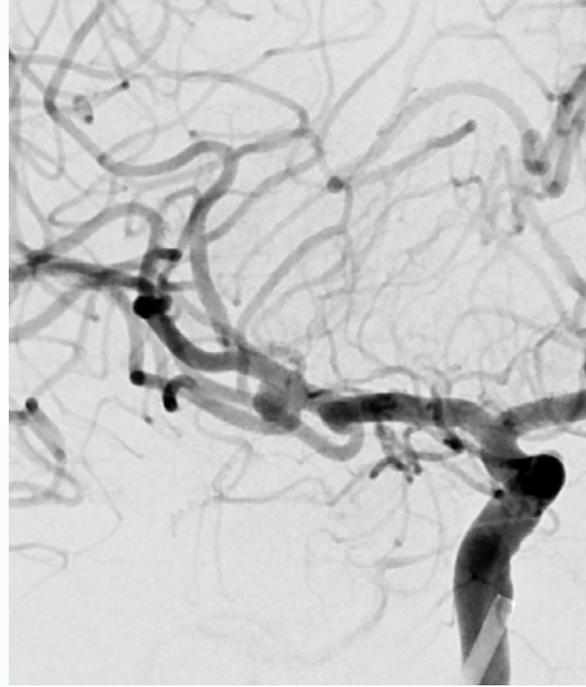
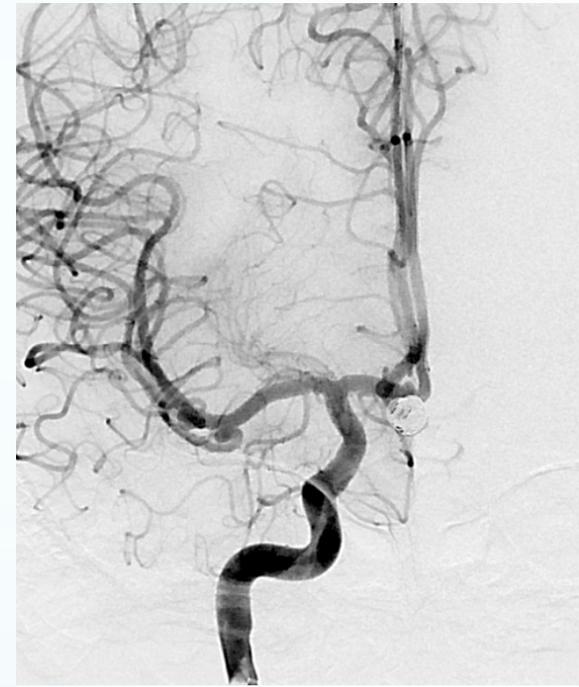


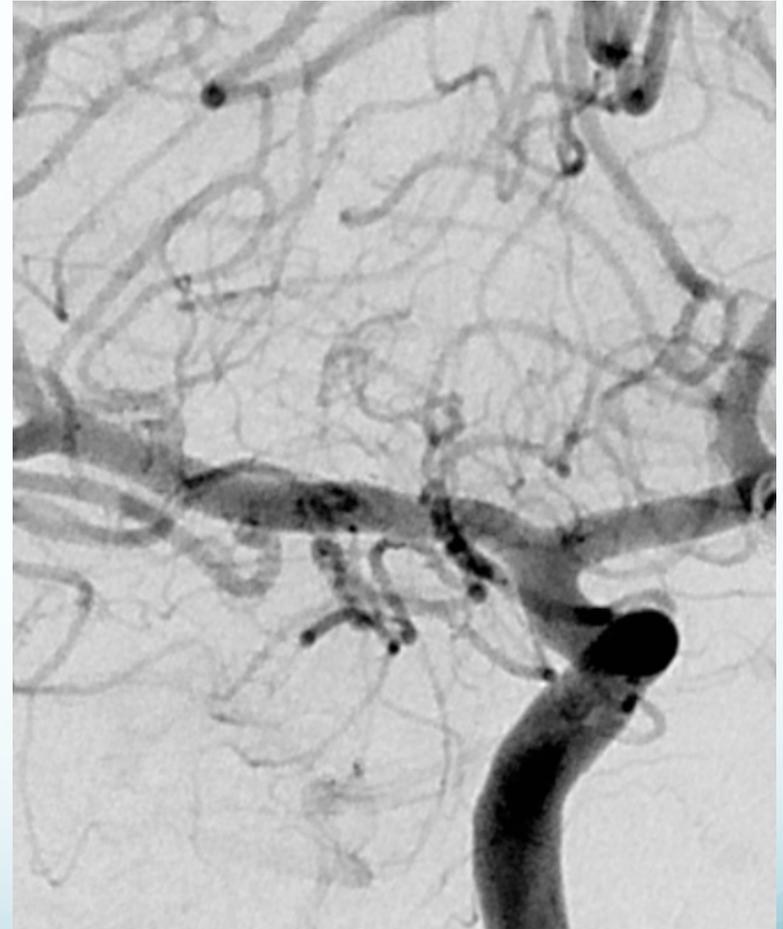
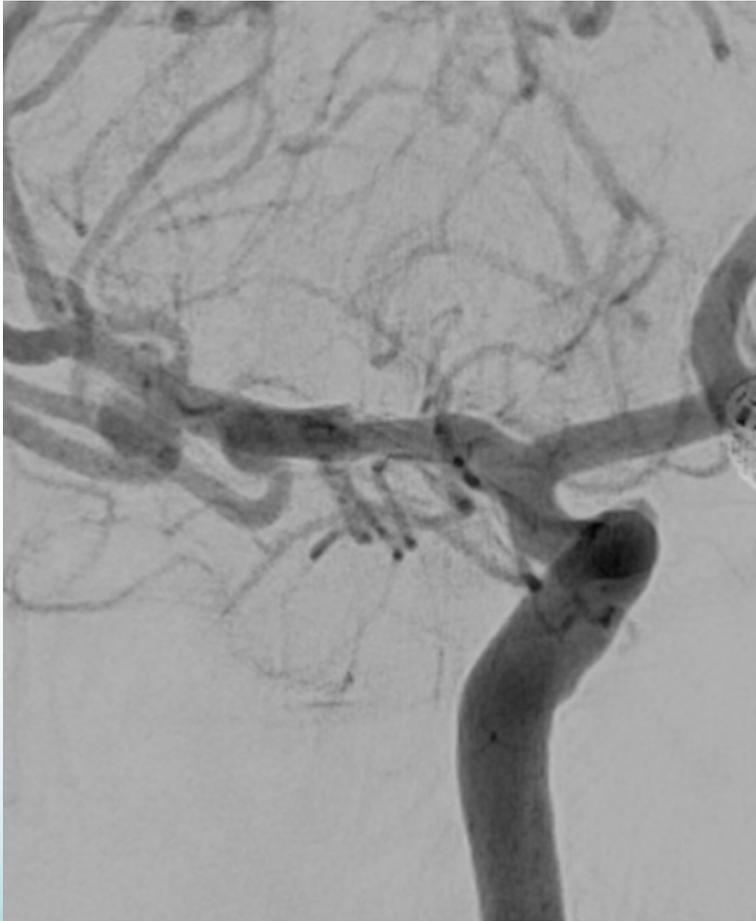






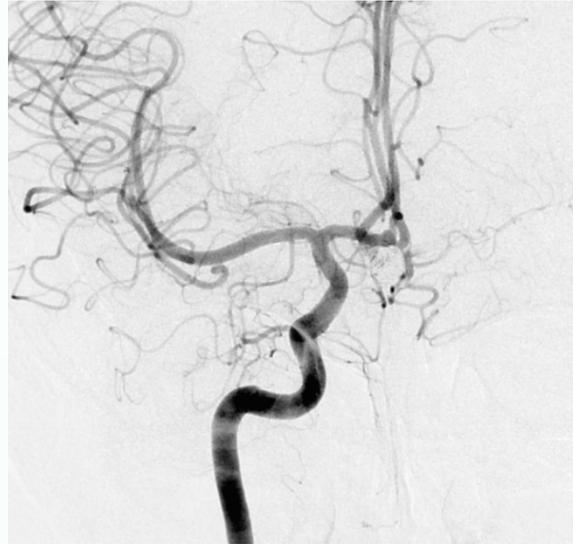
F, 43 y – rupt. Acom aneur., an. familial history





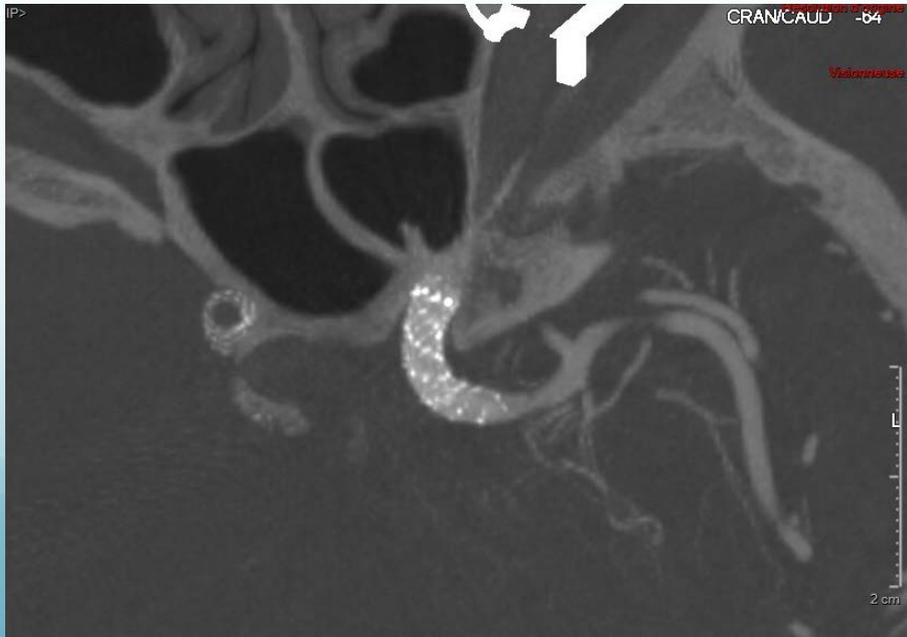
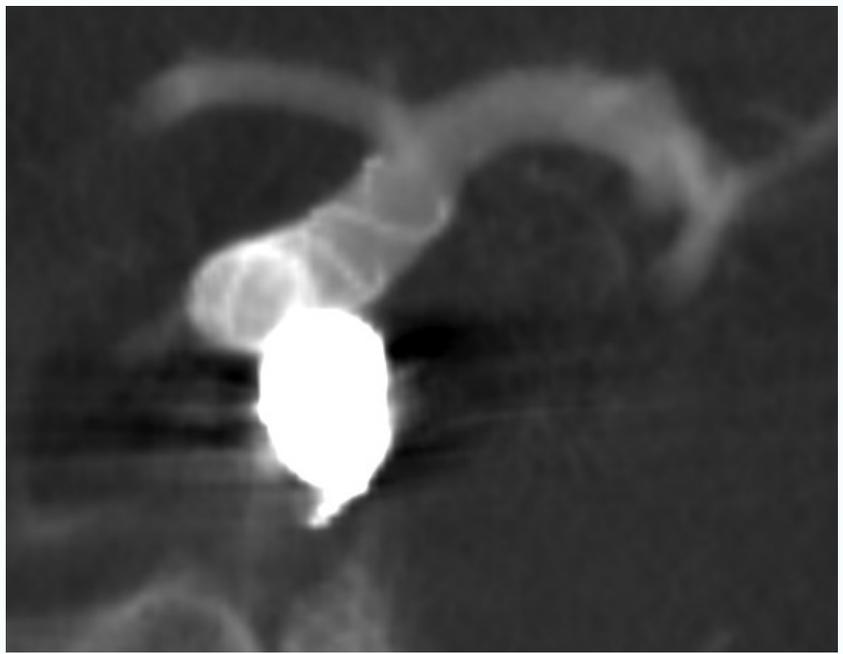
@ 24 h

1 y Follow-Up

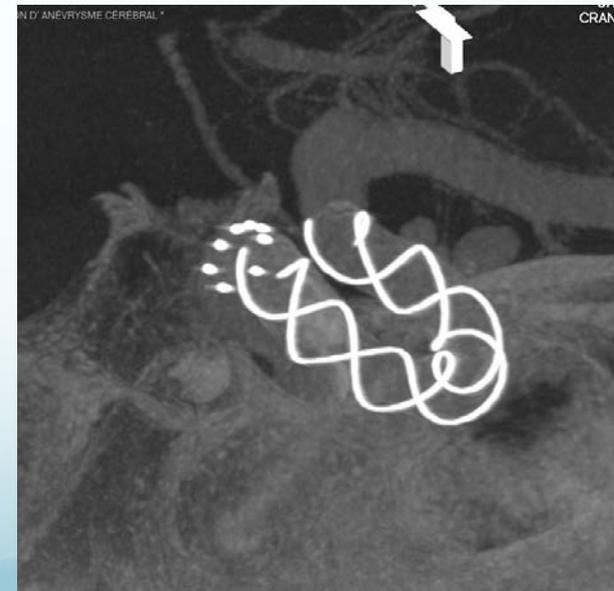
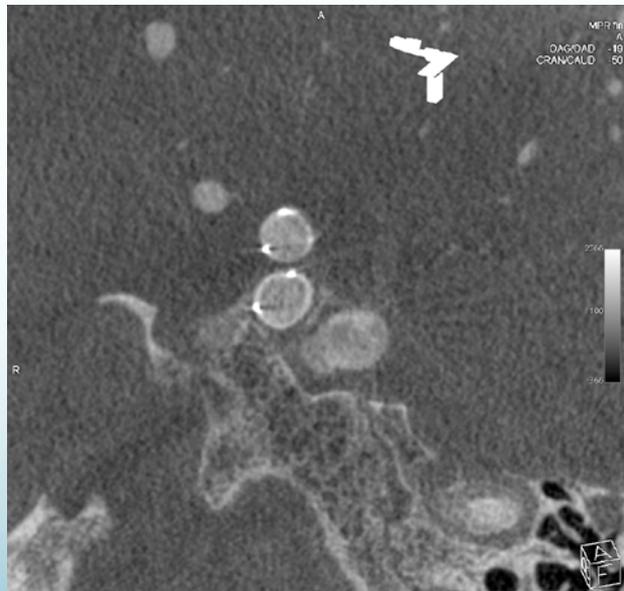
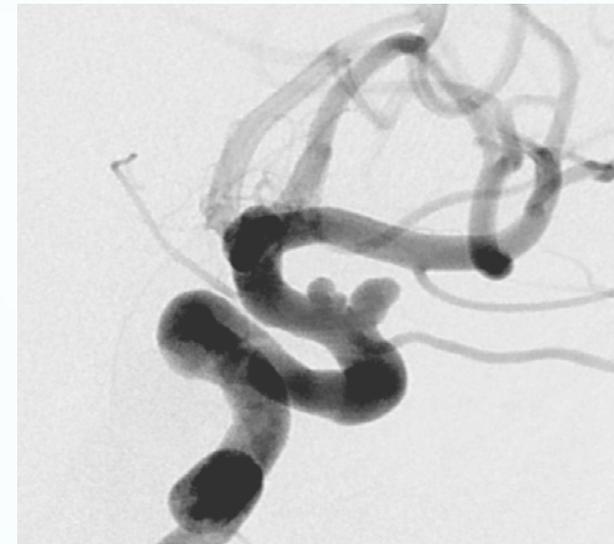
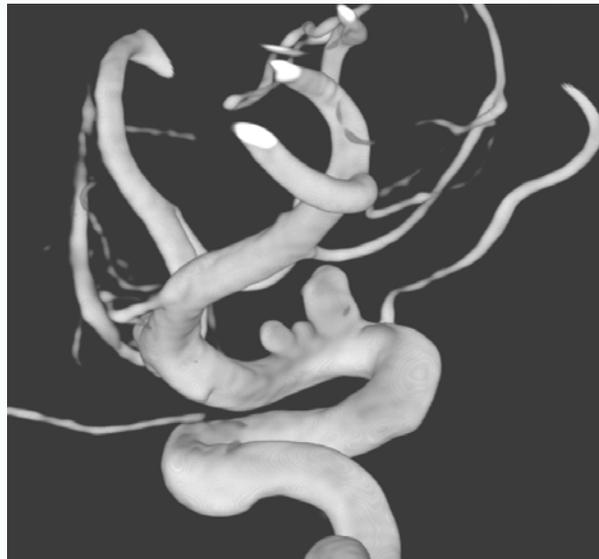


PED: 3 right aneurysms & 3 left aneurysms Ruptured & recurrent Pcom persistent

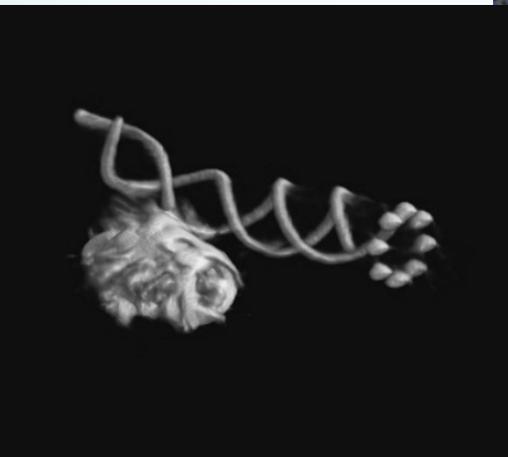
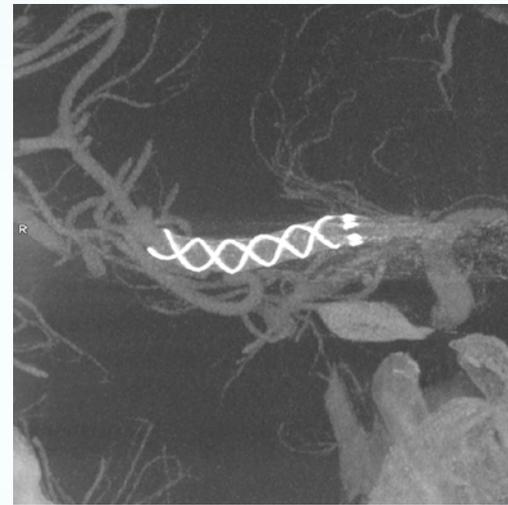




M, 59 – 3 small aneurysms, an. familial history



Merci !



biondi.alessandra@gmail.com