



42<sup>ème</sup> CONGRÈS ANNUEL de la Société  
Française de NeuroRadiologie

8-10 avril 2015  
Novotel Paris Tour Eiffel

Président du congrès : Pr Frédéric Ricolfi  
Président de la SFNR : Pr Alain Bonafé

# Téléradiologie Télé AVC - SFNV

*« Organisation du télé AVC, de la téléradiologie et de la place de la neuroradiologie dans la filière AVC »*

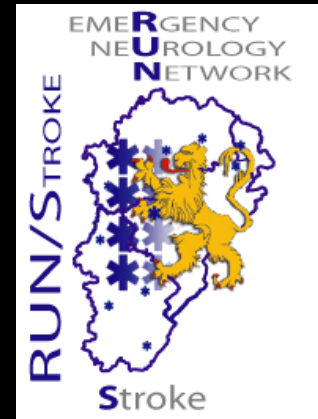
*Etats des lieux, organisation pratique,  
avantages, inconvénients, perspectives*



Région Franche-Comté

Thierry Moulin

CHU Besançon





## FACULTY DISCLOSURE

- Past-président de la société Française NeuroVasculaire
- Président Elu de la société Française de Télémédecine
- Coordinateur du Réseau Urgences Neurologiques en Franche-Comté (RUN-FC)
- Membre du comité scientifique des sociétés Olea-medical, Covalia,
- **Aucune autre relation financière** à déclarer



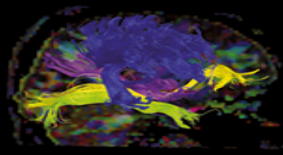
## “Evidence-based treatments” in Stroke

Population: 1 million inhabitants (2,400 strokes / year)

End-point: Death or dependence.

*Adapted from Hankey & Warlow, 1999*

	Events avoided (1,000 pts treated)	NTT to avoid 1 event	Target population (%)	Events avoided
Stroke Unit	50	20	100%	120
Aspirin	12	83	80%	23
rt-PA	142	7	10% ?	34
EVT	220	4	5% ?	28
Craniectomy	500	2	<1% ?	2



TeleStroke may be an idea like the roue carrée

## WHO-Helsingborg-Declaration 1995

Target for 2005:

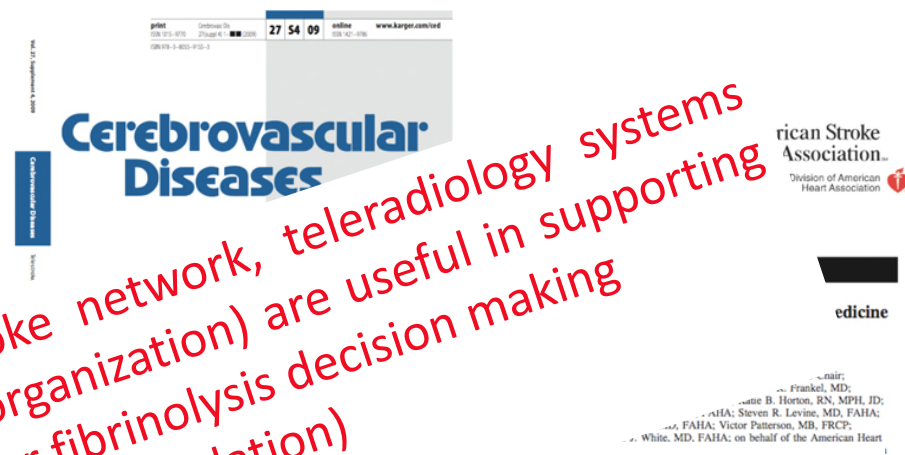
*“All patients with acute stroke should have access to care in specialized stroke units or from stroke teams”*

Les Frères Carron, inventeurs de la roue carrée.

# TéléAVC : « Guidelines »

## Summary of Scientific Results and Recommendations for the Use of Telemedicine in Stroke Care

- Remote neurological examination via high-quality bi-directional videoconferencing allows a reliable and valid assessment of stroke patients. **Class I, level A**
- Remote expert interpretation of brain imaging is equivalent to on-site evaluation. **Class I, level A**
- A centralized telestroke network, teleradiology systems approved by the FDA (or equivalent organization) are useful in supporting rapid imaging interpretation in time for fibrinolysis decision making (Class I; Level of Evidence B). (New recommendation)
- Increase in thrombolysis have been observed with the implementation of telemedicine in multiple different networks. **Class IIa, level B**
- Beyond thrombolysis, telemedicine can improve the quality of acute care and health outcomes for stroke patients when used to support an organized system of Stroke Unit-based care. **Class I, level B**



**When implemented within a telestroke network, teleradiology systems approved by the FDA (or equivalent organization) are useful in supporting rapid imaging interpretation in time for fibrinolysis decision making (Class I; Level of Evidence B). (New recommendation)**

REVUE  
**État des lieux du téléAVC en France**  
Telestroke in France, status in 2012 and further developments  
E. Medeiros de Bustos\*, B. Bouamra, D. Chavot, T. Moulin

European Research in Telemedicine / La Recherche Européenne en Télémédecine (2013) 2, 57-67

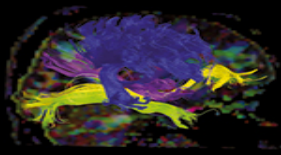
STATE OF THE ART  
**Telestroke: Long-term risk factor management – part II**

J. Joubert<sup>a,\*</sup>, A. Christie<sup>b</sup>, J. Laing<sup>c</sup>, B. Wilks<sup>d</sup>, I. Barnes<sup>e</sup>, E. de Boster<sup>f</sup>, Medeiros de Bustos<sup>g</sup>, T. Moulin<sup>h</sup>

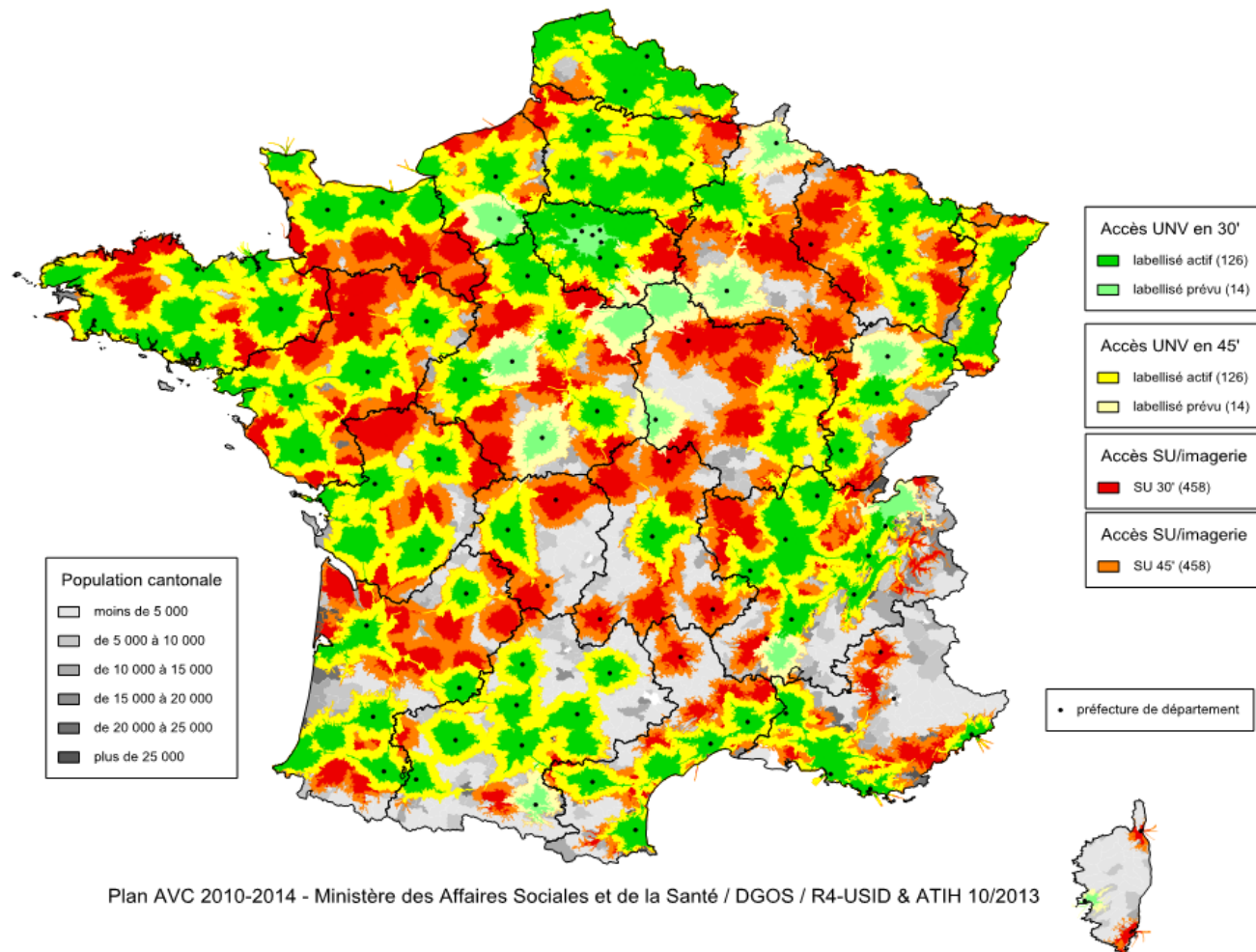
<sup>a</sup> Department of Neurology, <sup>b</sup> University of Notre Dame, <sup>c</sup> Peninsula Health, Department of Neurology, <sup>d</sup> Surgical Resident, Western Michigan University, <sup>e</sup> Marsh Medical Center, <sup>f</sup> Department of Neurology, <sup>g</sup> Department of Neurology, <sup>h</sup> University of Bourgogne

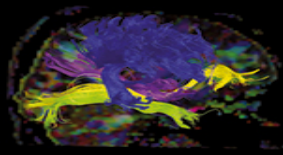
Moulin et Audebert Cerebrovasc Dis 2009  
Schwamm et al. Stroke 2009;  
Medeiros et al. Eur Res Telemed 2012  
Joubert et al. Eur Res Telemed 2013





Temps d'accès aux Unités NeuroVasculaires (UNV) actuelles et prévues  
et aux Urgences avec plateau d'imagerie



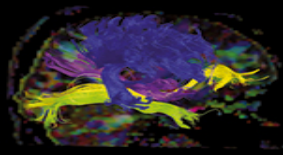


## How Telemedicine works

*To improve the quality of stroke care and to rationalise patient management? Access – Efficacy - Safety*

*To provide equal access to stroke expertise for all citizens wherever they are.*

- TeleStroke programmes could be developed within an stroke systems of care model (SSCM) framework, in order:
  - to establish procedures emergency (telethrombolysis, acute hospital stage and management (Stroke unit - Stroke wards/teleSU)
  - to organise long term care (i.e., telestroke rehabilitation)
  - to educate physicians (risk factors, symptom management, stroke prevention) and the public, as well.
  - to minimise the medico-social impact of stroke.
- Stroke services (centralised system) and Stroke networks:  
*North-american or European and Australian models?*

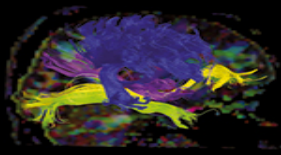


# Stroke and Telemedicine

## Experiment in Franche-Comté

- Stroke Identification: the burden
- Stroke Treatment: access to Thrombolysis
- Management: The Stroke unit effect
- Follow-up – Stroke prevention





## Network Concept

- The emergency neurology Network in the Franche-Comté (RUN-FC)

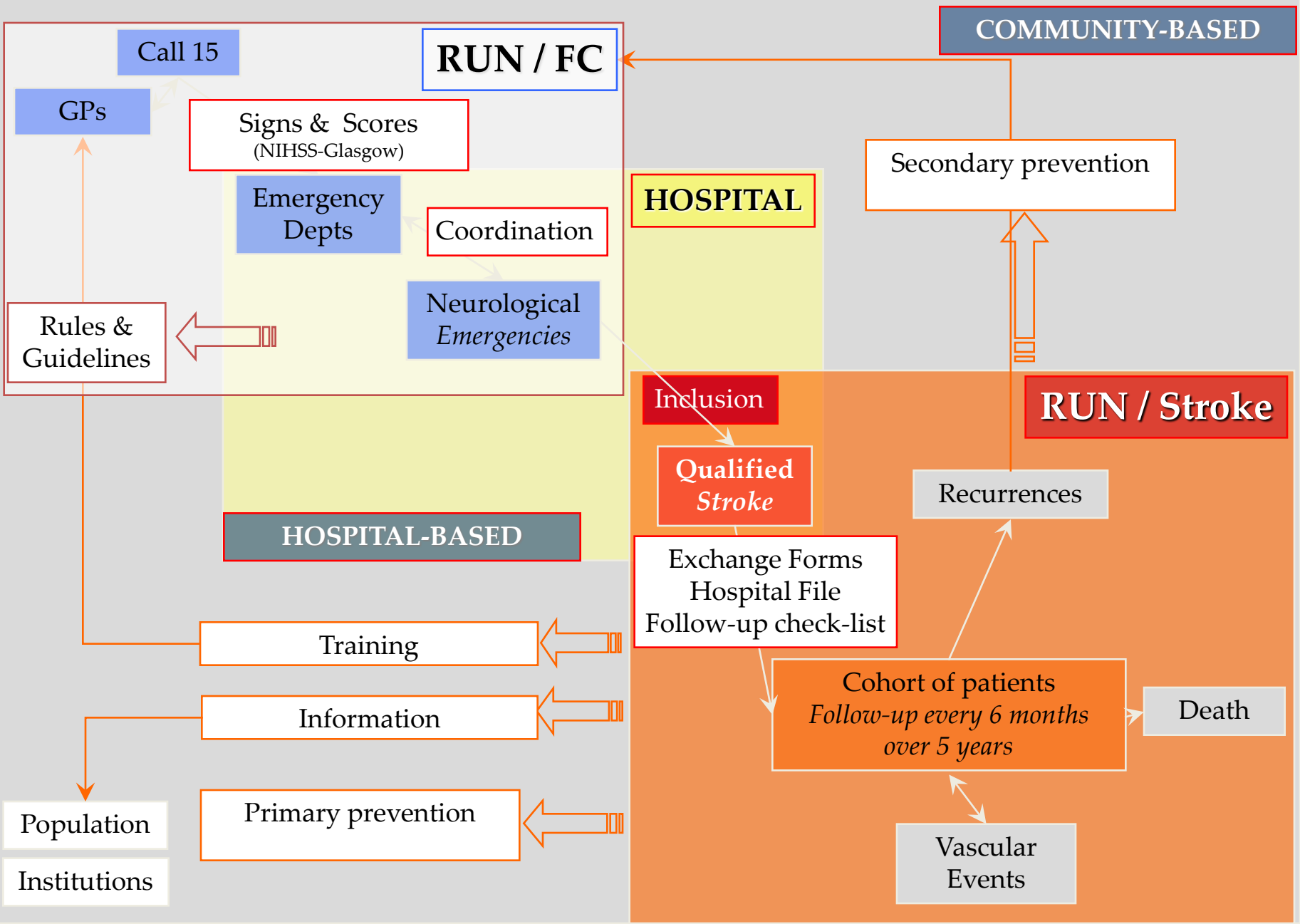
*to identify stroke from other neurological emergencies and so enhance and expedite patient management*



- The emergency neurology Network-Stroke (RUN-Stroke)

*to organise the in-hospital and follow-up care of qualified stroke patients*





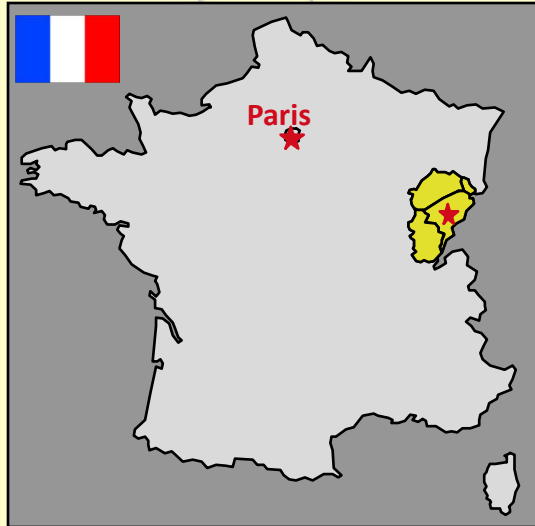
# Operational objectives

- **Step 1 - Organising links between professionals within a regional network:**
  - Working groups adapting their own rules and guidelines *(since 1999)*
  - Multidisciplinary stroke team centred around Besançon expertise and using telemedicine and medical/diagnostic techniques
- **Step 2 – Implementing specific tools:**
  - Internet computerised databases
  - Networks (techniques)
- **Step 3 – Including patients:**
  - Prospective cohort 2001 (telemedicine, emergency patients)
  - Prospective cohort 2003 (stroke patients)
- **Further Steps - Reinforcing working links:**
  - FC-Sante.org: Training, knowledge updating, e-mail
  - Evaluation, statistics,
  - Quality control

Champagne-Ardenne


Lorraine


Alsace




# Franche-Comté

Population: 1.2 Million

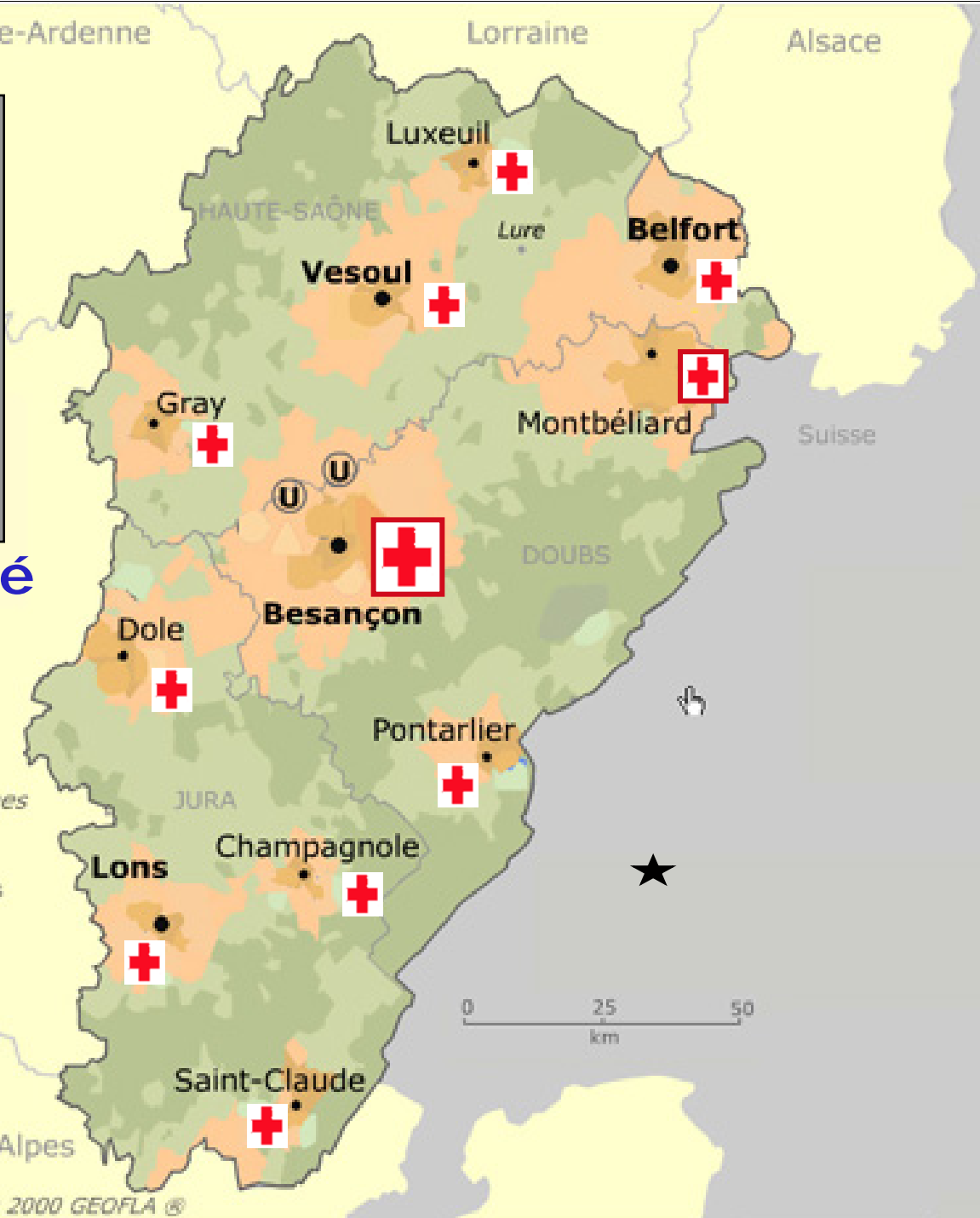
 Stroke unit

 Hospital

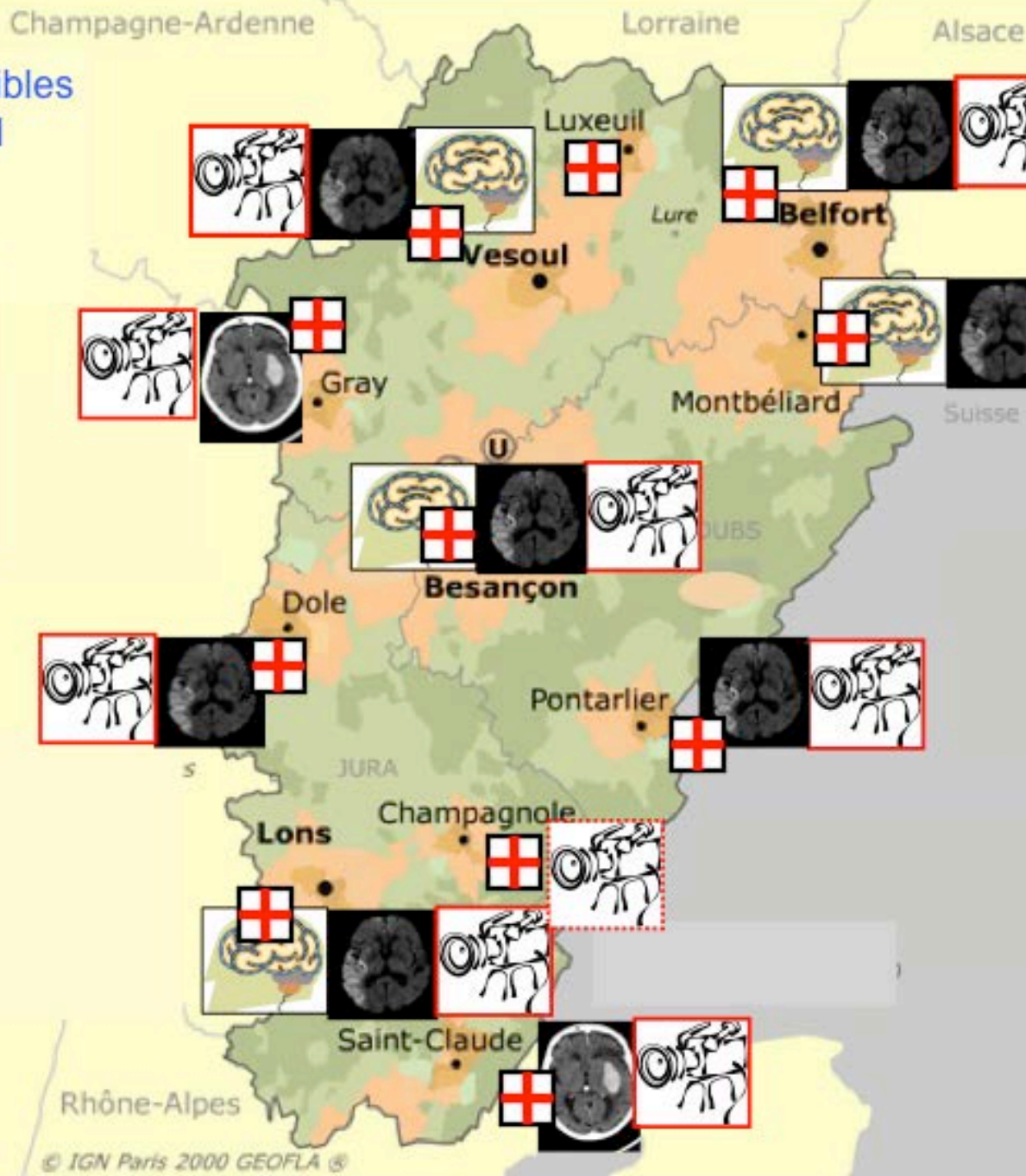
*Typologie des communes*

-  Pôles urbains
-  Espaces périurbains
-  Rural polarisé
-  Rural isolé

Source : INSEE - INRA - RP99



Moyens disponibles  
depuis 2001





# Telestroke tools: integrative solution

Regional Hub in Besancon

- Neurologist
- Neurosurgeon
- Neuroradiologist

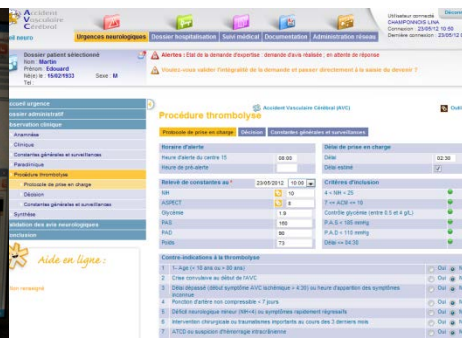


Video system

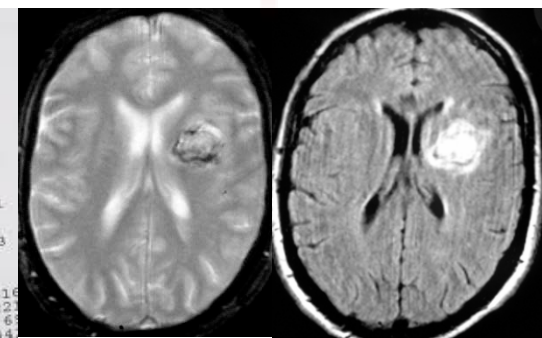
Shared files

Biological data

Neuroimaging

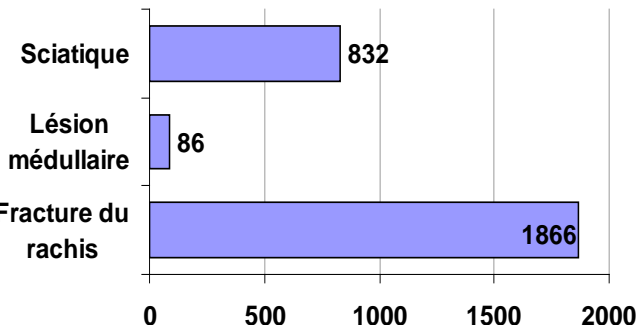


HEMATOLOGIE	
<b>HEMOGRAMME</b>	
<b>NUMERATION GLOBULAIRE</b>	
Hématies	0.000 /mm3
Hémoglobine	14.2 g/dl
Hématocrite	42.2 %
Volume moyen glob.	85.3 fL
T.C.M.H.	28.7 pg
C.C.M.H.	33.6 g/dl
Ind.de distribution	13.1
Leucocytes	6.900 /mm3
<b>FORMULE SANGUINE</b>	
Polynucléaires neutrophiles	66.9 % 4616
Polynucléaires éosinophiles	3.2 % 22
Polynucléaires basophiles	1.0 % 6
Lymphocytes	20.9 % 144

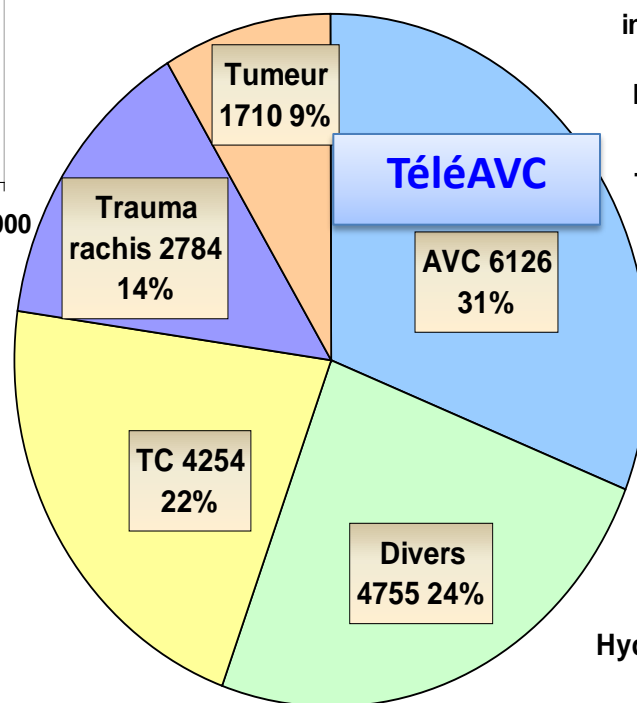
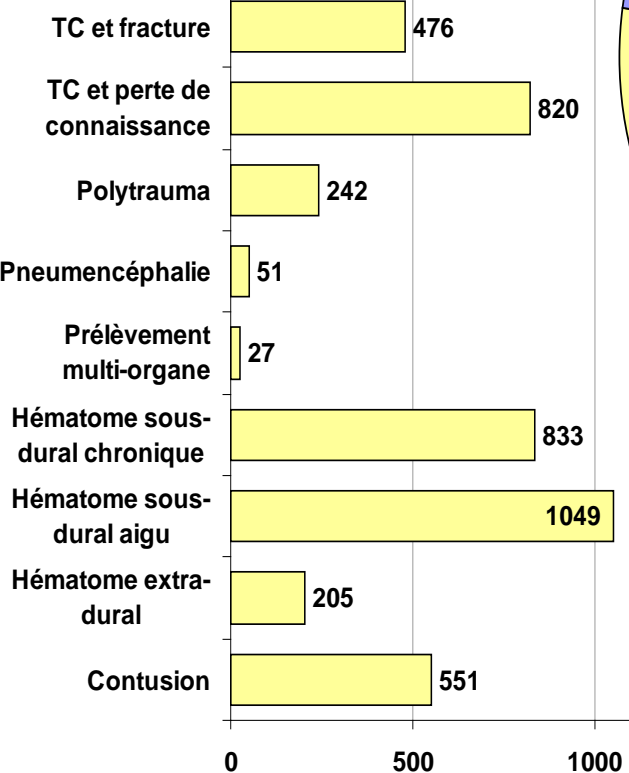




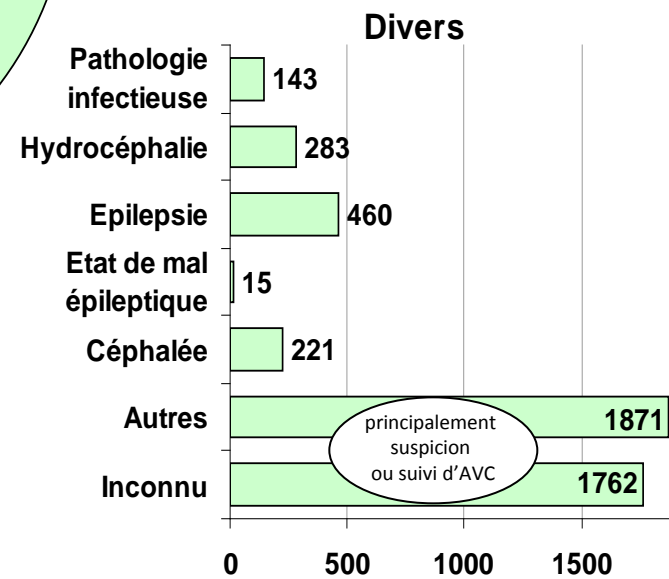
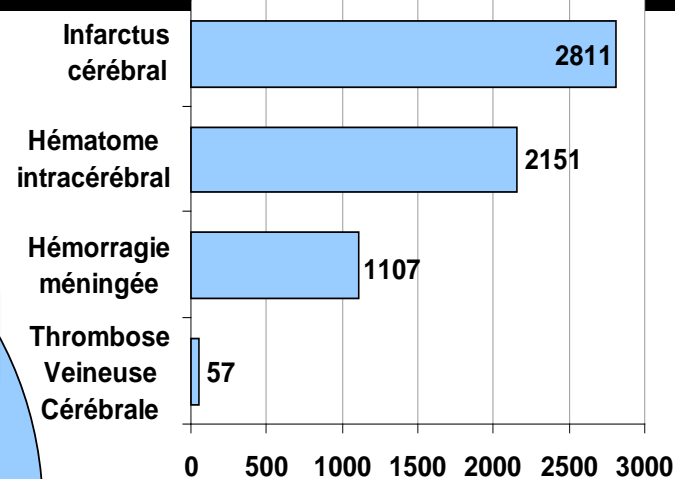
Nombre de traumatismes rachidiens

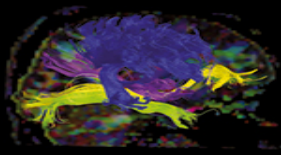


Nombre de traumatismes crâniens (TC)

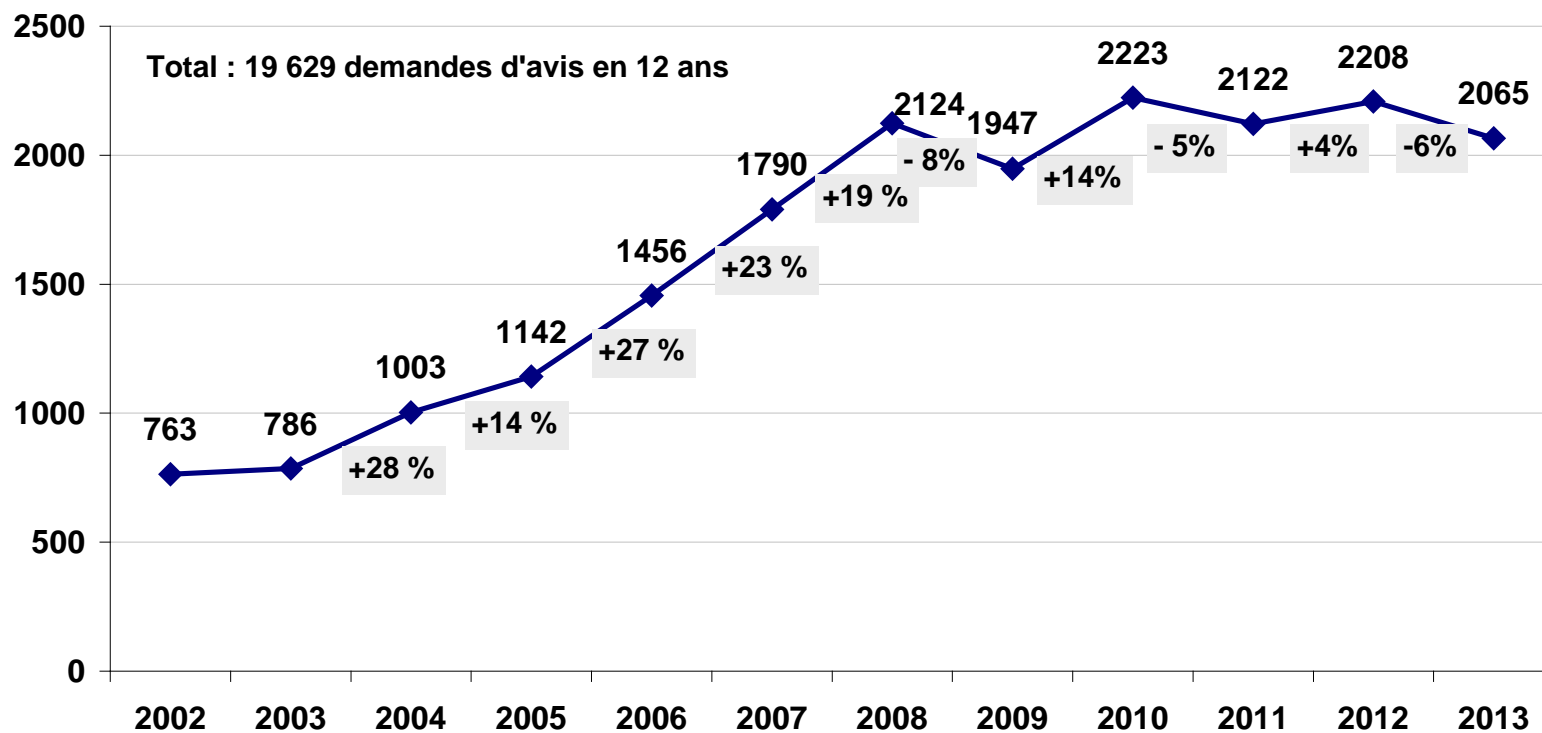


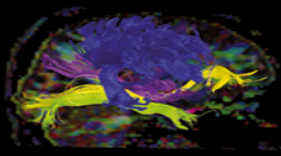
Total : **19 629**  
demandes d'avis  
par télémedecine de  
2002 à 2013



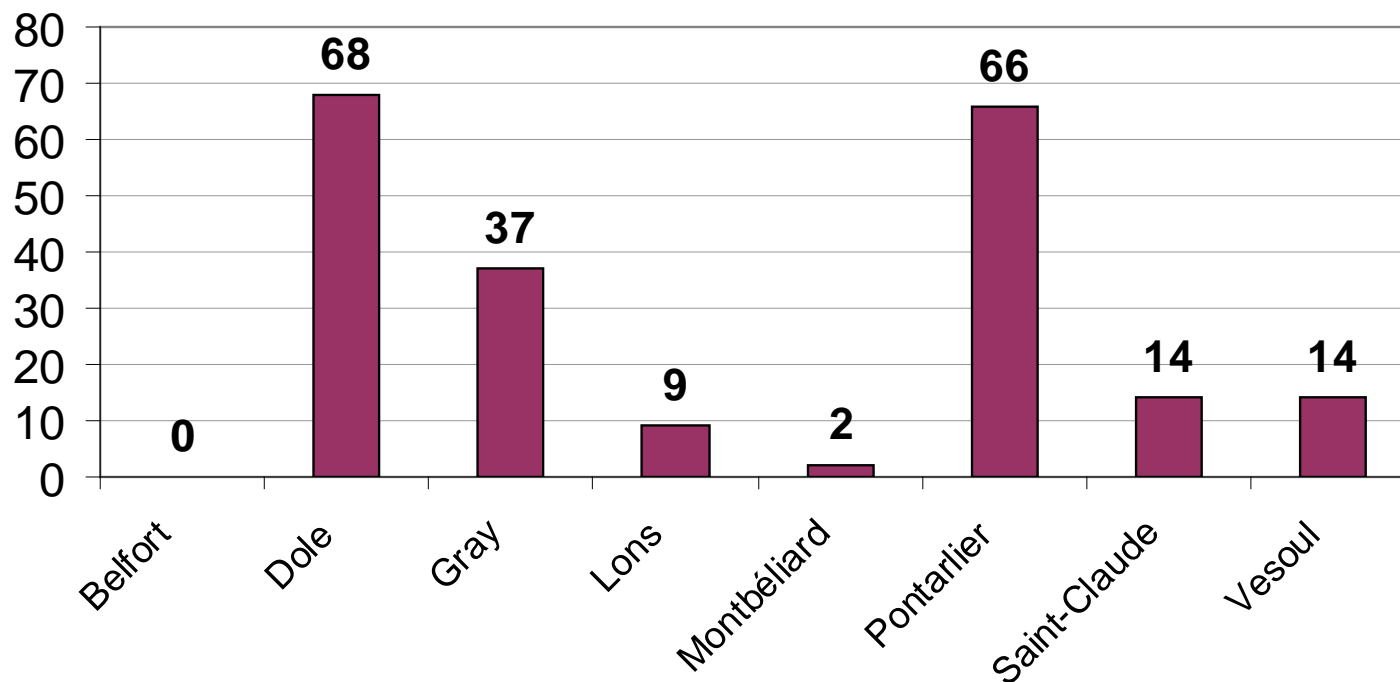


### Nombre de demandes d'avis neurologiques par télémedecine par an





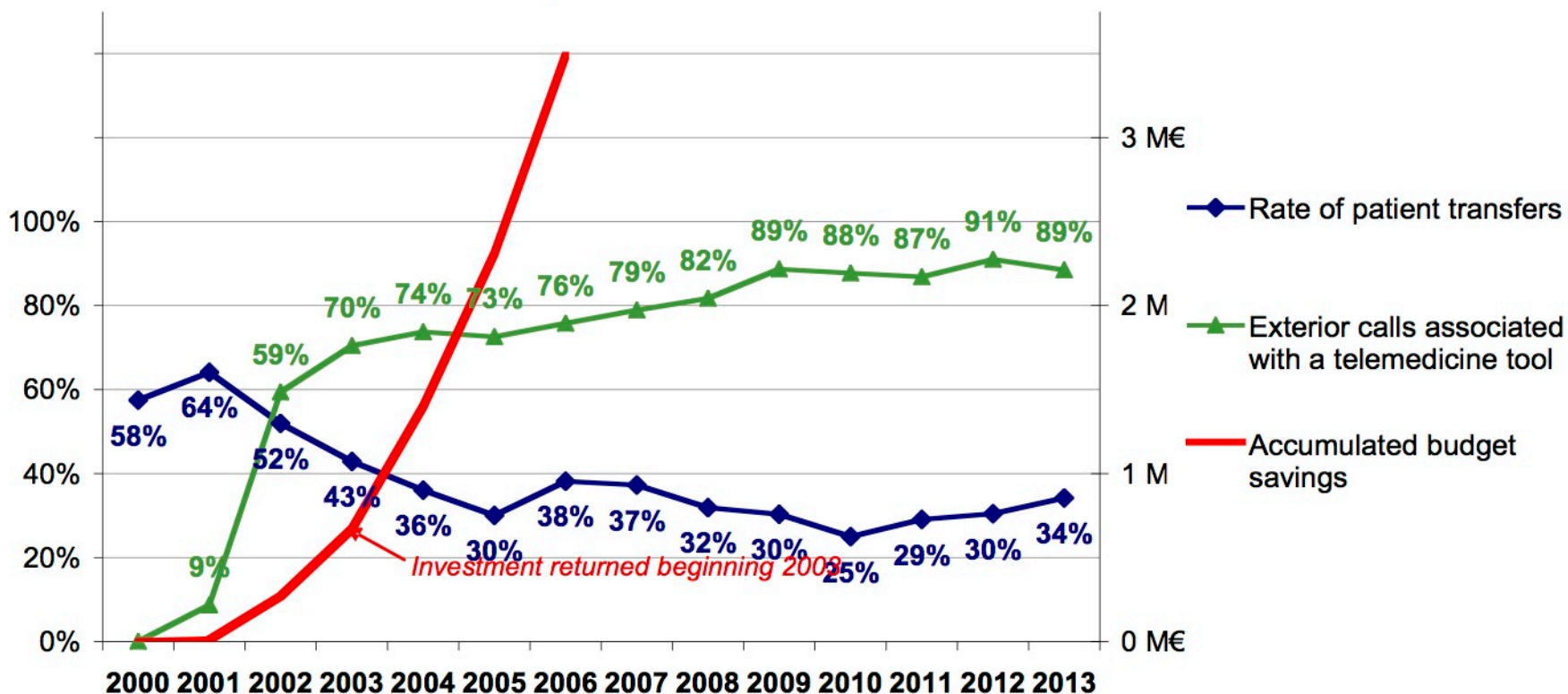
### Nombre de téléconsultations par hôpital en 2013



210 avis par vidéoprésence

# Overall Economic Impact of the Network

Savings made thanks to telemedicine



The rate of transfer has been divided by 50% after 4 years.  
 Over the first 5 years, the economy is estimated at 3.5 million € (due to cost of transport).





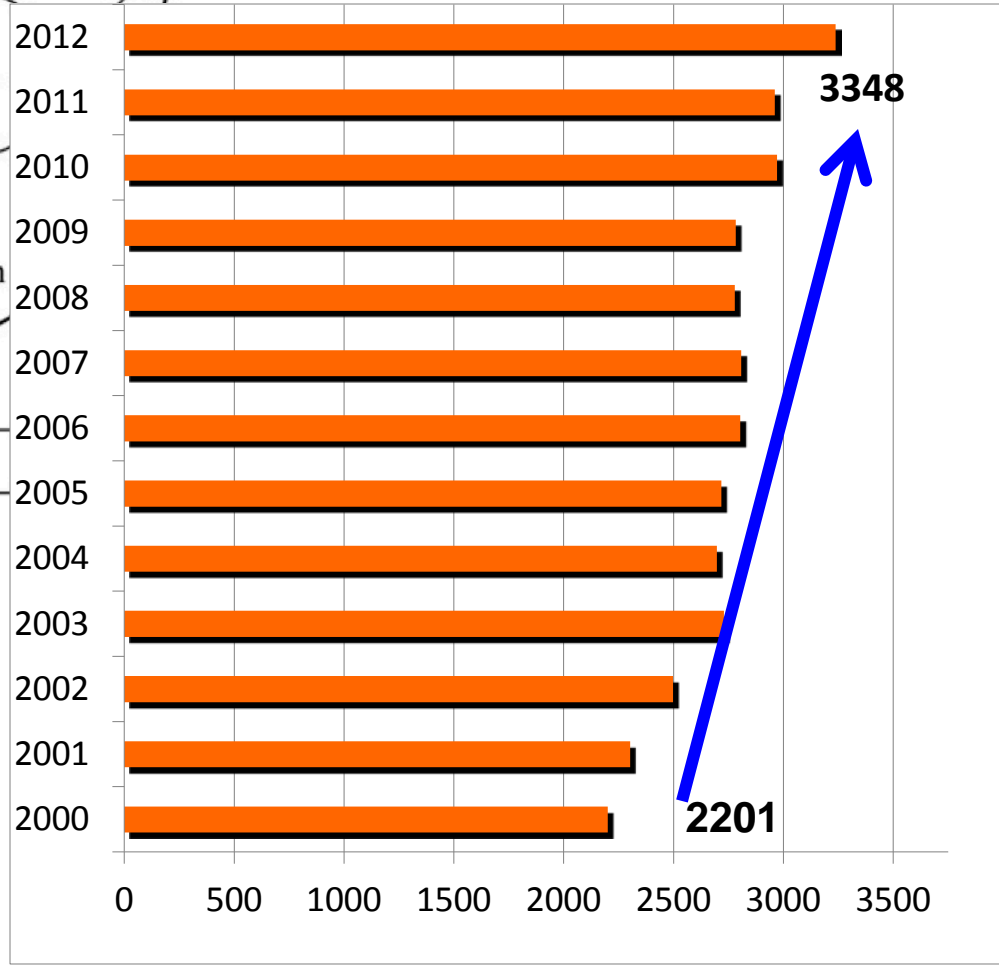
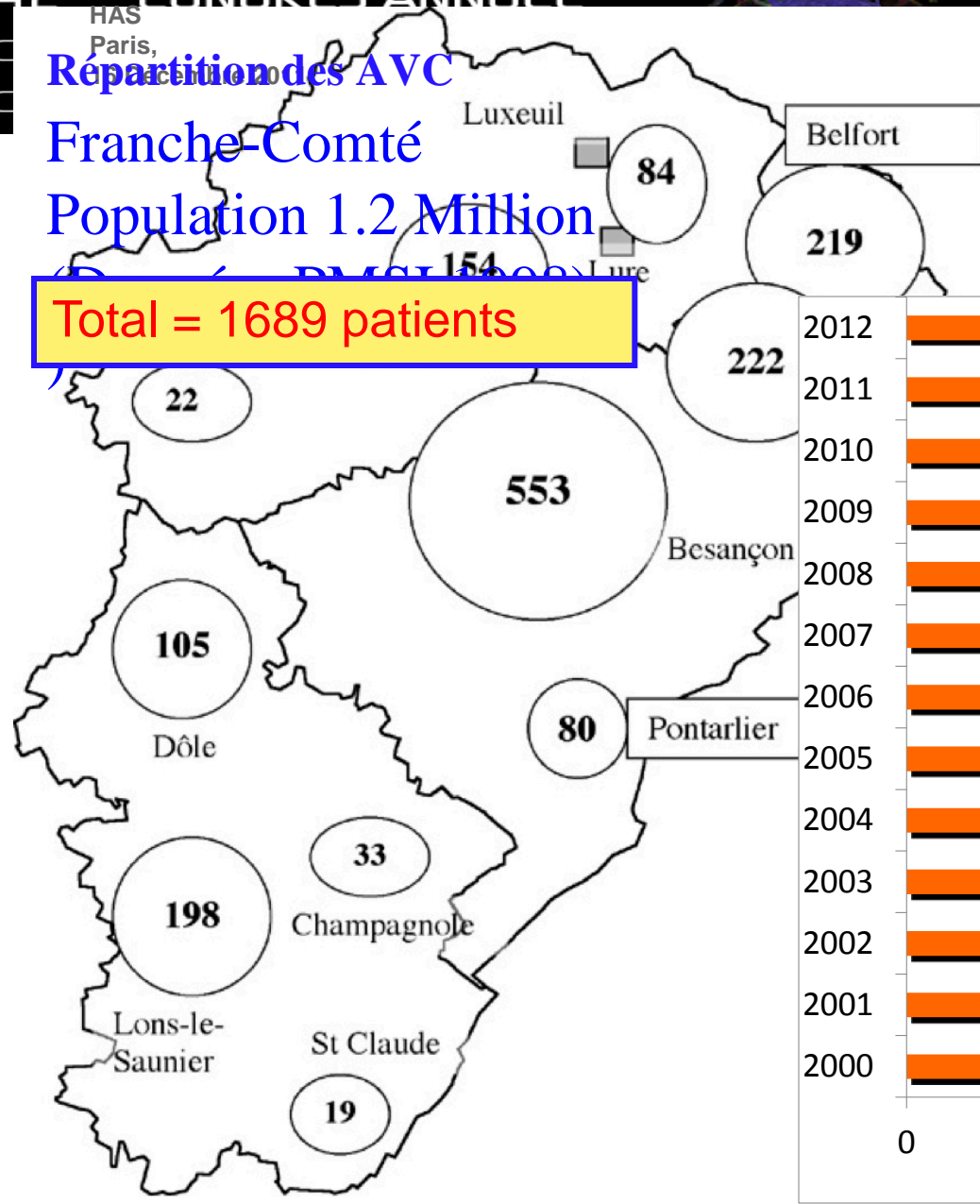
## Experiment in Franche-Comté

- **Stroke Identification: the whole burden**
- Stroke Treatment: access to Thrombolysis
- Management: The Stroke unit effect
- Follow-up – Stroke prevention



Repartition des AVC  
Franche-Comté  
Population 1.2 Million

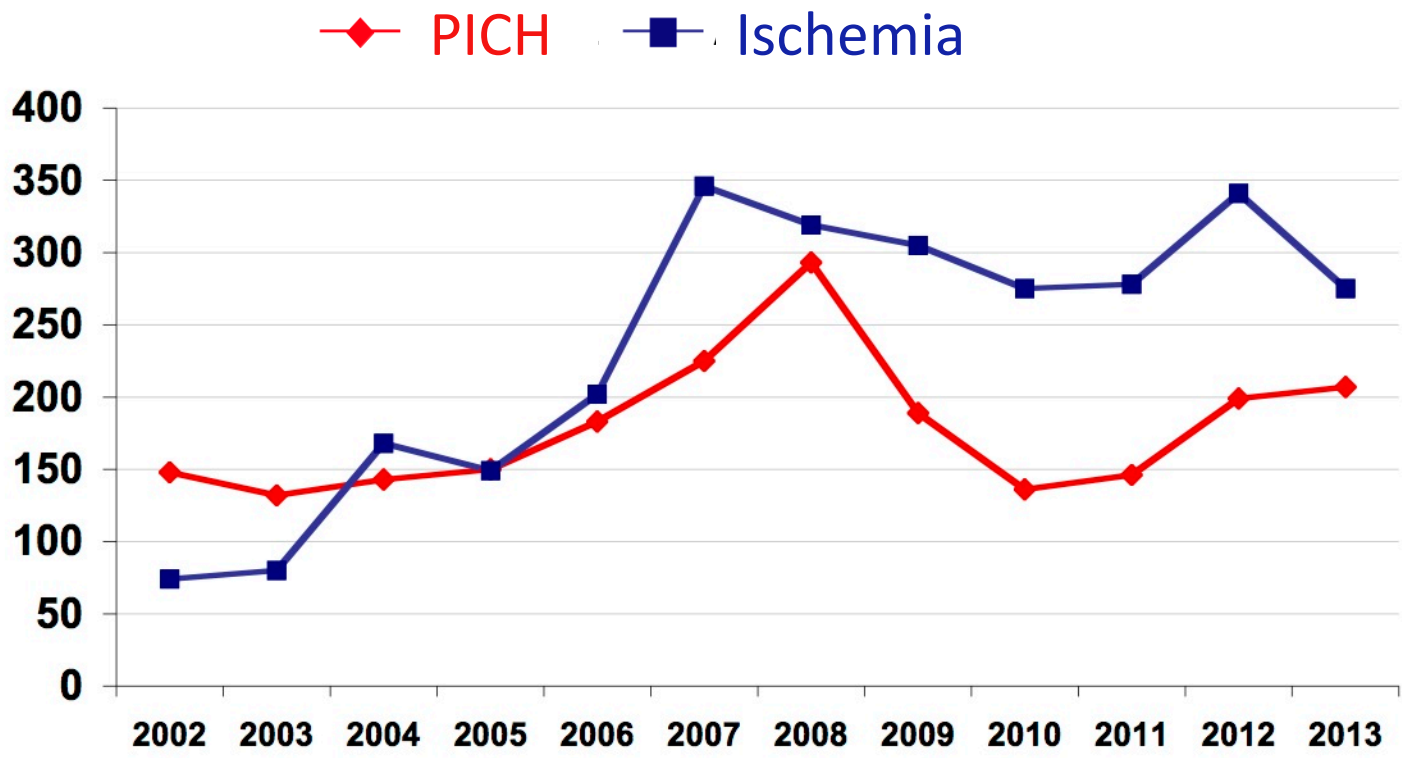
Total = 1689 patients



Nombre d'AVC



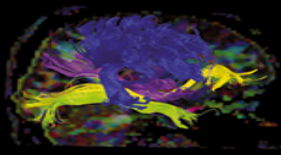
## Evolution of requests according to the stroke types since 2002





## Experiment in Franche-Comté

- Stroke Identification: the burden
- **Stroke Treatment: access to Thrombolysis**
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## Critères d'appels du TéléAVC



### Obligatory indication for a teleconsultation:

- onset of symptoms within 4.5 hours
- intracranial hemorrhage
- impaired consciousness
- progressive stroke
- brainstem symptoms
- NIH-SS  $\geq 12$
- stroke patients aged  $< 60$  years

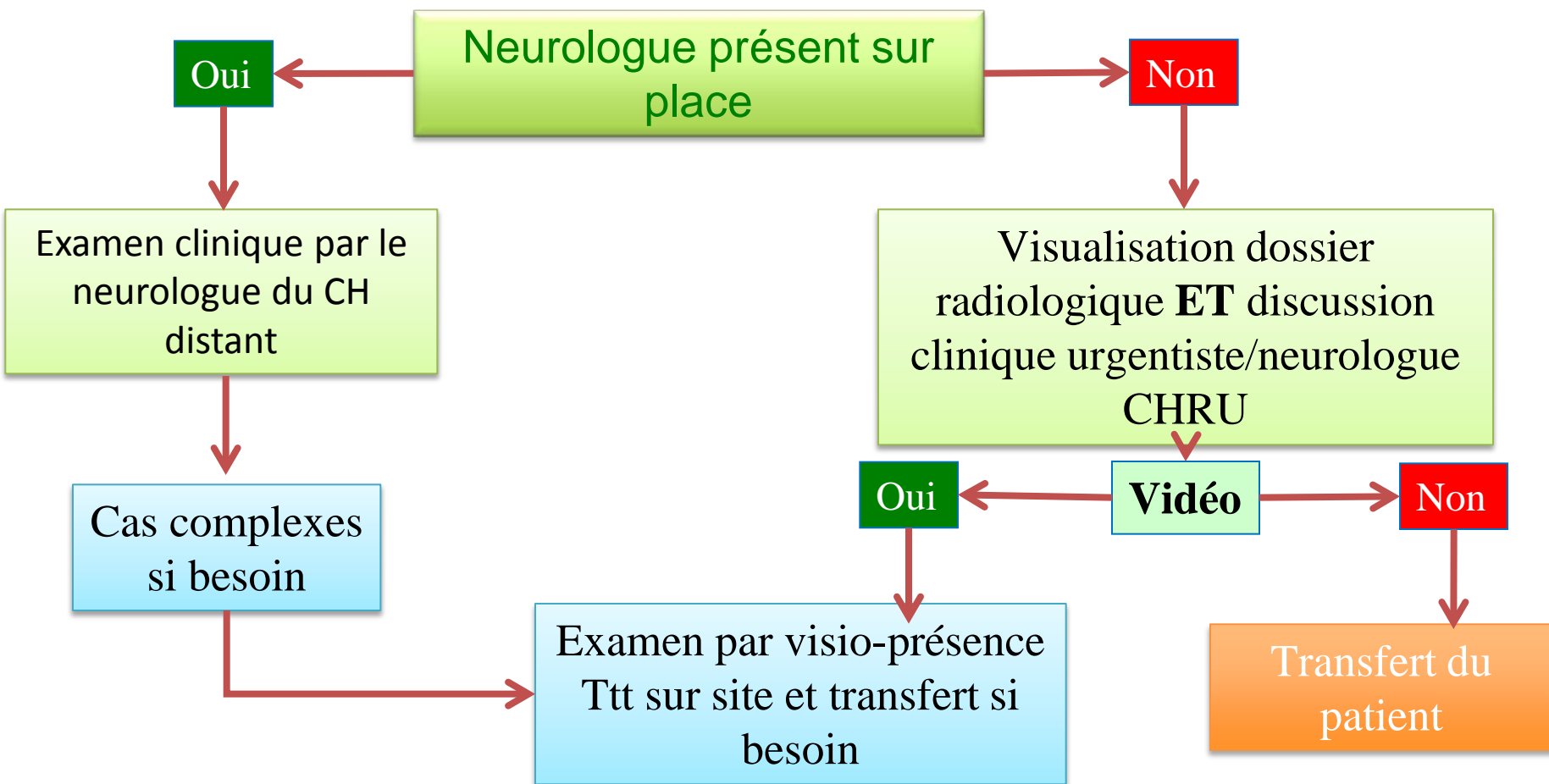
**A voluntary teleconsultation is possible whenever requested !**

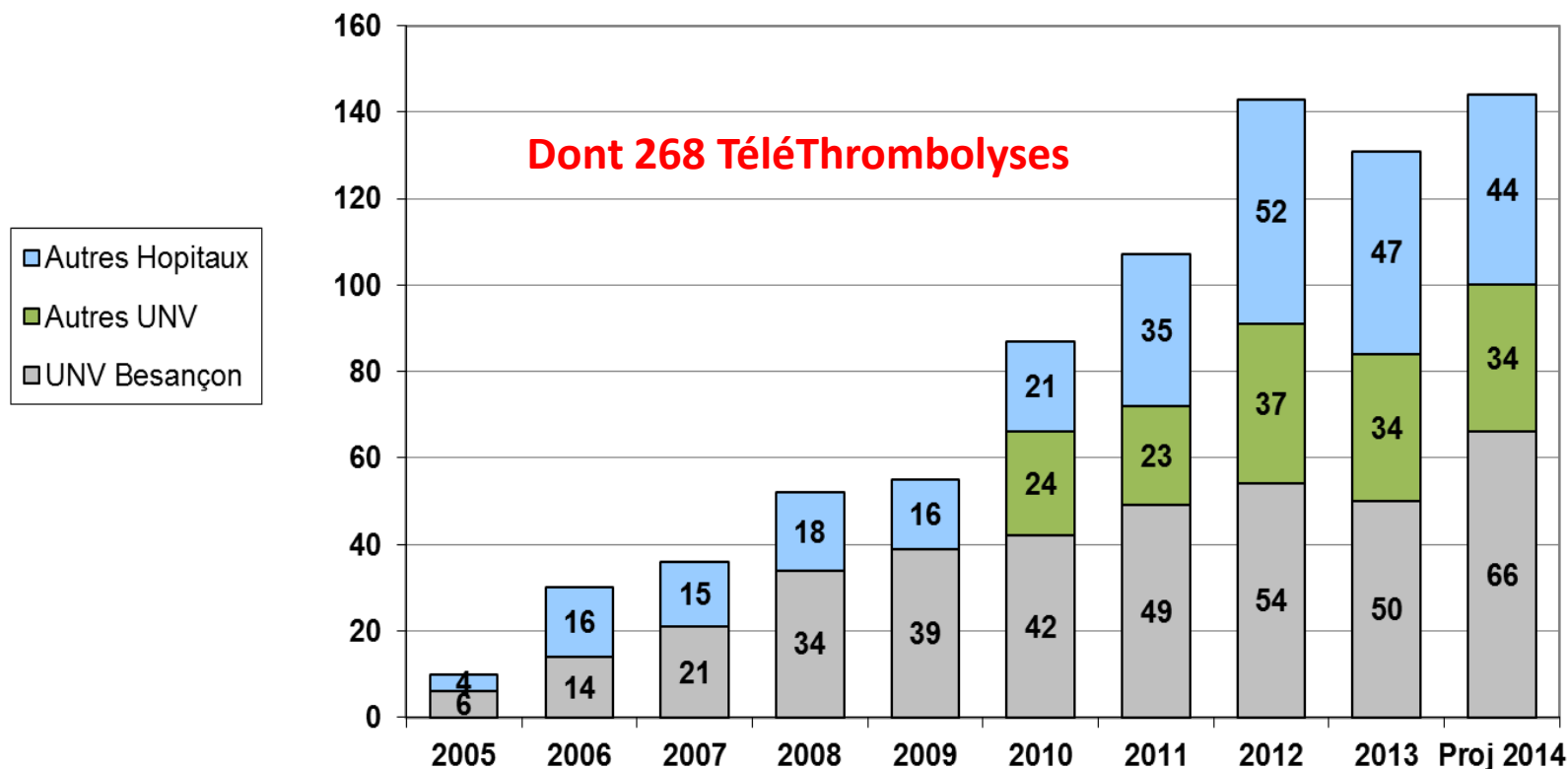
TEMPIS





## Critères d'appel dans le cadre de la télémédecine

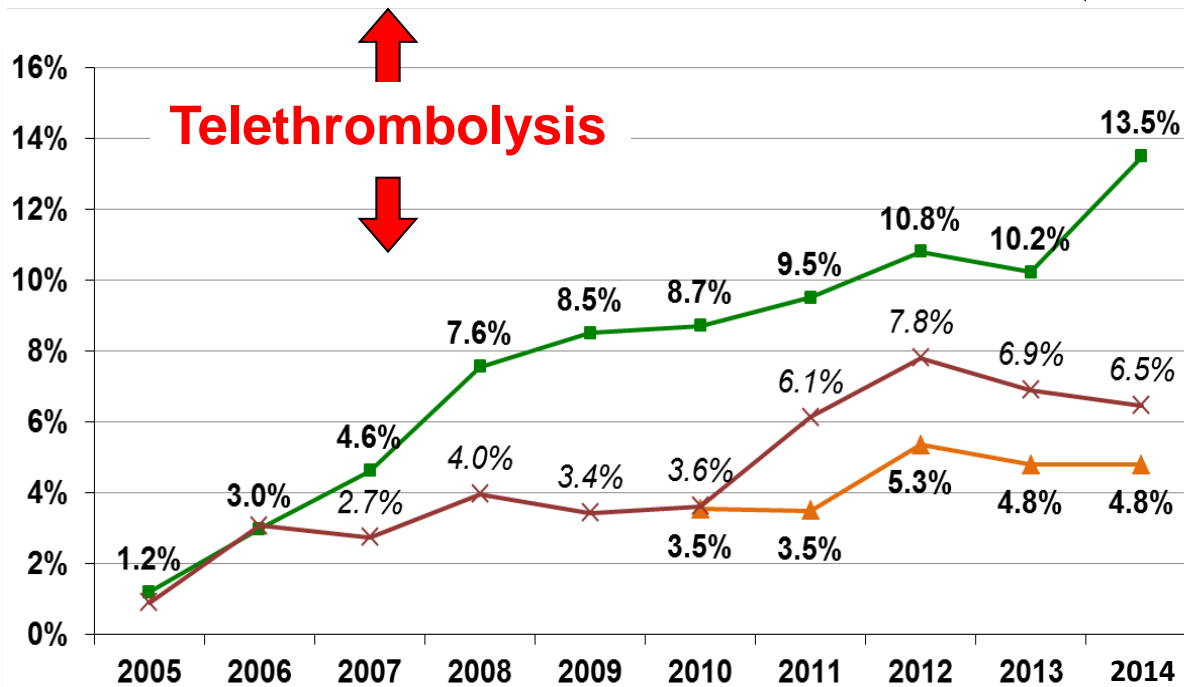
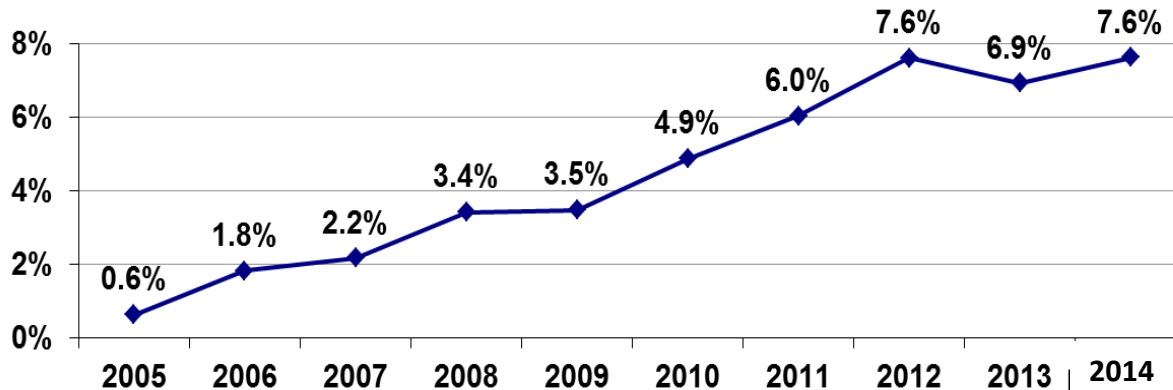




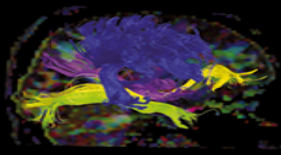
Nombre de thrombolyses	10	30	36	52	55	87	107	143	131	144
Taux d'augmentation du nombre de thrombolyses par rapport à l'année précédente	-	+ 200%	+ 20%	+ 44%	+ 6%	+ 58%	+ 23%	+ 64%	-8%	+ 10%
Taux de thrombolysse	0.6%	1.8%	2.2%	3.4%	3.5%	4.9%	6.0%	7.6%	6.9%	7.6%

$$\text{Taux de thrombolysse} = \frac{\text{Nombre de thrombolyses}}{\text{Nombre d'hospitalisations pour infarctus cérébral d'après le PMSI}}$$

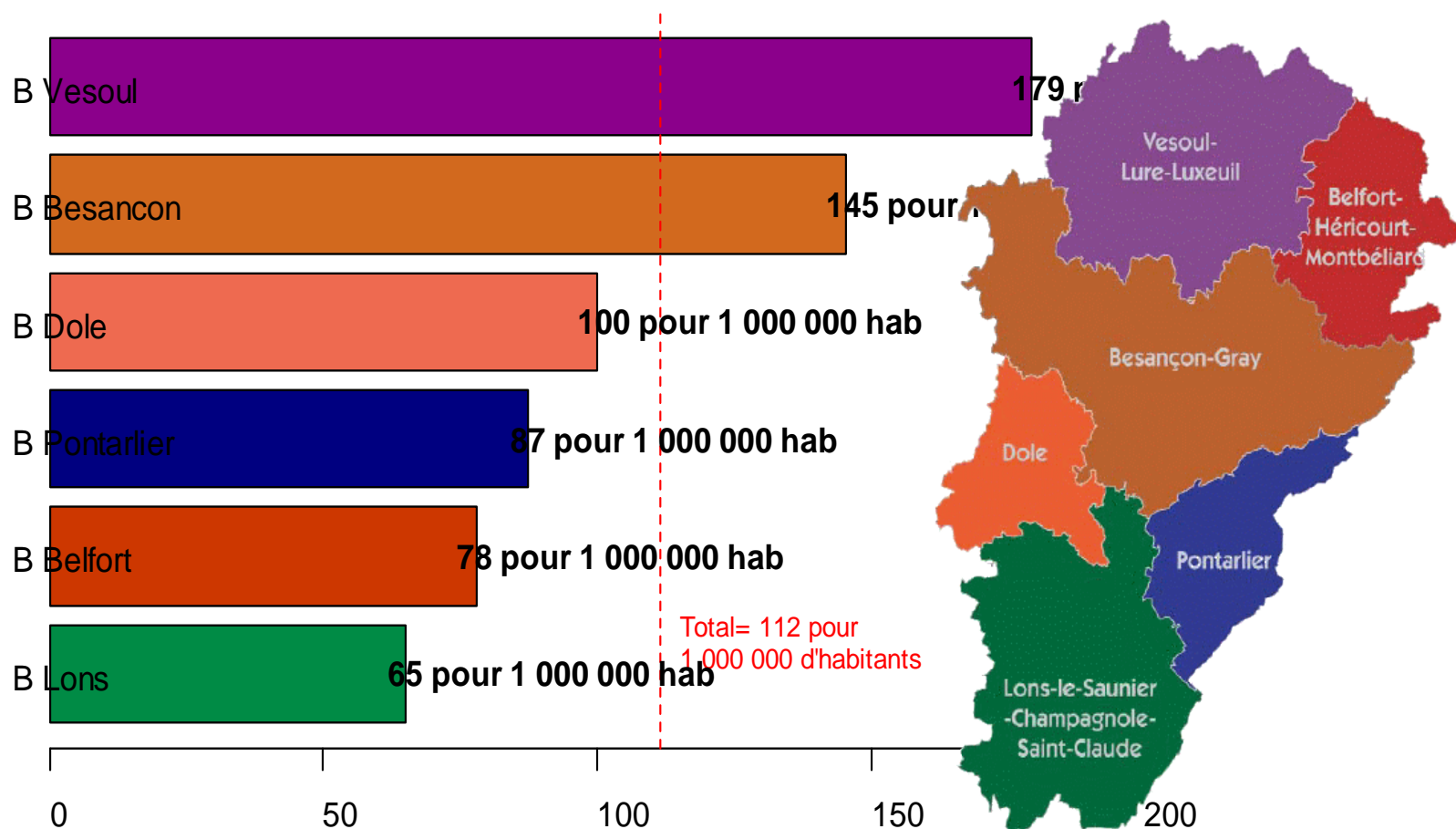
### Taux de thrombolyse en Franche-Comté



- ◆ en Franche-Comté
- instaurée au CHRU de Besançon
- ▲ instaurée dans les autres UNV
- × instaurée par télé-médecine



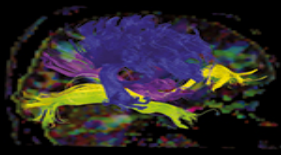
Taux de thrombolyse par million d'habitants  
par bassin selon l'hôpital d'origine en :



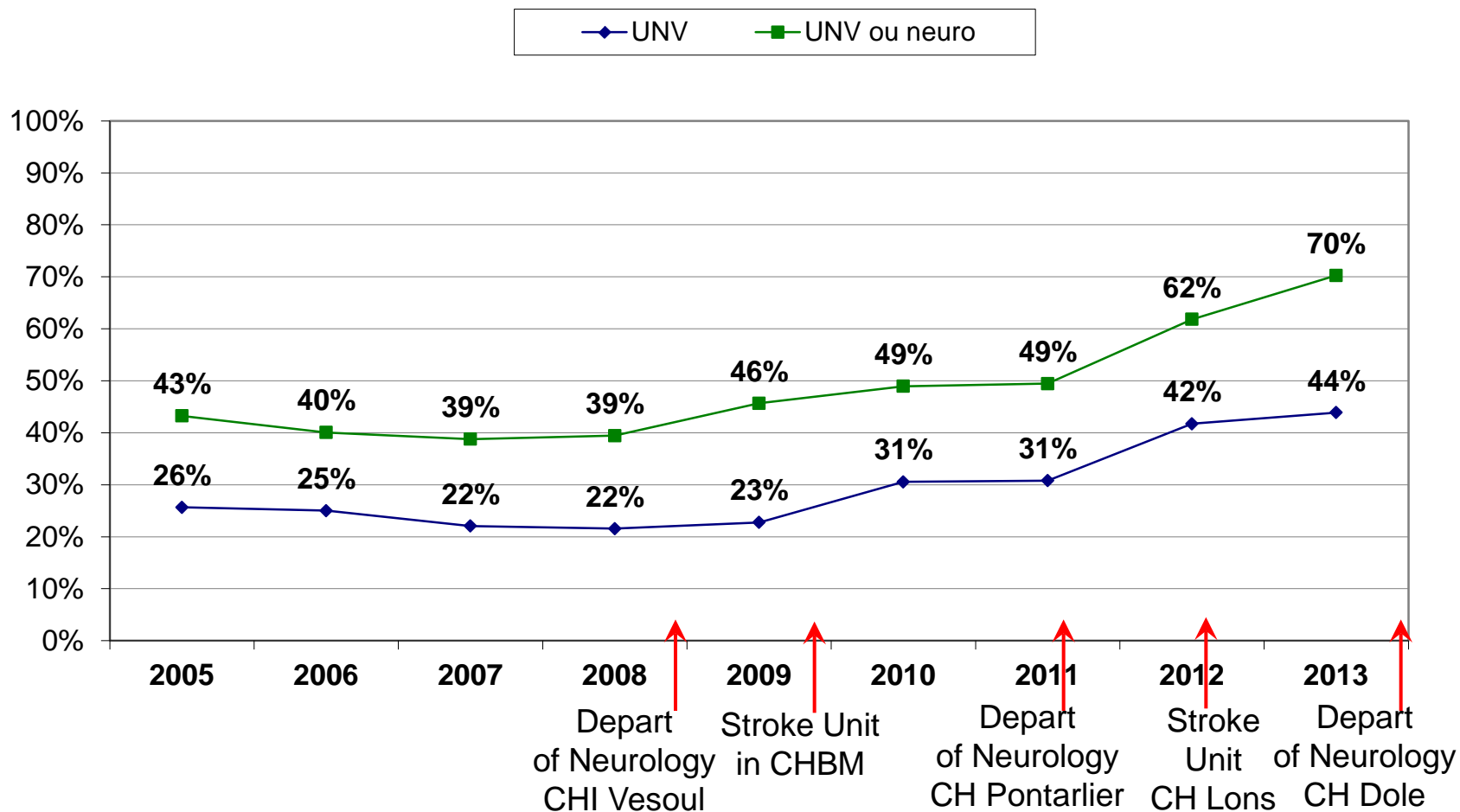


## Experiment in Franche-Comté

- Stroke Identification: the burden
- Stroke Treatment: access to Thrombolysis
- **Management: toward the « Stroke Unit effect »**
- Follow-up – Stroke prevention



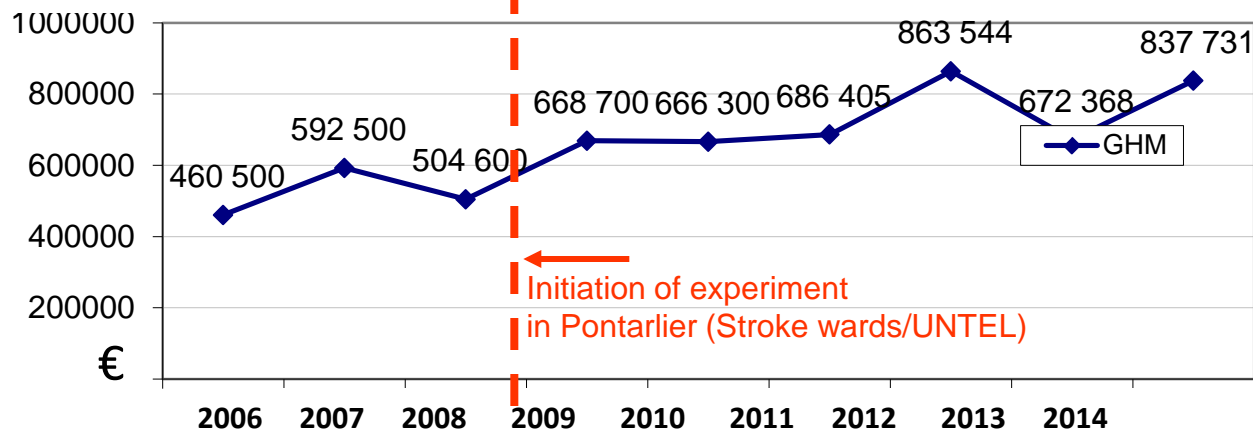
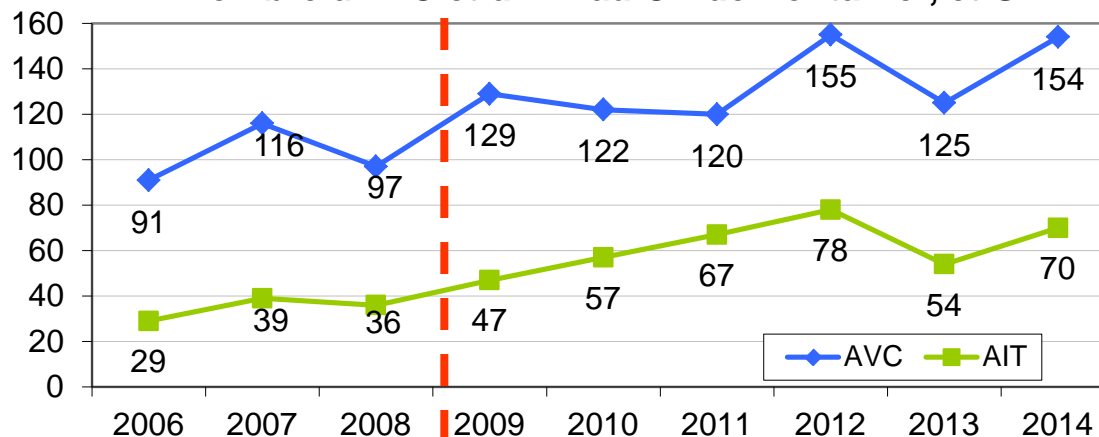
## % of stroke patients referred to a department of neurology or a stroke unit in Franche-Comté



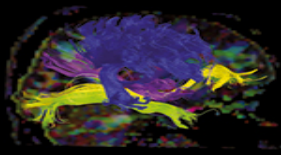


# Influence of the direct management of stroke patient by neurologists (on-site and remote by telemedicine): the hospital economical point of view

Nombre d'AVC et d'AIT au CH de Pontarlier, et GHM



The effect of the implementation of an integrative stroke programme including telestroke on an hospital with no neurologist on site, previously.  
An 85% increase of stroke:  
*the 'epidemic' of stroke by neurologists*



## Stroke Wards ou UN-TEL

- **Stroke Wards:**

- modèle bavarois TEMPIS <sup>1</sup>
- unités médicales d'hospitalisation de proximité prenant en charge des AVC
- reliées à un centre expert pour une téléexpertise/téléassistance en urgence
- personnels formés, procédures formalisées



- **Unité de Neurologie en Télémédecine (UN-TEL):**

- Unité Neurologique avec Télémédecine (médecin formé, référent sur site, lits regroupés accueillant les patients neurologiques, AVC,...)
- Application française du modèle TEMPIS?
- Cadre du décret de télémédecine (*Décret n° 2010- 1229*) et de la circulaire de mars 2012 (*DGOS/R4/R3/PF3 n° 2012-106*)
- Tous les modes de télémédecine (téléconsultation/téléexpertise/télésurveillance médicale/téléassistance médicale)
- A tous les stades de prise en charge: urgence-hospitalisation-suivi

1



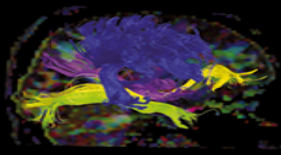
Long-Term Effects of Specialized Stroke Care With Telemedicine Support in Community Hospitals on Behalf of the Telemedical Project for Integrative Stroke Care (TEMPiS)

Heinrich J. Audebert *stroke* 2009;40:902-908



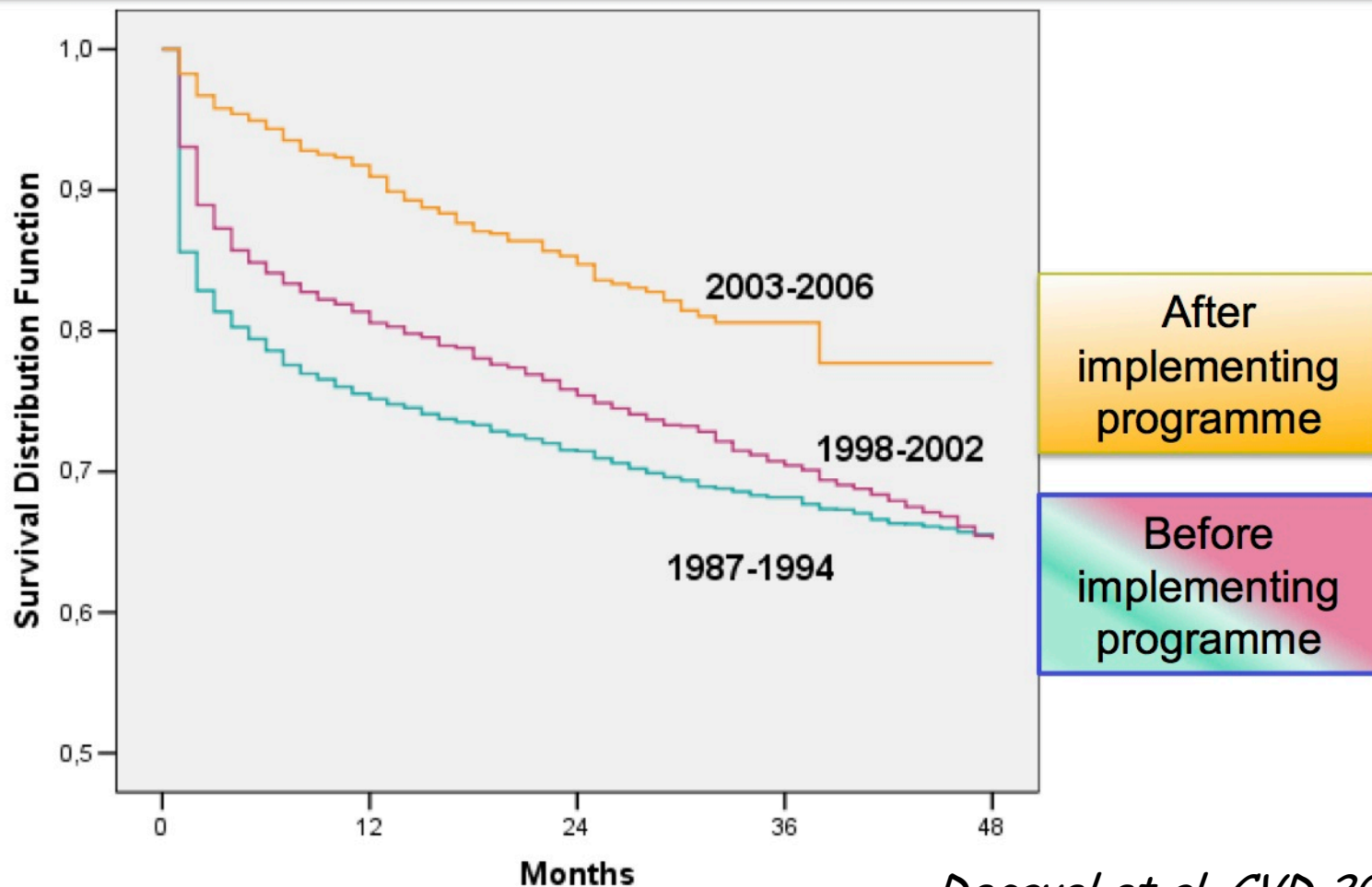
## Experiment in Franche-Comté

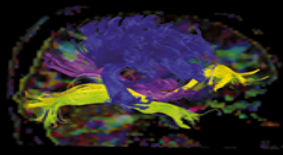
- Stroke Identification: the burden
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- Management: The Stroke unit effect
- **Follow-up – Stroke prevention**



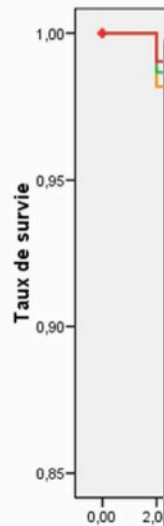
## Step 3: Cohortes prospectives

First cohorte 1987-1994	2.500 patients	median follow-up 80 months
Second cohorte 1998-2002	2.351 patients	median follow-up 32 months
Third cohorte 2003-2006	1.835 patients	median follow-up 9 months





## Step 3: Cohortes prospectives



European Research in Telemedicine/La Recherche Européenne en Télé-médecine (2013) 2, 11–15



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**SciVerse ScienceDirect**  
www.sciencedirect.com

Elsevier Masson France  
**EM|consulte**  
www.em-consulte.com/en



ORIGINAL ARTICLE / REMOTE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

### The role of the clinical nurse within a combined stroke and telefibrinolysis network: The G5 pilot study in Burgundy, France

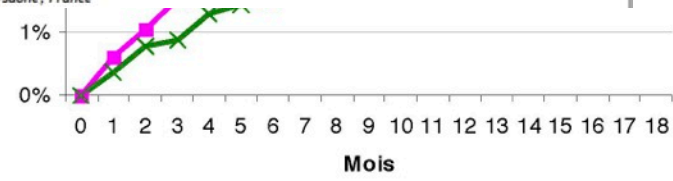
Le rôle de l'infirmier clinique au sein d'un réseau AVC et téléfibrinolyse : l'expérience pilote G5 dans la Bourgogne, France

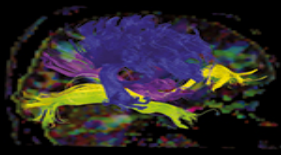
M. Hervieu-Begue<sup>a</sup>, A. Jacquin<sup>a</sup>, G.-V. Osseby<sup>a</sup>,  
C. Quantin<sup>b</sup>, E. Hérail<sup>a</sup>, D. Minier<sup>c</sup>, F. Ricolfi<sup>d</sup>,  
D. Honnart<sup>e</sup>, M. Freysz<sup>e</sup>, A. Barrondeau-Leuret<sup>f</sup>,  
Y. Béjot<sup>a</sup>, B. Mayol<sup>g</sup>, Y. Cottin<sup>g</sup>, B. Lerhun<sup>h</sup>,  
M. Cavalier<sup>h</sup>, M. Giroud<sup>a,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Stroke Unit, Dijon University Hospital, Bocage Central, 14, rue Gaffarel, 21000 Dijon, France  
<sup>b</sup> Service Informatique Médicale, Dijon University Hospital, Bocage Central, 14, rue Gaffarel, 21000 Dijon, France  
<sup>c</sup> Stroke Unit, Centre Hospitalier William-Morey, 4, rue Capitaine-Drillien, 71100 Chalon-sur-Saône, France

Analysis

Stroke r





## Points clés

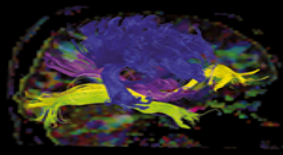
### « Risks – Weakness »

- Accès pour tous les patients
- Hôpital compétition
- Difficultés d'identification des patients AVC
- Compétition entre professionnels (MD, engineering,...)
- Expertises (manque de neurologues, neuro-radiologues technique, ....)
- Guidelines / Multidisciplinarité
- Financements :
  - fragmented sources?
  - Identical whatever organisation?
- ....

### « Positive aspects »

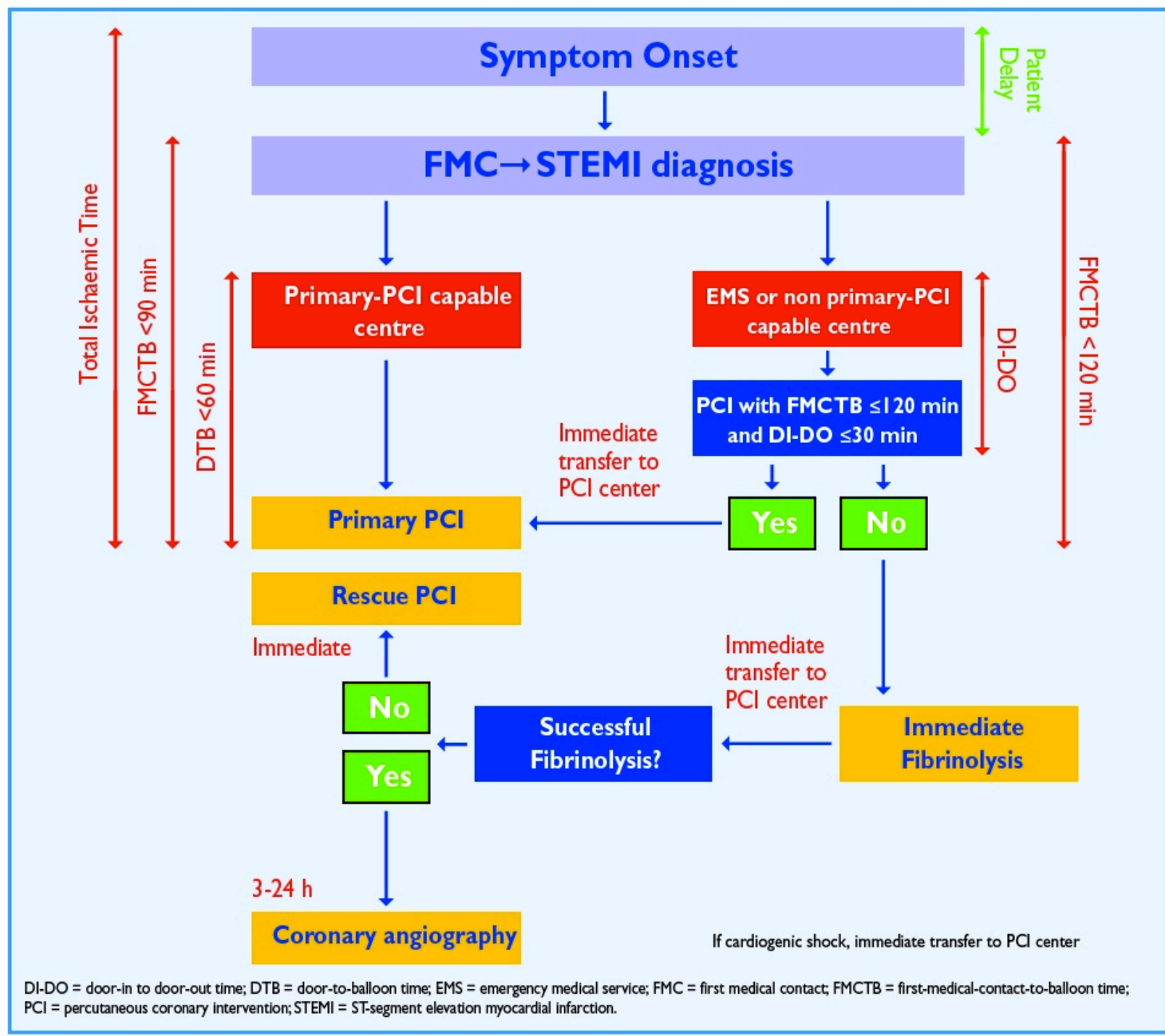
- Patients présents à l'hôpital
- Hôpital organisation
- Formation pour l'identification des patients AVC
- Liens entre professionnels
- Expertises (*stroke unit cornerstone of the network; State-of-the-art of IT supports*)
- Procédures / process partagés
- Financements:
  - Shared
  - According to organisation
- ....



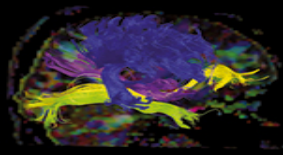


## Conclusion

- Public information / éducation (C15)
- Organisation des filières et des réseaux
- Accès complet à l'UNV (direct)
- 'RCP AVC' / Expertise neurovasculaire
- Accès à des avis spécialisés ("Shared Care component")
- Flux d'information bi-directionnel ("Hospital, coordinator, GP, patient and careers")



DI-DO = door-in to door-out time; DTB = door-to-balloon time; EMS = emergency medical service; FMC = first medical contact; FMCTB = first-medical-contact-to-balloon time; PCI = percutaneous coronary intervention; STEMI = ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction.



EMERGENCY  
NEUROLOGY  
NETWORK

RUN/FC

Franche-Comté

EMERGENCY  
NEUROLOGY  
NETWORK

RUN/STROKE

Stroke

- **Federation of Neurological Sciences - University Hospital**

- ✓ Department of Neurology (*Pr F Vuillier, Dr Medeiros*)
- ✓ Department of Neurosurgery (*Pr A Czorny, Dr J Godard*)
- ✓ Department of Radiology (*Pr A Biondi, Dr F Cattin*)
- ✓ Department of Rehabilitation (*Pr B Parratte*)
- ✓ Department of Neurophysiology (*Pr L Tatu*)

- **Scientific and Steering Committees** (GPs, Emergency physicians, Radiologists, Intensive Care Physicians, Neurologists, Engineers, etc)

- **Hospital Coordination (RUN-FC)**

- ✓ **Medical Coordinator:** *Thierry Moulin*
- ✓ **Animator:** *Benjamin Bouamra*
- ✓ **Secretary:** *Valérie Cassard*

- ✓ **Engineering:** *Vincent Bonnans, Alexandre Comte*

- **Follow-up Coordination (RUN-Stroke)**

- ✓ **Private Practice Coordinator:** *Didier Chavot*
- ✓ **Secretary:** *Nadège Vidinha*
- ✓ **Nurse Coordinator:** *Véronique Roy-Cote*
- ✓ **Methodologist-Biostatistician:** *Lina Vaconnet*
- ✓ **Research Assistant:** *Nathalie Elias*
- ✓ **Programmer:** *Richard Renaud*
- **Follow-up Steering Committee**
- **Working groups of different healthcare professionals**