

# Tips & tricks

## Internal iliac branch device

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**May 20 & 21**  
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# Conflicts of interest

## Disclosure

Speaker name: Fabio Verzini

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☐ I have the following potential conflicts of interest to report:

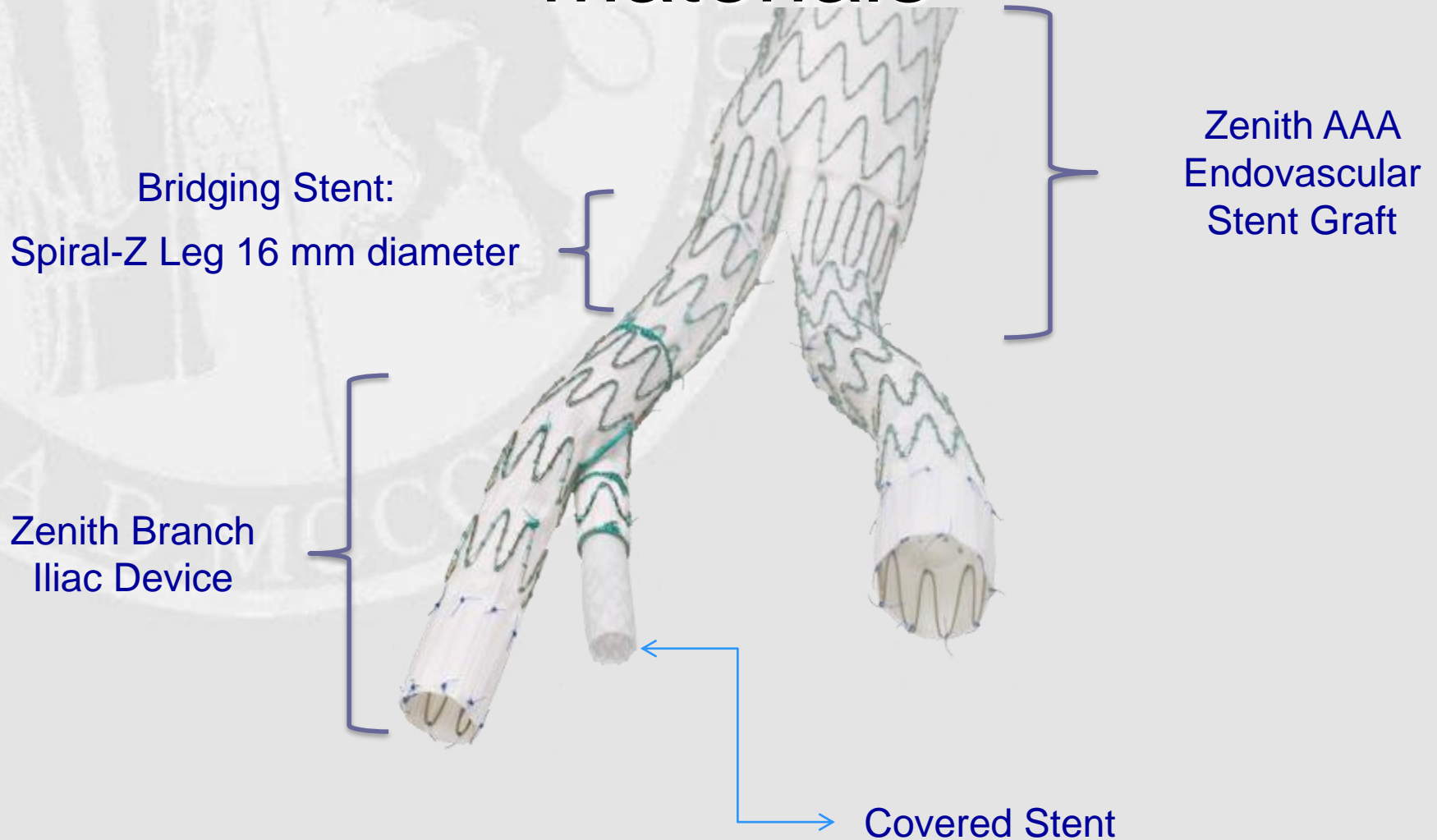
X

☐ Receipt of grants/research support

☐ Receipt of honoraria and travel support

From: Abbott, Cook, Gore, Medtronic

# Standardised Procedure & materials





# Surgical versus endovascular repair by iliac branch device of aneurysms involving the iliac bifurcation

Konstantinos P. Donas, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> Giovanni Torsello, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> Georgios A. Pitoulis, MD, PhD,<sup>b</sup> Martin Austermann, MD, PhD,<sup>a</sup> and Dimitrios K. Papadimitriou, MD, PhD,<sup>b</sup> *Münster, Germany; and Thessaloniki, Greece*

(J Vasc Surg 2011;53:1223-9.)

*“Endovascular repair by iliac branch device of aneurysms involving the iliac bifurcation can be accomplished with very low morbidity and mortality rates”*

	Open (n = 54)	Endovascular (n = 64)	P
30-day severe morbidity (n; %)	5; 9.3%	3; 4.6%	<.001
30-day mortality (n; %)	3; 5.5%	0; 0%	<.001
30-day vascular complications (n; %)	1; 2%	2; 3.1%	.698
30-day non-vascular complications (n; %)	9; 16.7%	3; 6.3%	.025
Intensive care unit stay (mean ± SD in days)	2.5 ± 1.2	1.2 ± 0.4	NP
Postoperative stay (mean ± SD in days)	9.7 ± 4.1	4.1 ± 1.5	<.001
Operative blood loss (mean ± SD in mL)	669 ± 460	89 ± 30	<.001
Transfusion (mean ± SD in units of packed red cells) <sup>a</sup>	1.6 ± 2.0	— <sup>a</sup>	NP <sup>b</sup>
Operative duration (mean ± SD in min)	197 ± 23	89 ± 24	.234
Related death during follow-up <sup>c</sup>	1; 2% <sup>d</sup>	—	NP <sup>b</sup>
Primary endoleak (n; %)	—	8; 12.5%	NP <sup>b</sup>
Primary patency (n; %)	51; 100% <sup>d</sup>	63; 98.4%	.358
Buttock claudication (n; %)	3; 5.9% <sup>d</sup>	2; 3.1%	.473
Colonic ischemia (n; %)	1; 2% <sup>d</sup>	0; 0%	.263
Postoperative hernia	16; 31.4% <sup>d</sup>	—	NP <sup>b</sup>

# Endovascular treatment of iliac aneurysm: Concurrent comparison of side branch endograft versus hypogastric exclusion

Fabio Verzini, MD, Gianbattista Parlani, MD, Lydia Romano, MD, Paola De Rango, MD, Giuseppe Panuccio, MD, and Piergiorgio Cao, MD, FRCS, *Perugia, Italy*

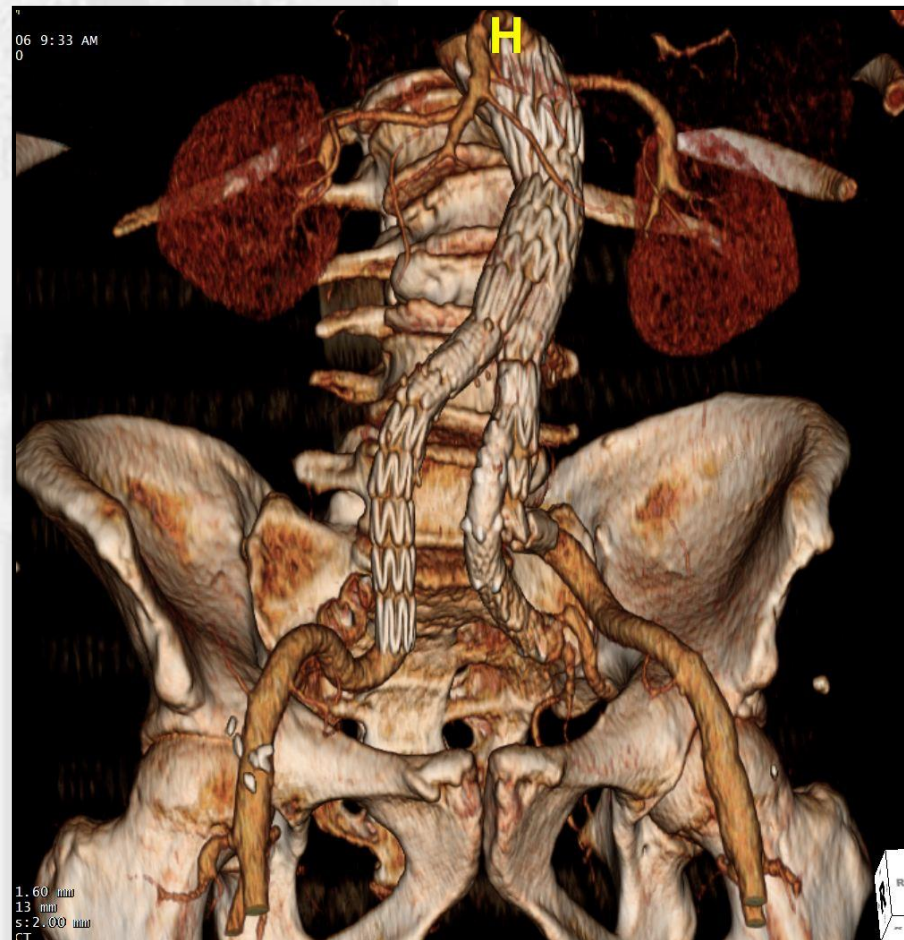


Table IV. One-year results

<i>Patients</i>	<i>Group I = 23</i>		<i>Group II = 37</i>		<i>P</i>
	<i>N</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>%</i>	
Unrelated mortality	1	4	3	7	1
Reinterventions	0	—	2	5	.1
Iliac endoleak	1	4	7	19	.1
Pelvic ischemia*	1	4	8	22	.1
Iliac diameter decrease	7	30	13	35	.8
Iliac limb occlusion	0	—	1	3	1



# Long-term Results of Iliac Aneurysm Repair with Iliac Branched Endograft: A 5-Year Experience on 100 Consecutive Cases<sup>☆</sup>

G. Parlani<sup>a</sup>, F. Verzini<sup>a</sup>, P. De Rango<sup>a,\*</sup>, D. Brambilla<sup>a</sup>, C. Coscarella<sup>b</sup>, C. Ferrer<sup>b</sup>, P. Cao<sup>b</sup>

European Journal of Vascular and Endovascular Surgery 43 (2012) 287–292

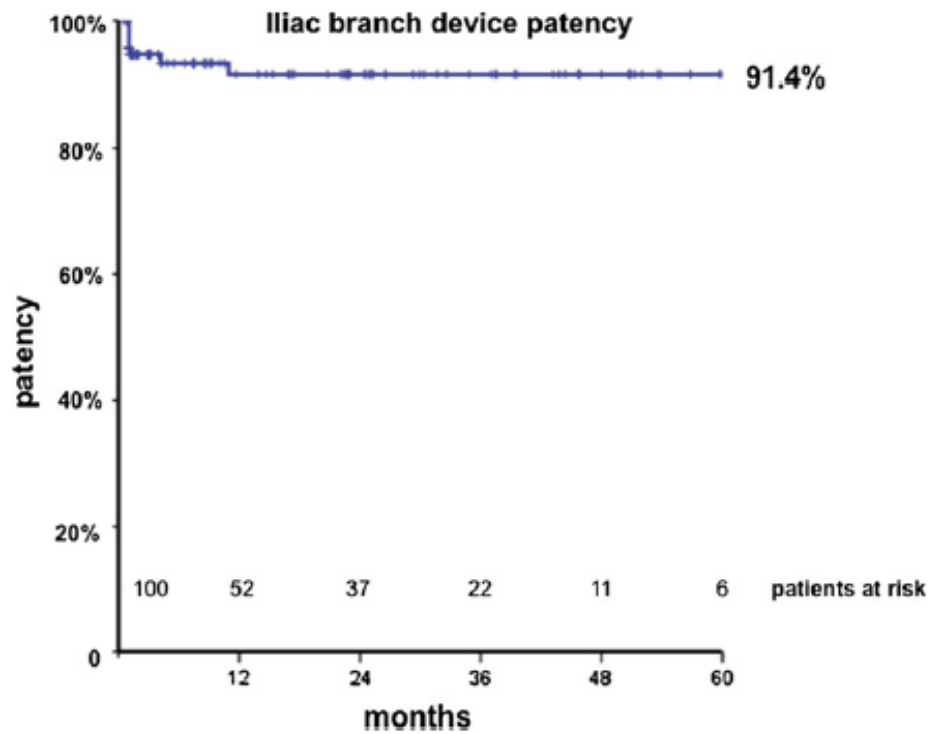
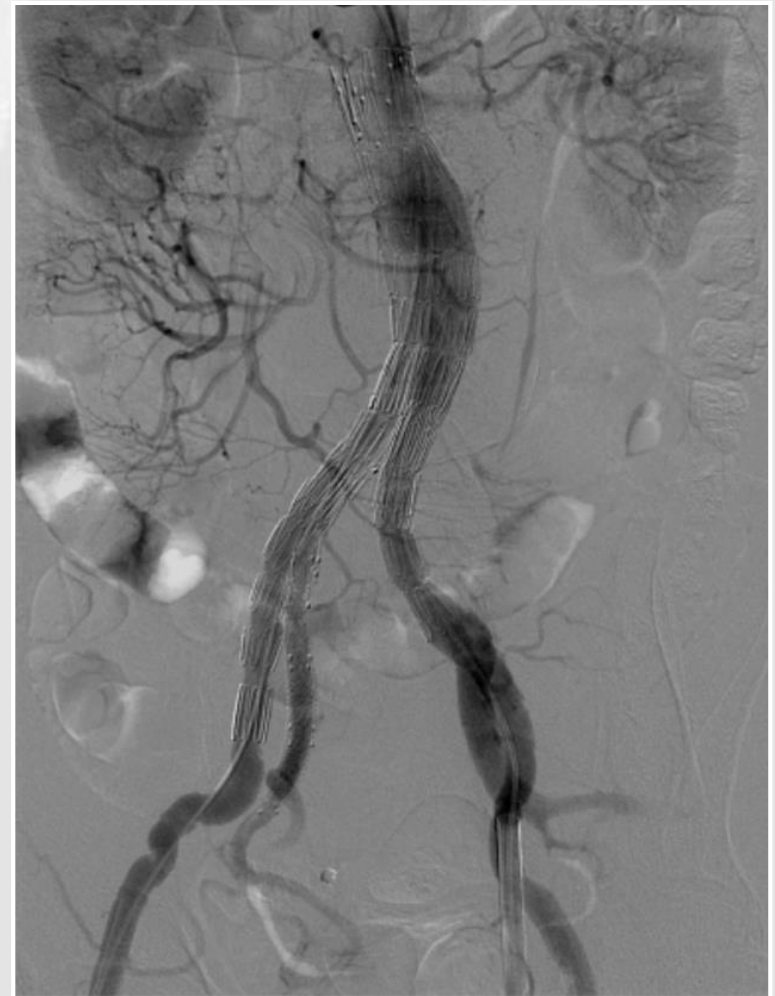


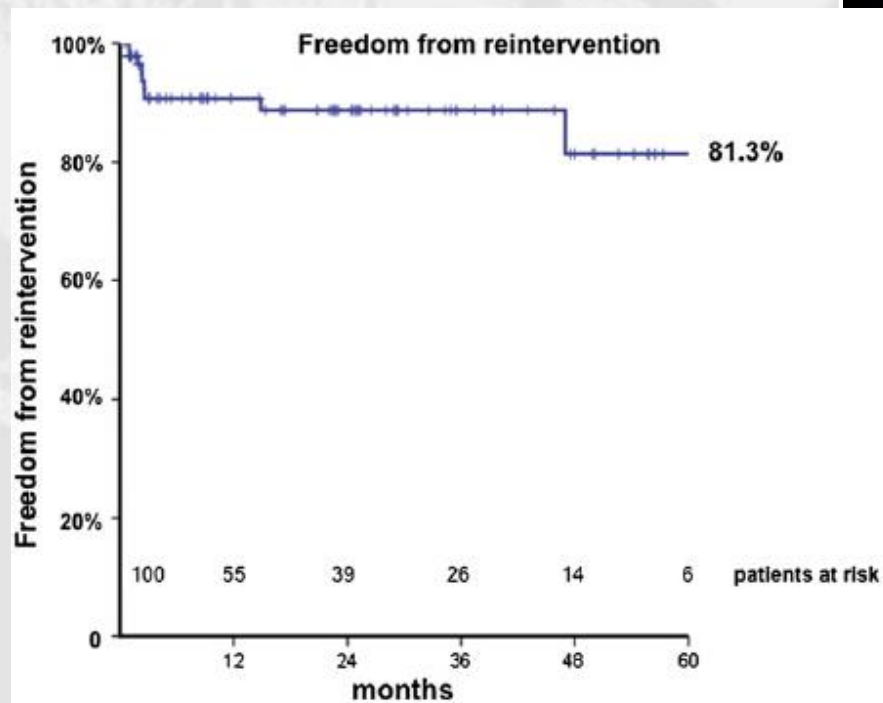
Figure 3. Kaplan–Meier estimates of internal iliac side-branch patency rate.



# Long-term Results of Iliac Aneurysm Repair with Iliac Branched Endograft: A 5-Year Experience on 100 Consecutive Cases<sup>☆</sup>

G. Parlani<sup>a</sup>, F. Verzini<sup>a</sup>, P. De Rango<sup>a,\*</sup>, D. Brambilla<sup>a</sup>, C. Coscarella<sup>b</sup>, C. Ferrer<sup>b</sup>, P. Cao<sup>b</sup>

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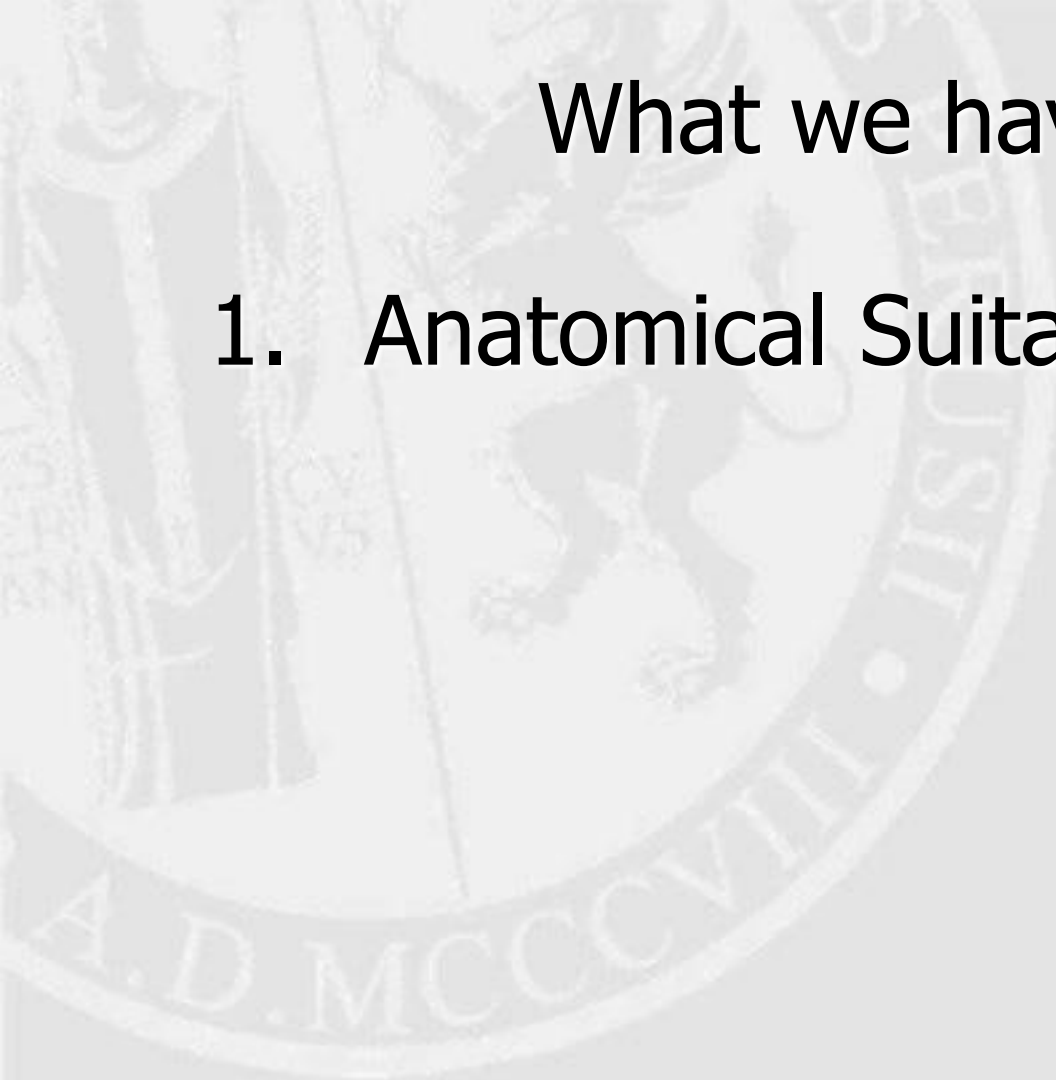
# Iliac branch technology works: More than 10,000 IBD used ww

Author	N#	IB success	Early mortality	IB patency
Perugia 2015	136	95.6%	0	91%
Loth 2015	45	87%	0	81%
Noel-Lamy 2015	20	100%	5%	100%
Chowdhury Serracino-Inglott 2015	28	100%	3.7%	94%
Pratesi 2013	85	98.7%	0	98%
Wong, Greenberg 2013	138	94%	0.8%	82%
Karthikesalingam review 2010	196	85-100%		88%



# What we have learnt

## 1. Anatomical Suitability



Early possible complication

Lesson 1: avoid/treat external iliac kinking



Occlusion



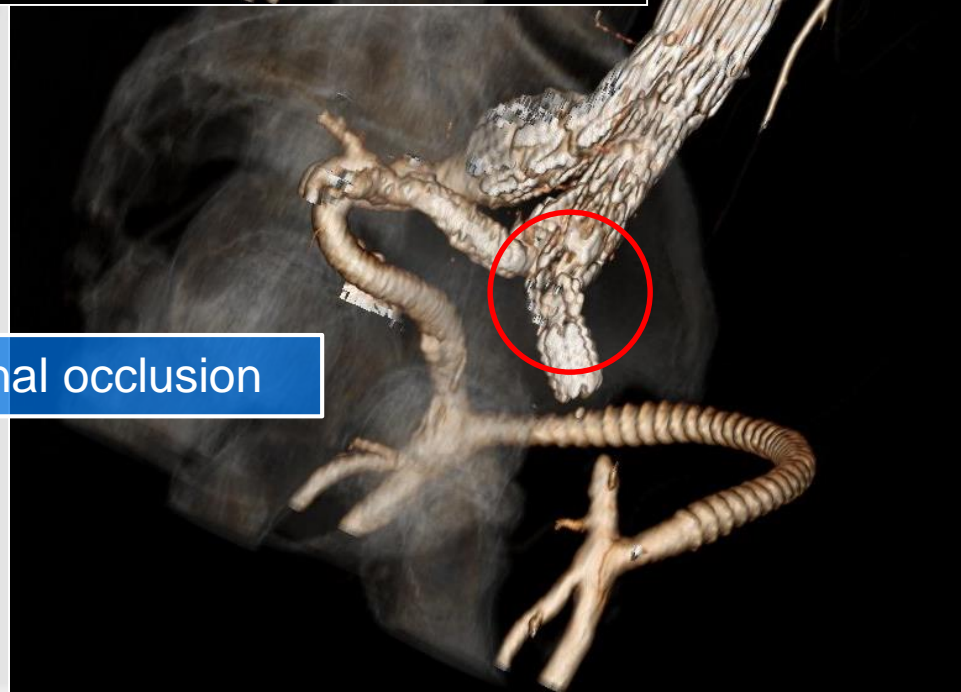
Long term possible complication



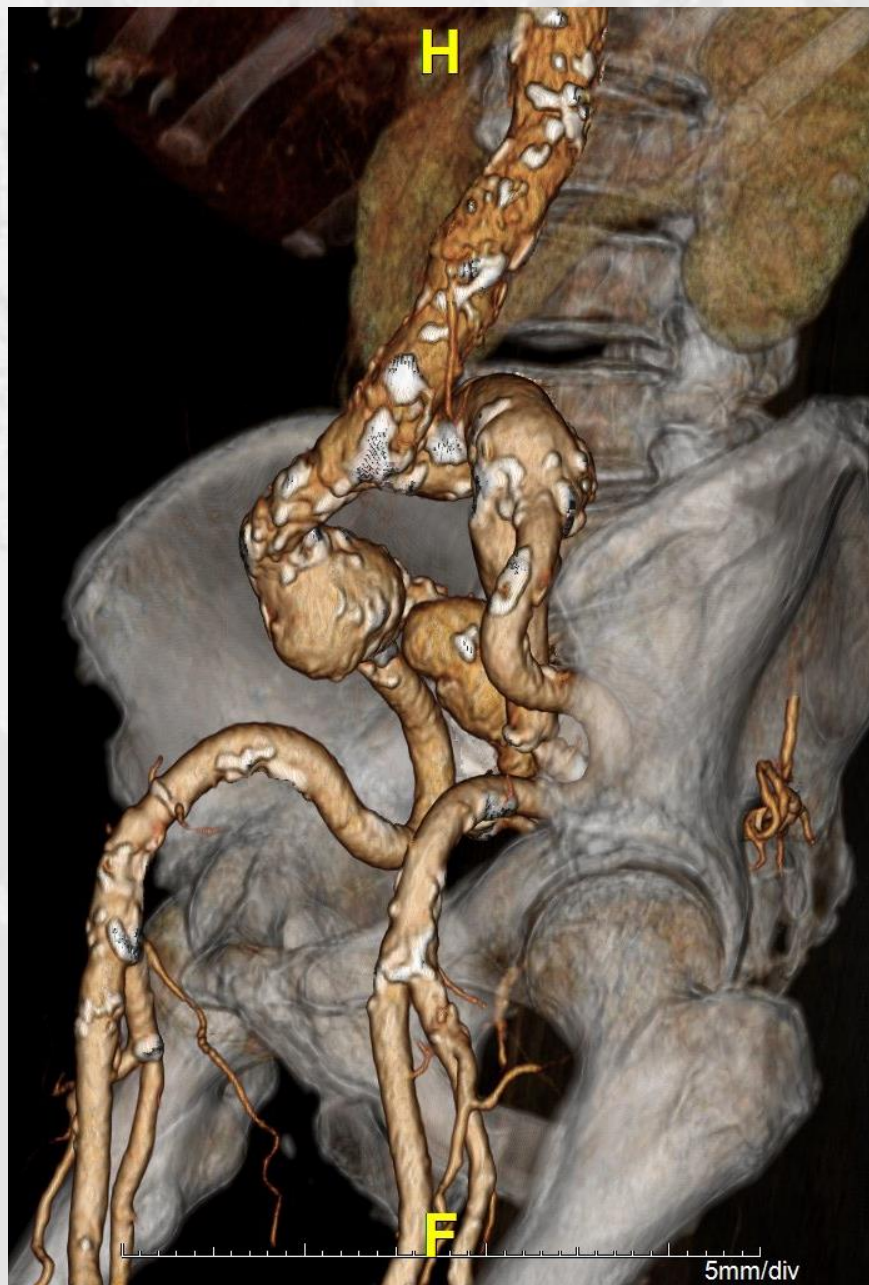
Lesson 1: avoid/treat external iliac kinking



External occlusion



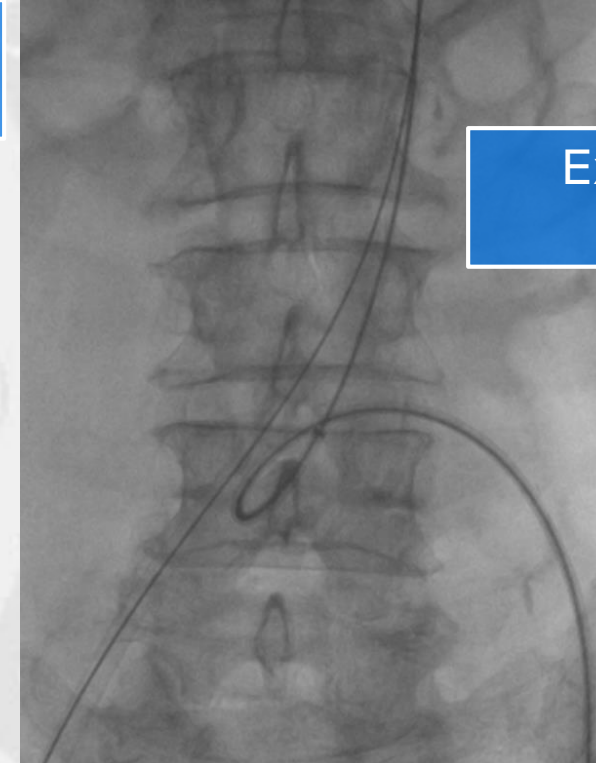








Left hypogastric  
occlusion



Extreme aortic  
tortuosity



Right side branch



Adjunctive CP stent

H

OSF

F

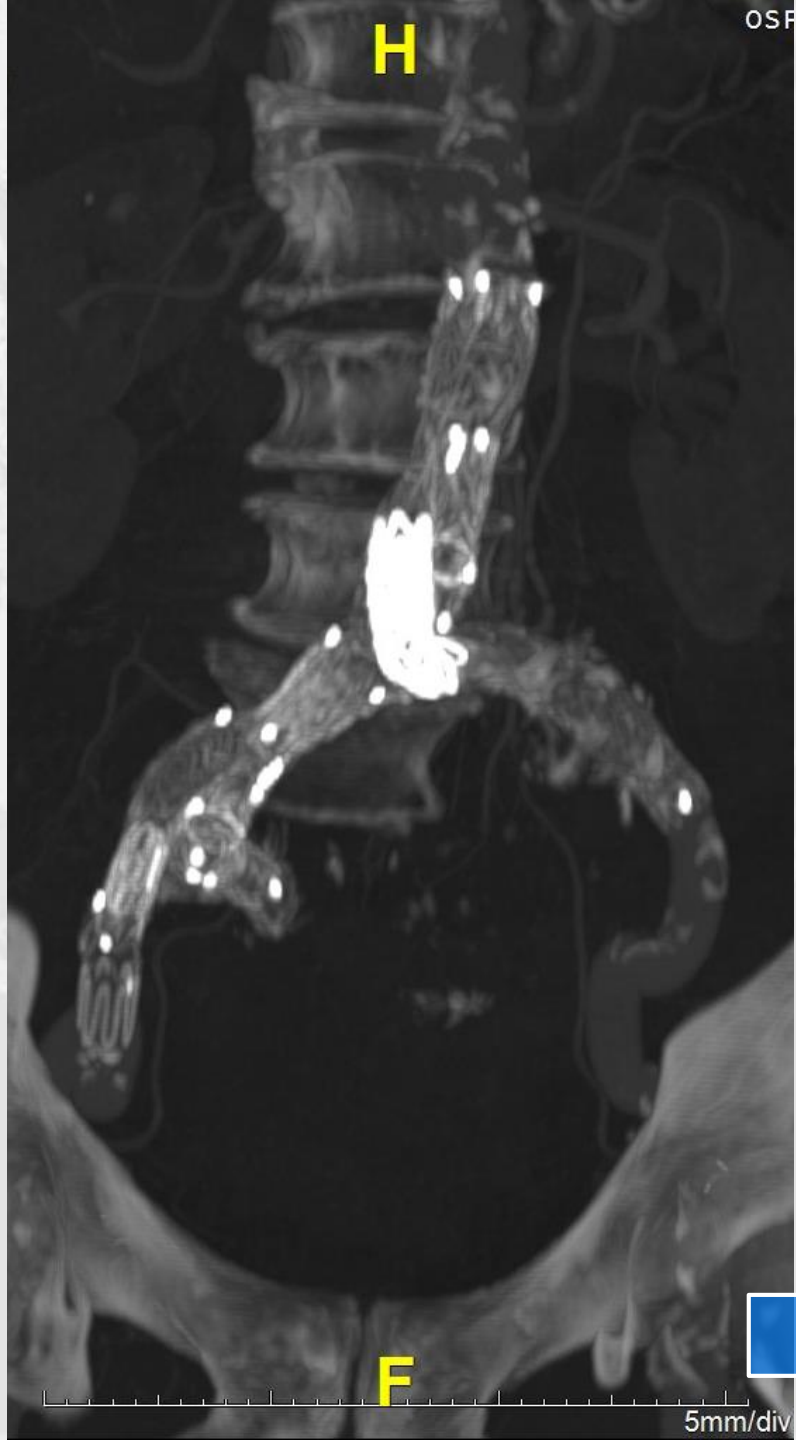
5mm/div

1 month CT control

H

F

5mm



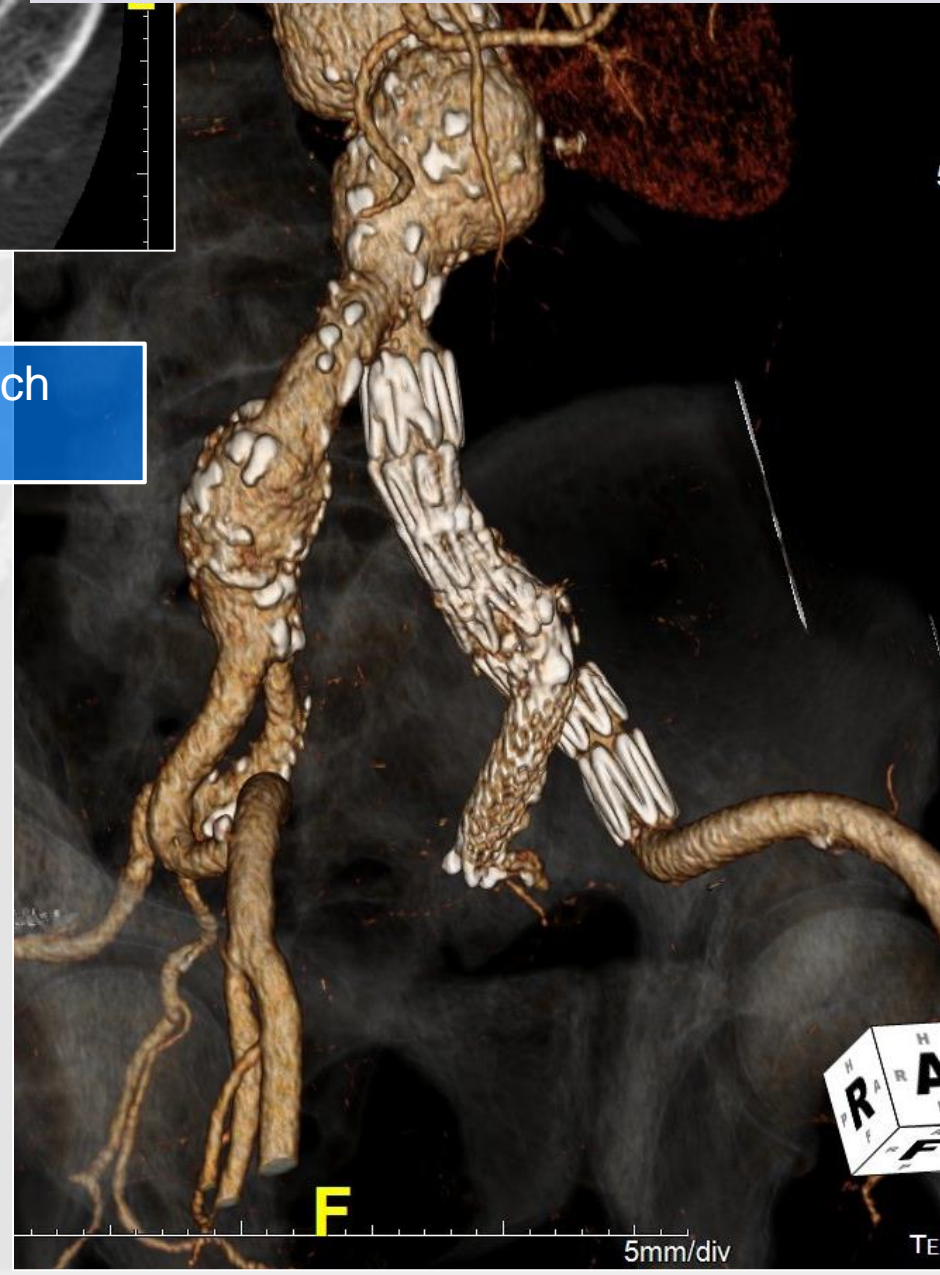
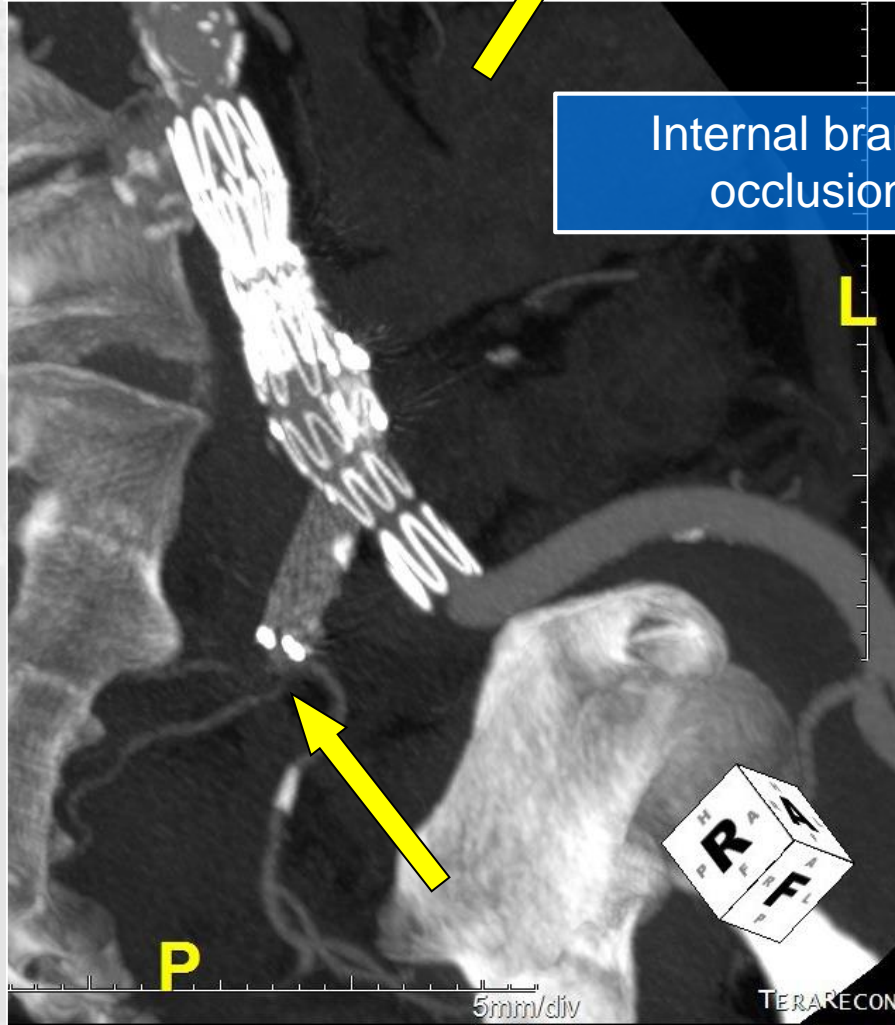


Long term possible complication

Lesson 2: reinforce kinked hypogastric limbs



Internal branch occlusion



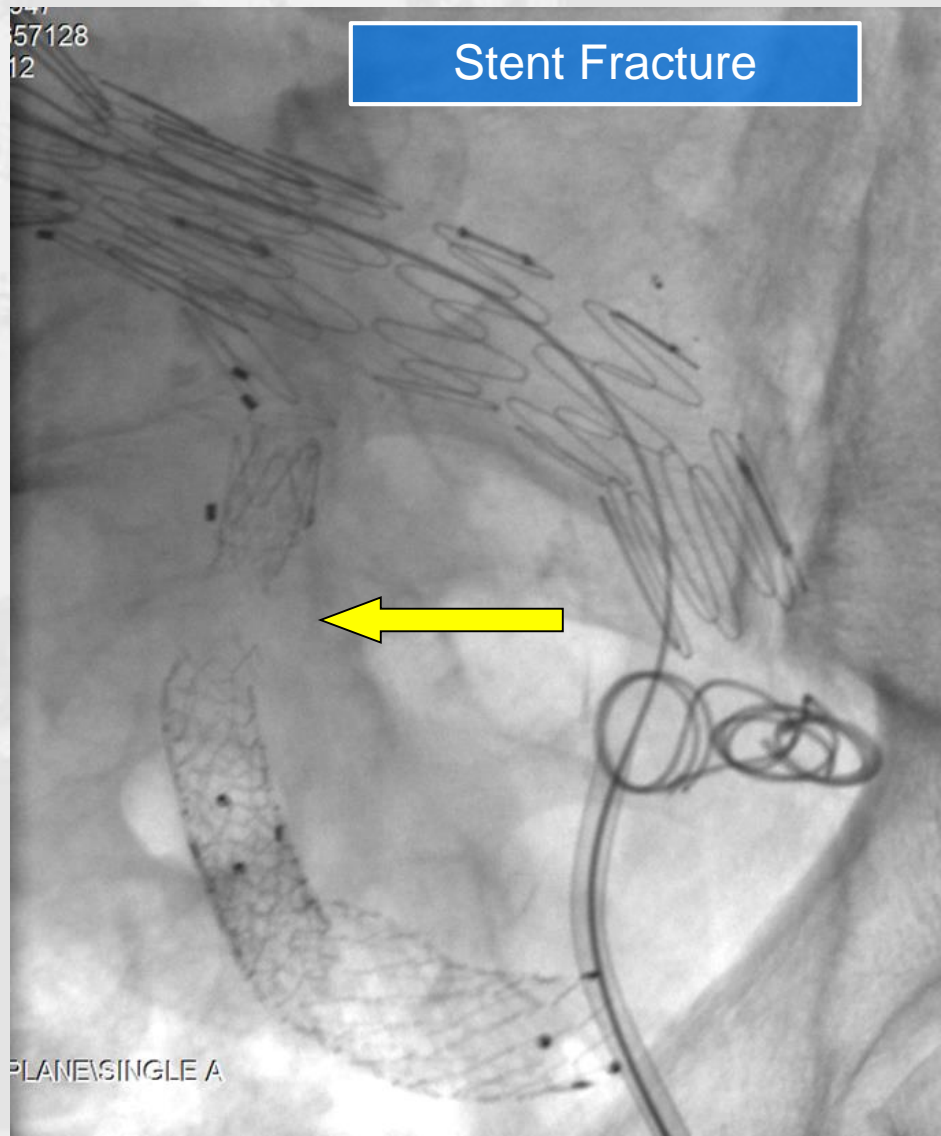
# What we have learnt

1. Anatomical Suitability
2. Hypogastric aneurysm



Long term possible  
complication

Lesson 3: extensive hypogastric  
aneurysm = predictor of complications



Long term possible  
complication

Lesson 4 avoid short distal landing zones

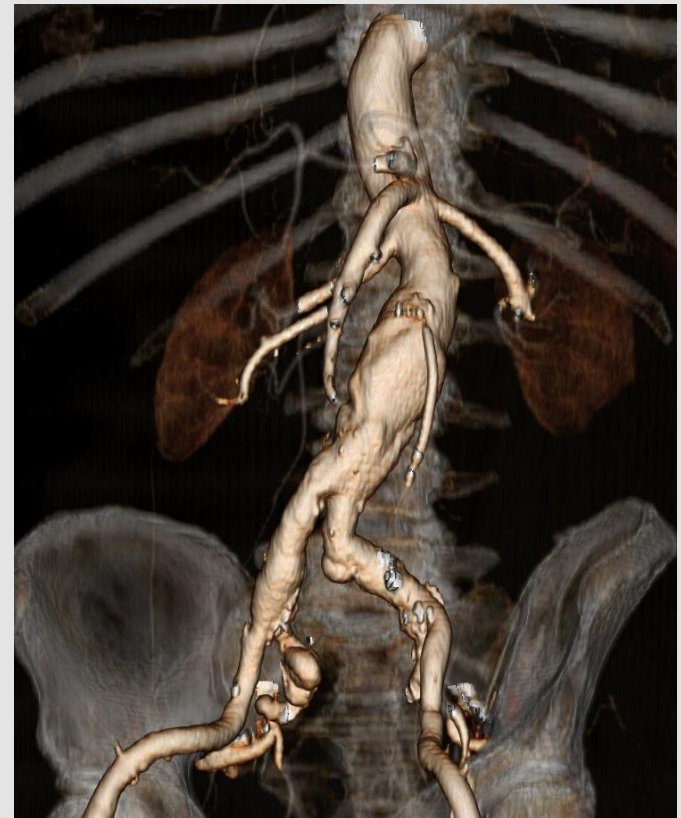


Distal type 1  
endoleak

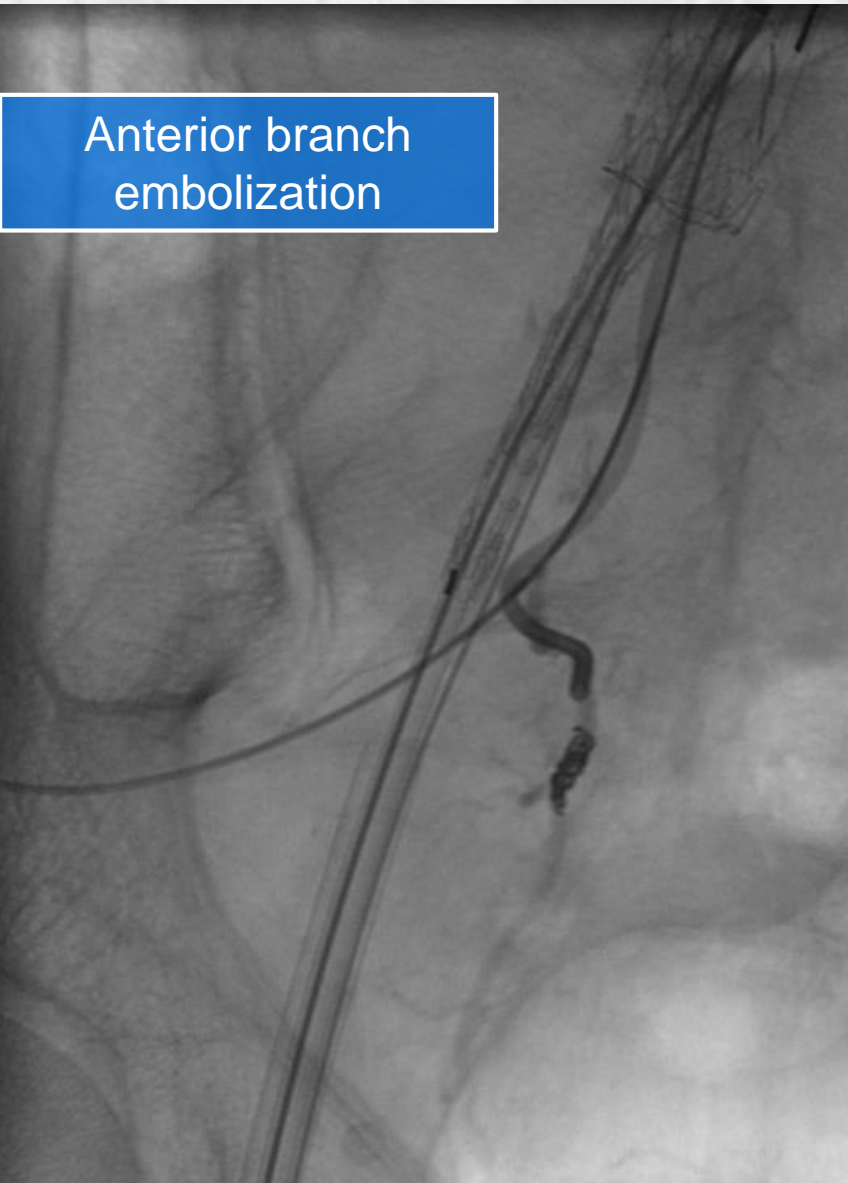


Male, 69 y.o.

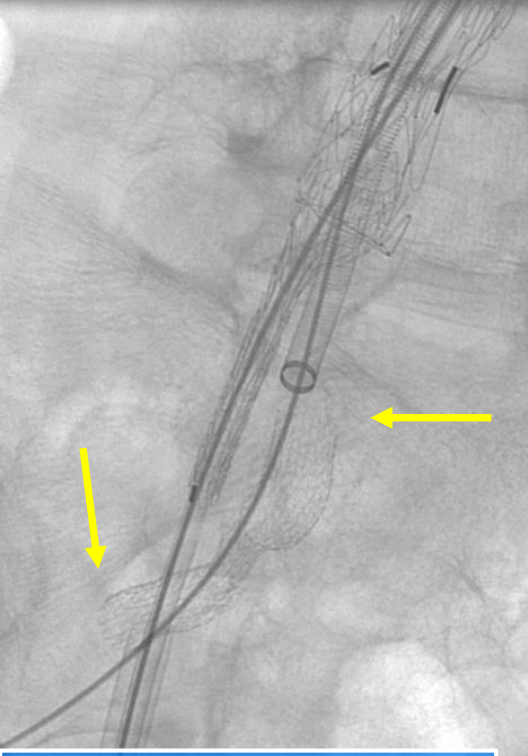
AAA 50 mm+ right hypogastric  
aneurysm 30 mm



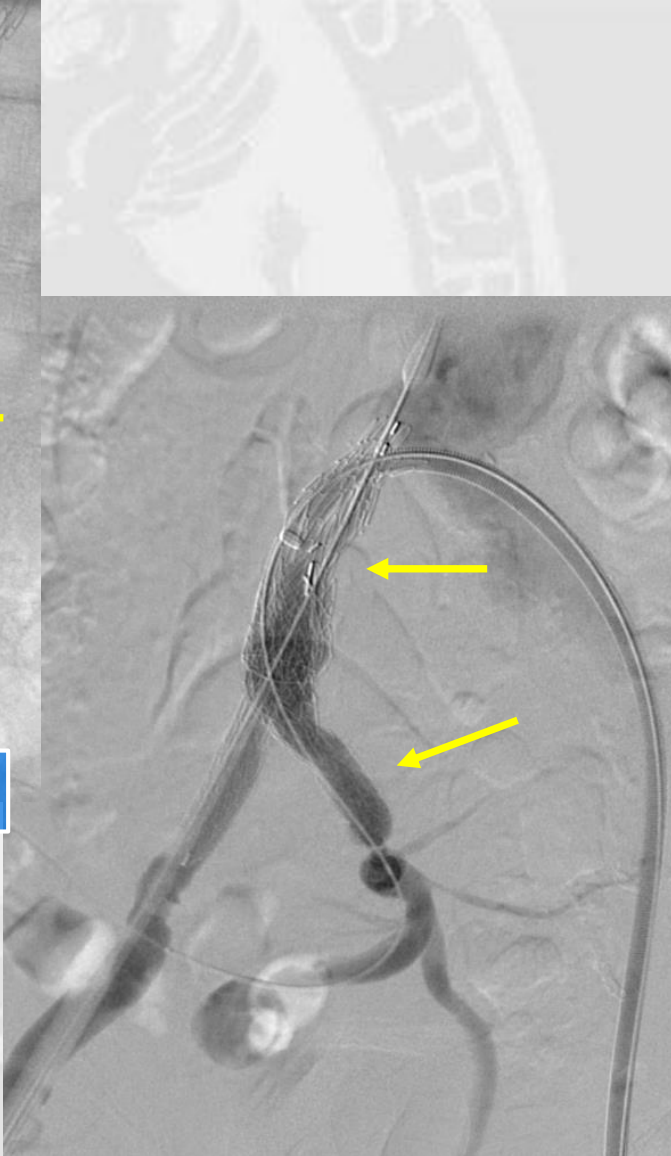
Anterior branch  
embolization





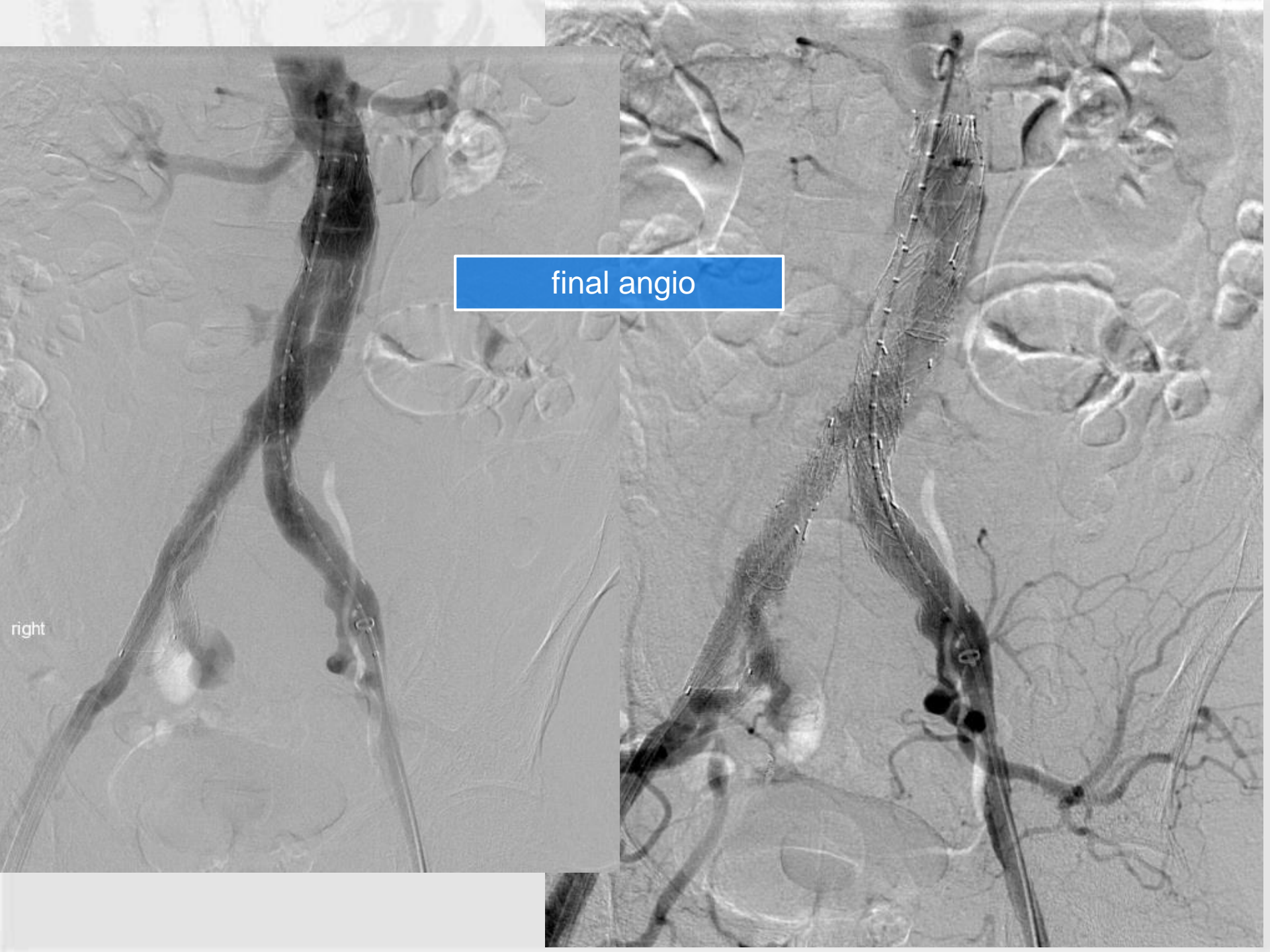


distal viabahn



proximal internal  
iliac component





final angio

right

# What we have learnt

1. Anatomical Suitability
2. Hypogastric aneurysm
3. **Brachial access**



H

Male, 70 y.o.  
AAA + bilateral  
common iliac  
aneurysm

51.0 mm

49.2 mm

L

F

5mm/div

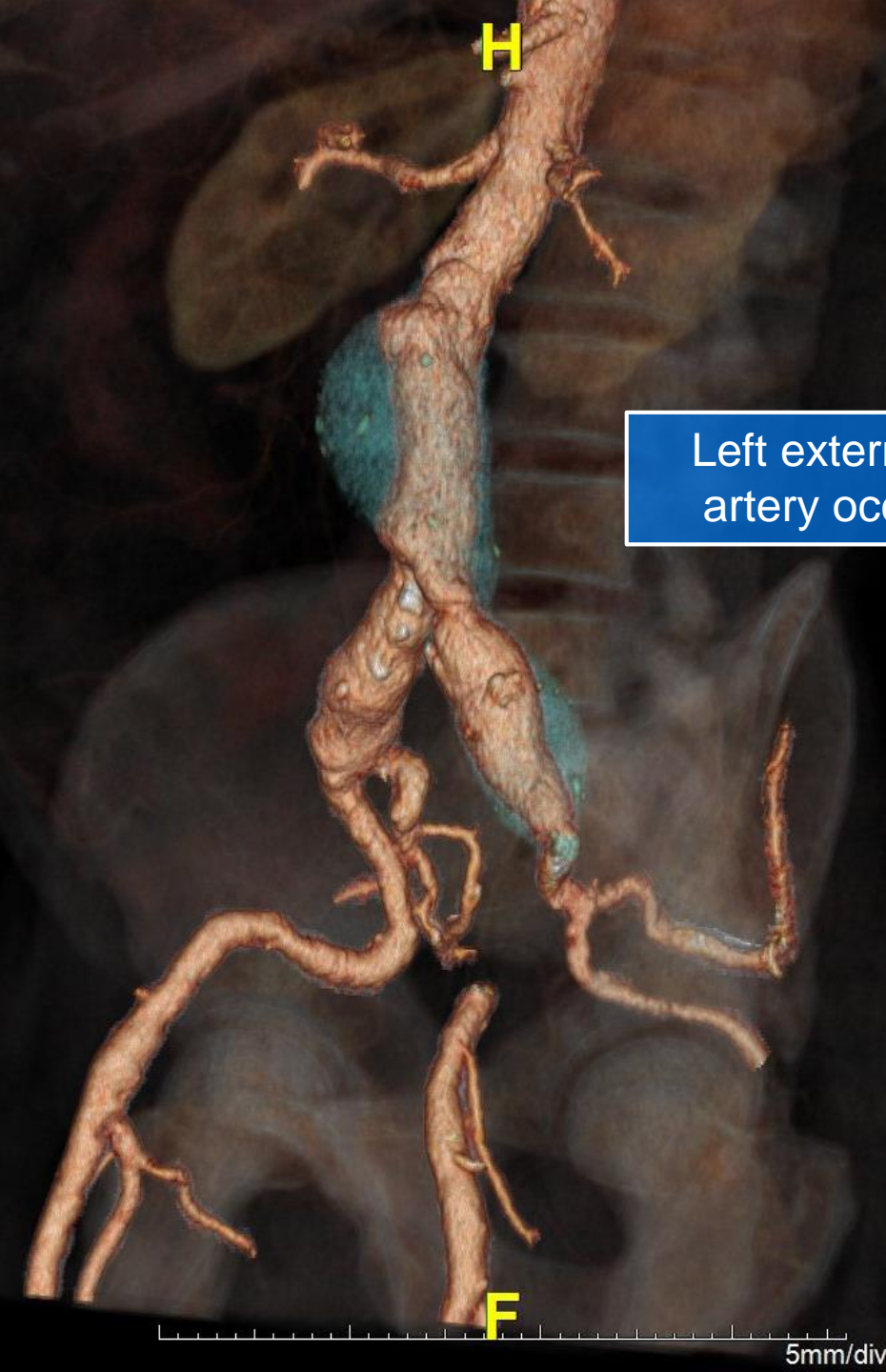
28.6 mm

36.8 mm

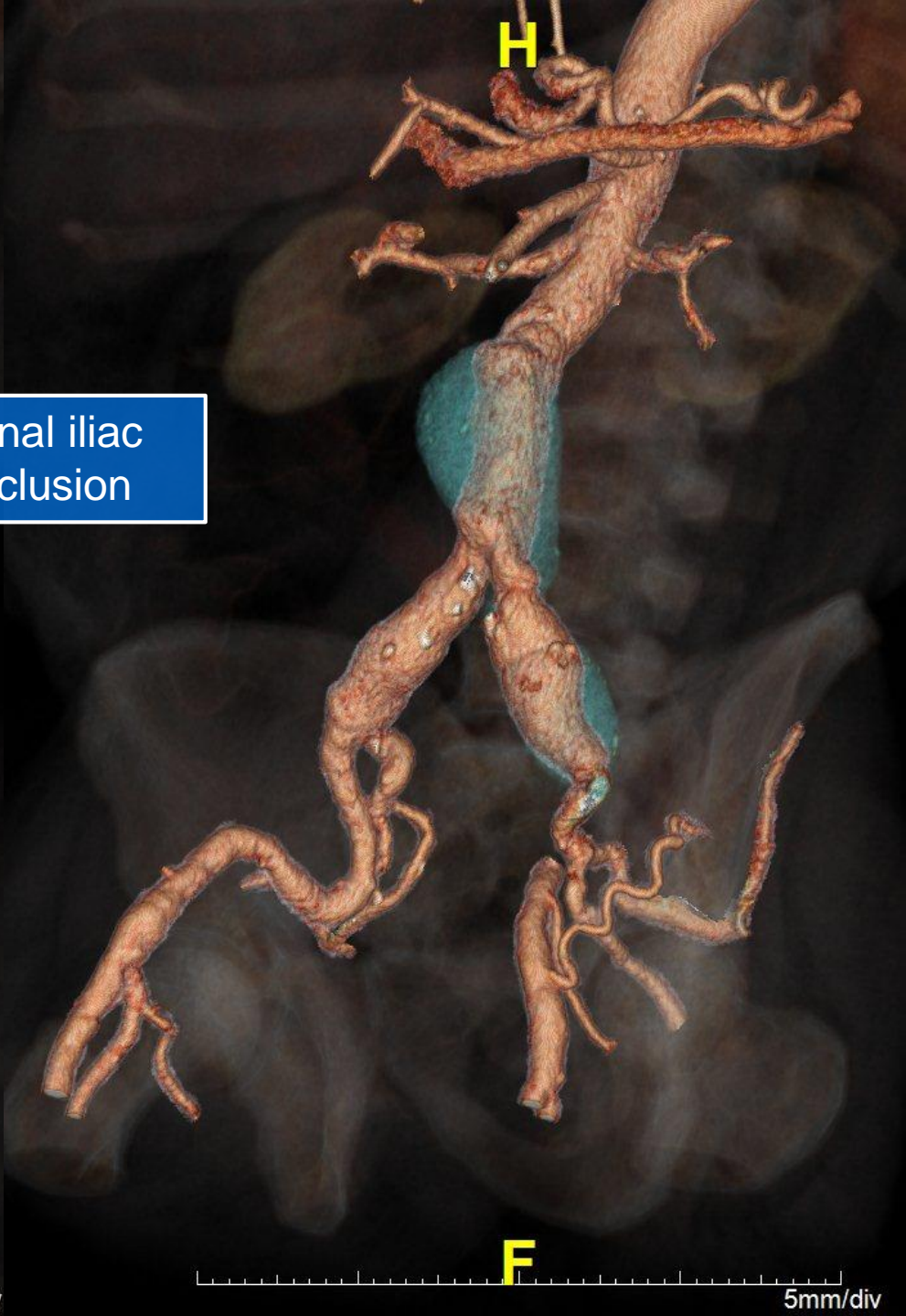
34.0 mm

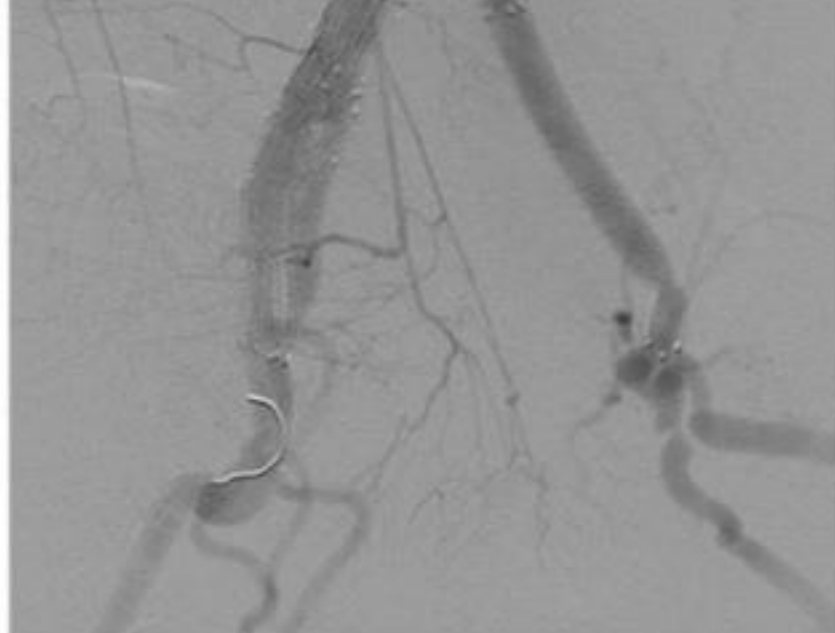
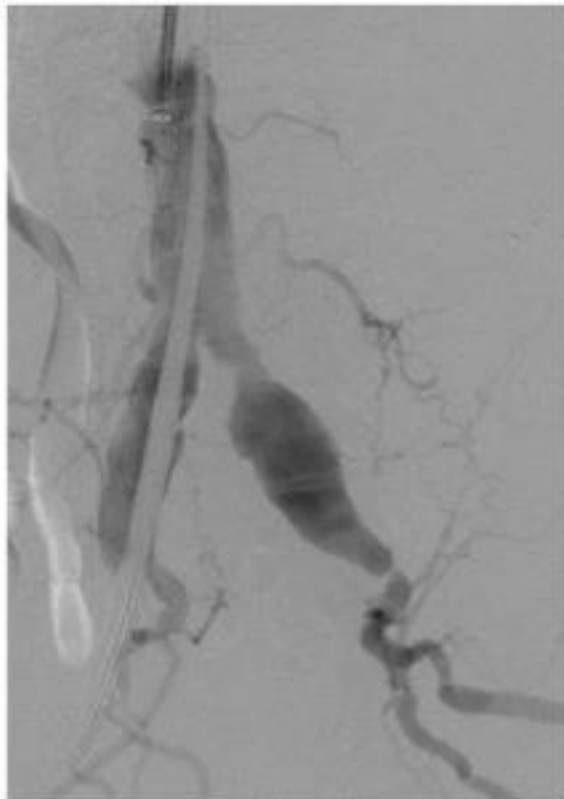
L





Left external iliac  
artery occlusion







2 month control CT  
scan





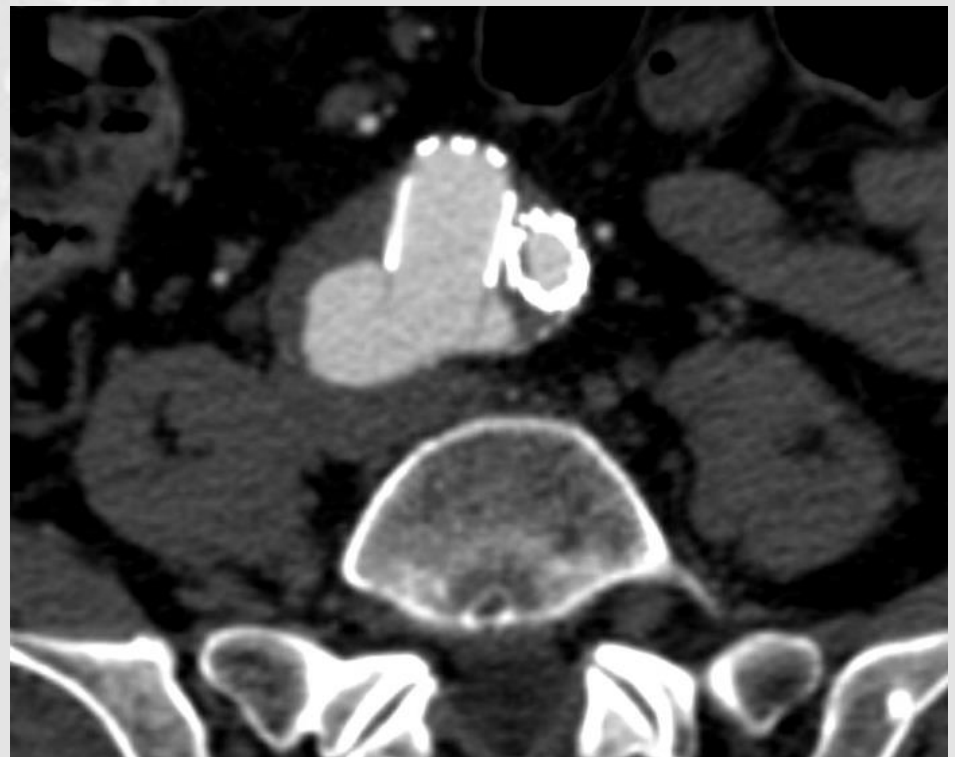
# Type Ib Endoleak

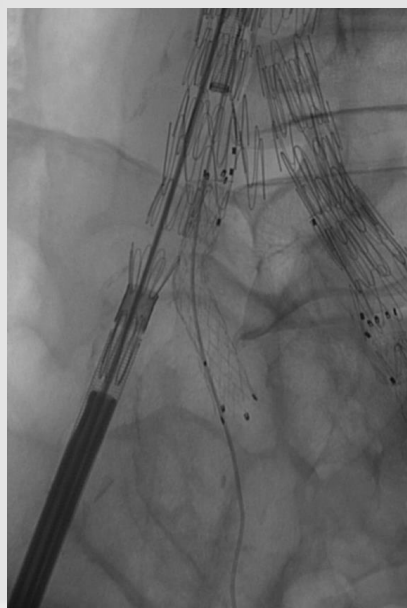
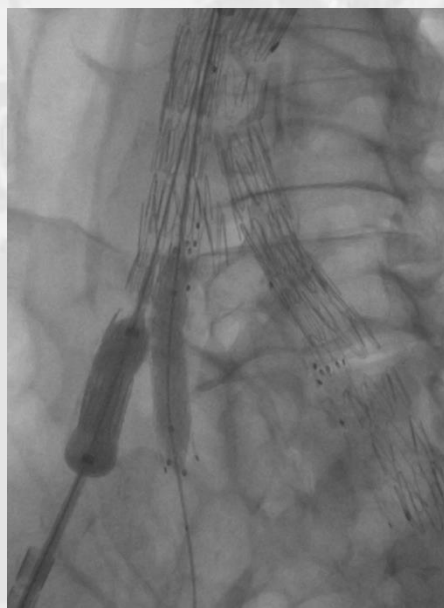
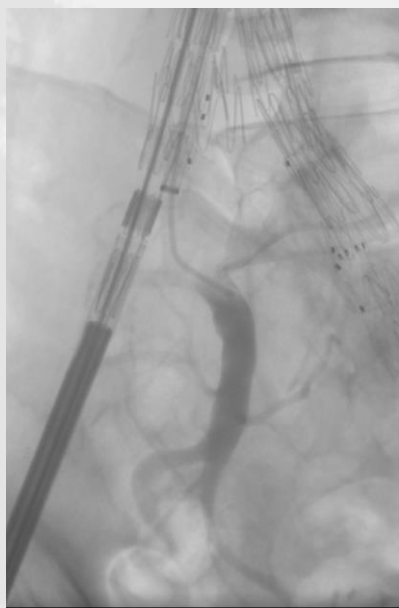
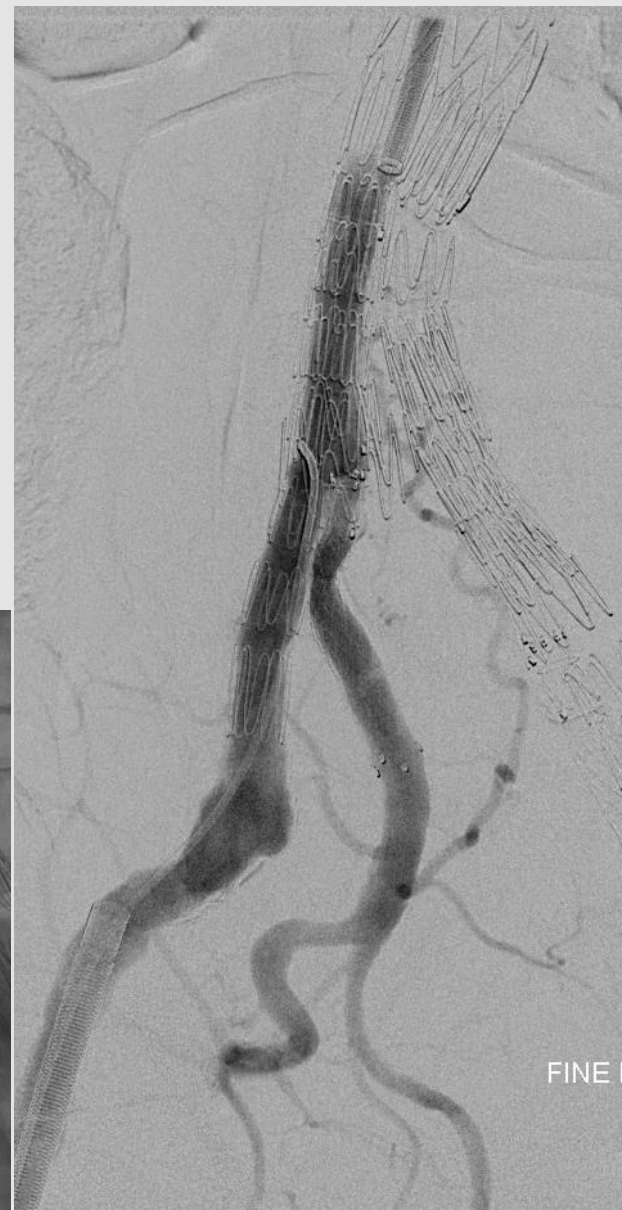
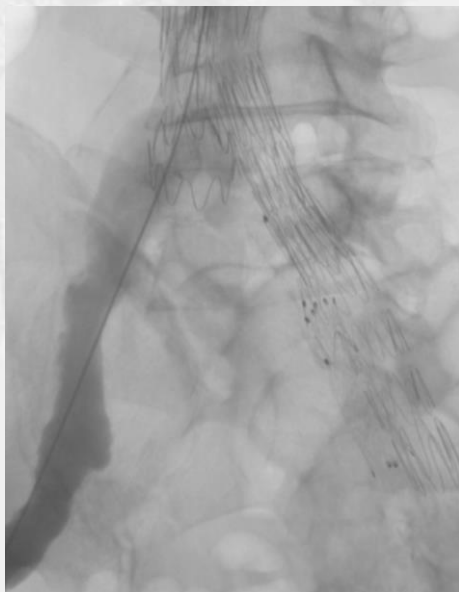
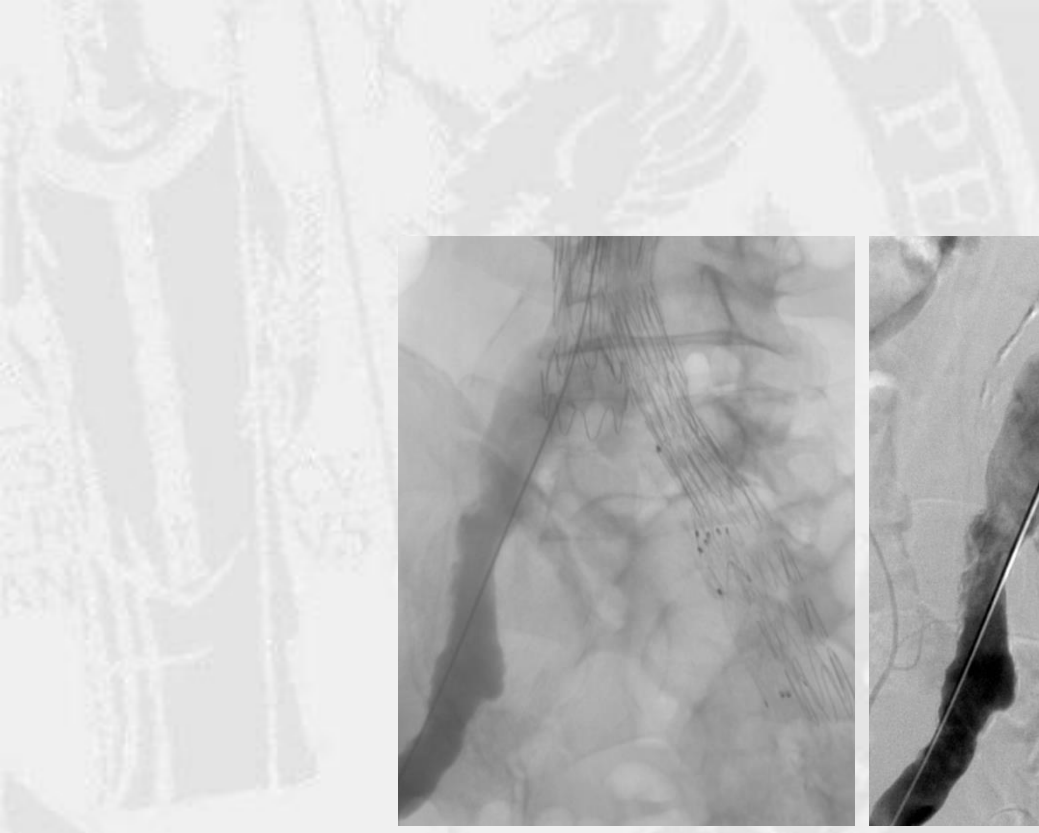


M, 83 y.o.  
COPD,  
CAD

EVAR +L IBD (2011)

Type IB Endoleak





FINE





Age: 74, M  
Sex: 7  
10/08/2013 10:33 AM  
Kern: FC03  
C: CE

R

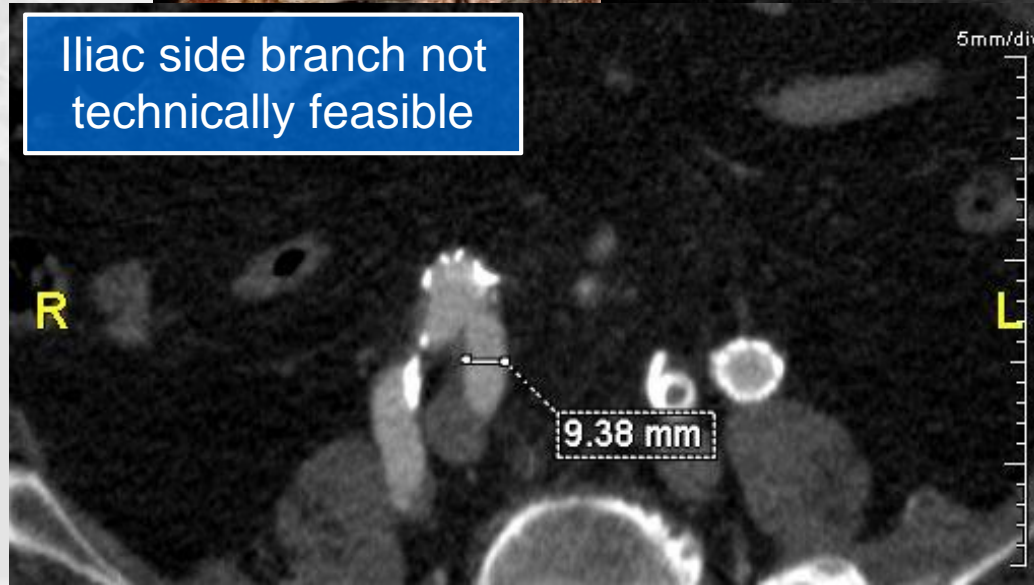


Asl 3 - Umbria  
Aquil ion  
TOSH\_64\_SCAN  
512x512  
MIP  
Slab: 24.00 mm  
Filter: None

1mm/div

L

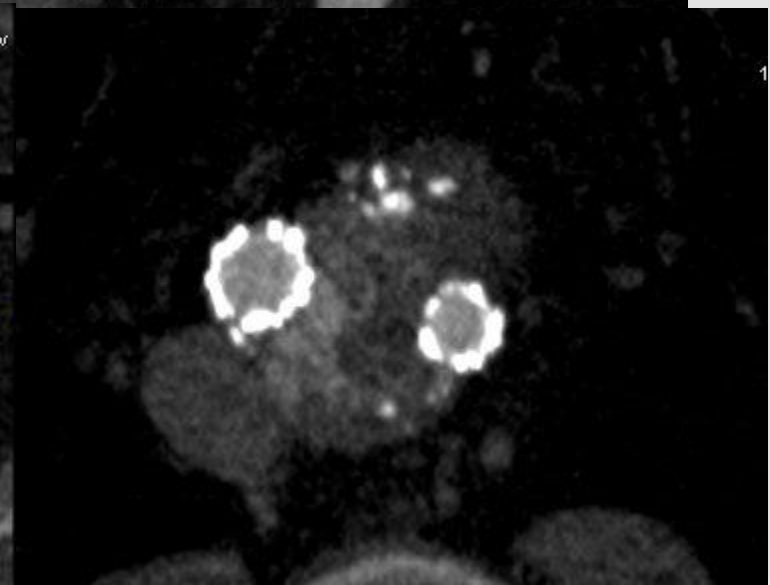
Iliac side branch not technically feasible



5mm/div

L

9.38 mm





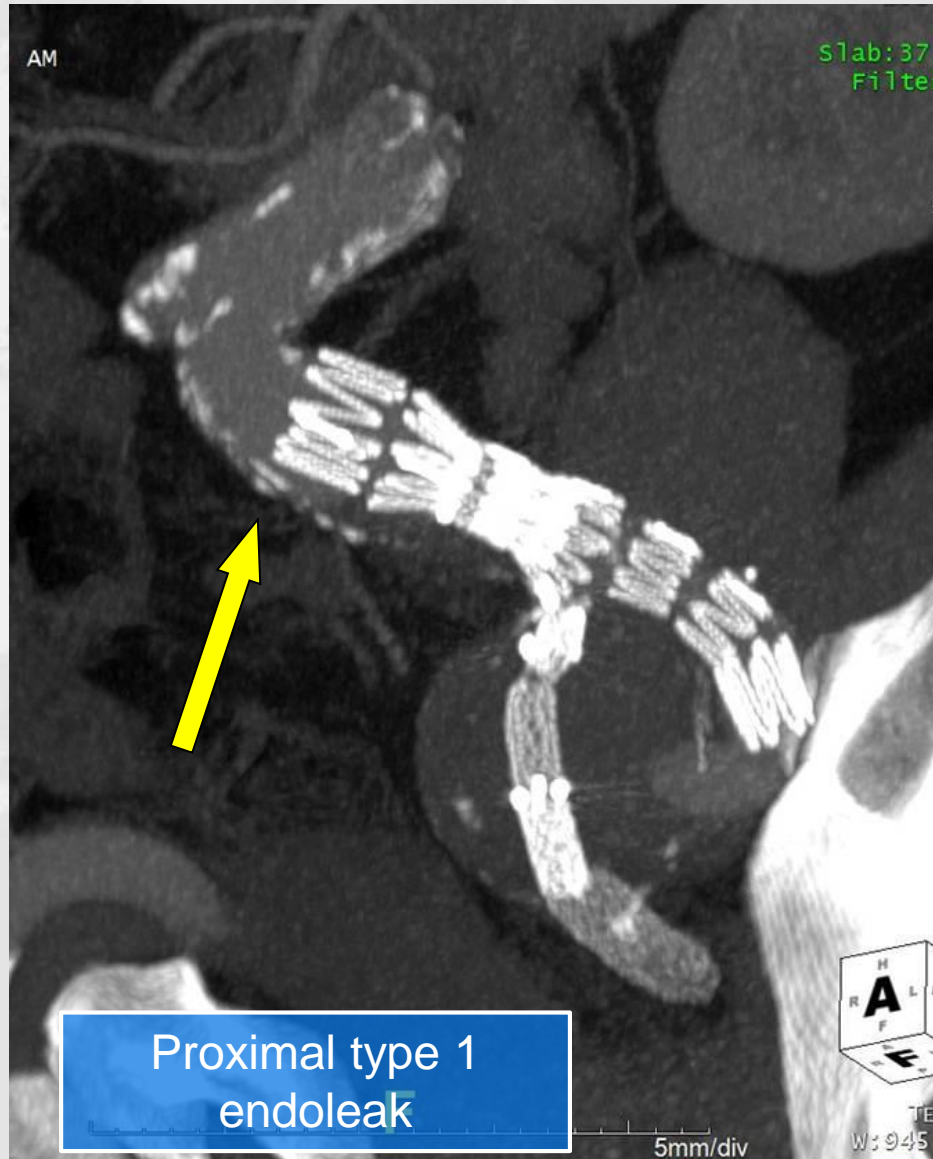


# What we have learnt

1. Anatomical Suitability
2. Hypogastric aneurysm
3. Brachial access
4. Isolated Common iliac aneurysm

Long term possible  
complication

## Lesson 5: Isolated IBD prone to common iliac enlargement & type I EL





# Conclusion

- IBD: proven safety and efficacy in the long term
- Few limitations exist, broadened indication for use in real world
- Multiple devices available, a dedicated hypogastric stent needed