



# My favorite iliac branch

Eric Steinmetz

15 déc 2017

# Conflits d'intérêt

- **Partenariat**
  - Biotronik
  - Cook
  - Gore

# CIA Aneurysm management

- **Open surgical repair**
  - Bypass
  - Exclusion / preservation of hypogastric artery
- **Limitations**

Patients unsuitable for open

Higher early (30 days) morbidity / mortality (vs EVAR)

surgical time, blood loss, ICU stay, hospital stay.

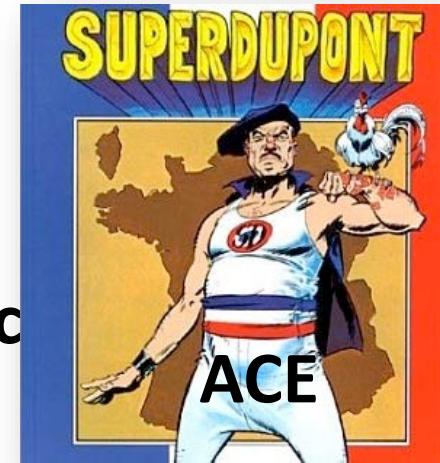
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# IIA

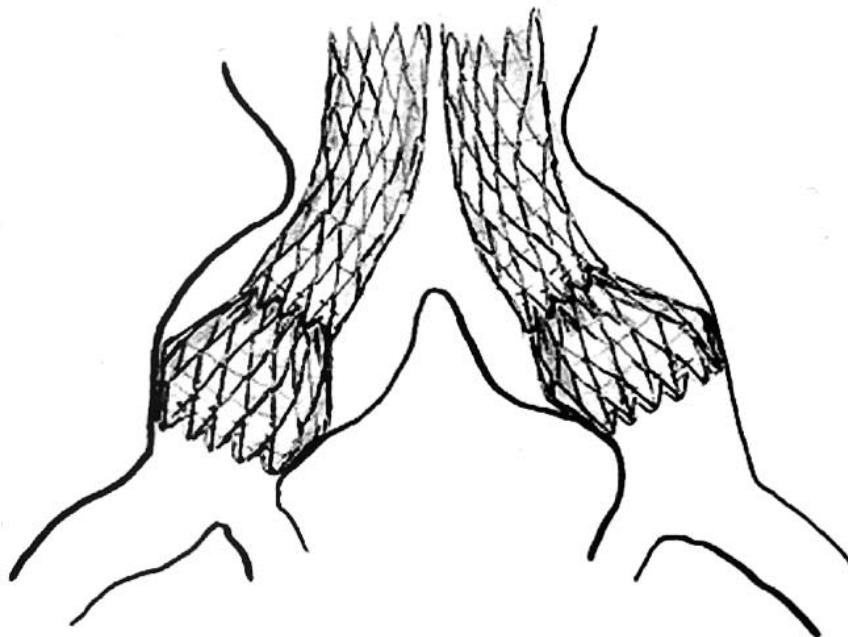
- CIA distal diameter > 20 mm → ?
  - Bell bottom → bad outcome
  - Embolization ?
  
- Risks of IIA embolization : « coil & cover »
  - Buttock claudication (up to 56%)
  - Colic ischaemia (up to 9%)
  - Perineal necrosis
  - Erectile dysfunction
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**“Why should we initiate gluteal claudication, which is difficult to treat and avoidable in 50% of aneurysm patients, instead of trying to treat it using all available techniques for peripheral artery disease patients?”.**

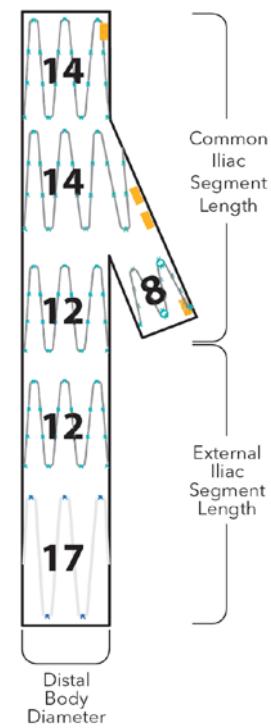
# sandwich

- Off label « bricolage »
- Potential compression of parallel grafts
- Requires upper limb access
- Fate of gutters ?



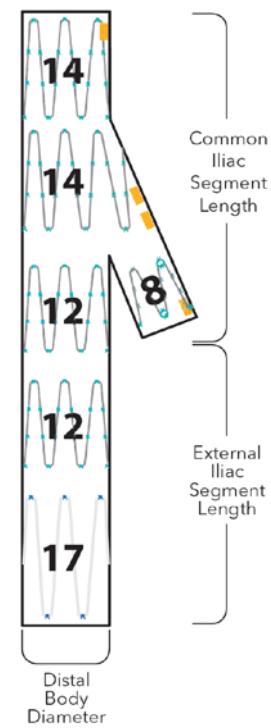
# Zbis (Cook)

- CE mark 2006
- Single component & addition of bridge stent
  - Atrium V12, Bard Fluency, Viabahn, etc
- Size range
  - prox diameter : 12 mm
  - CIA length : 45/61 mm
  - EIA length : 41/58 mm
  - Total graft length : 86/102/103/119 mm
  - distal diameter : 10/12 mm



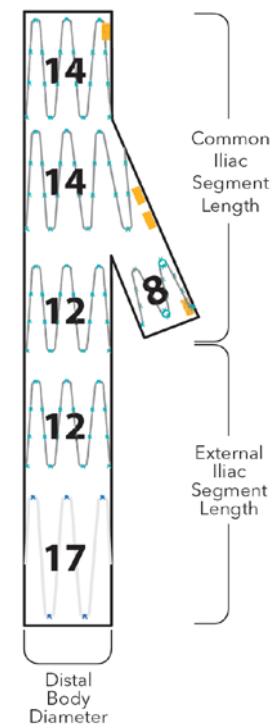
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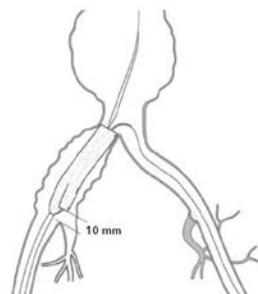
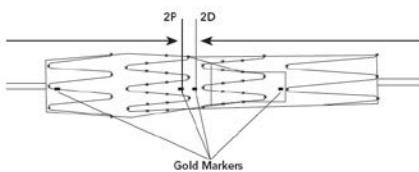
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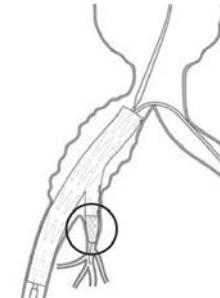
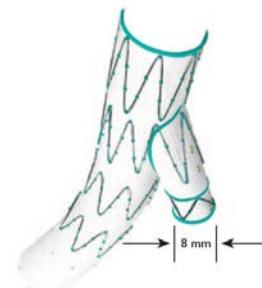
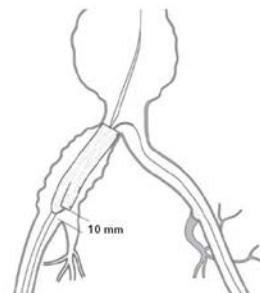
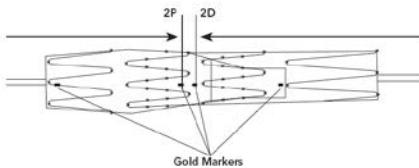
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- Anatomic requirements
  - 20F ipsilat & 12F contralat
  - EIA diameter 8 - 11 mm & seal zone > 20 mm
  - Hypog A
    - diameter according to manufacturer IFU
    - > 10 mm sealing zone



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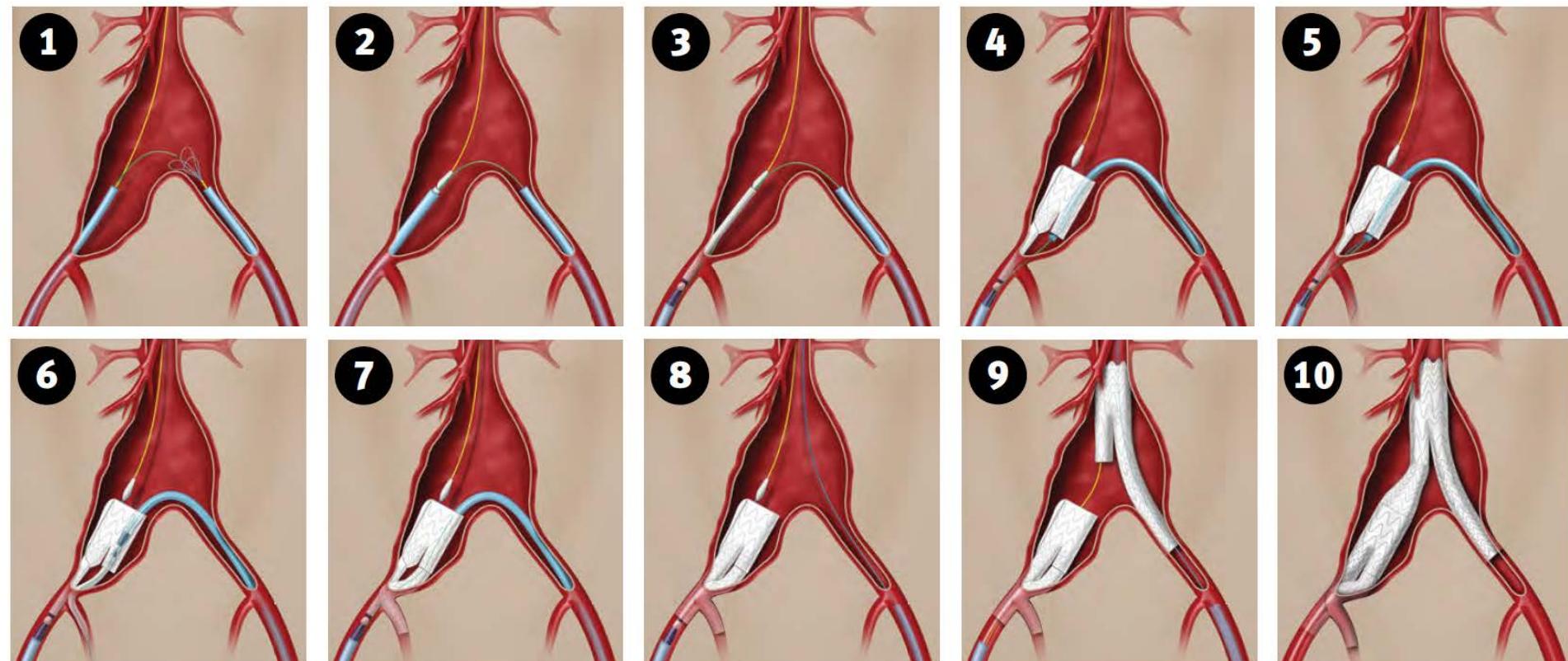
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# IBE (Gore)

- CE mark 2014
- 2 pieces device
- Size range
  - proximal diameter : 23 mm
  - Overall length : 100 mm
  - distal diameter : 10/12/14.5 mm

# IBE Deployment

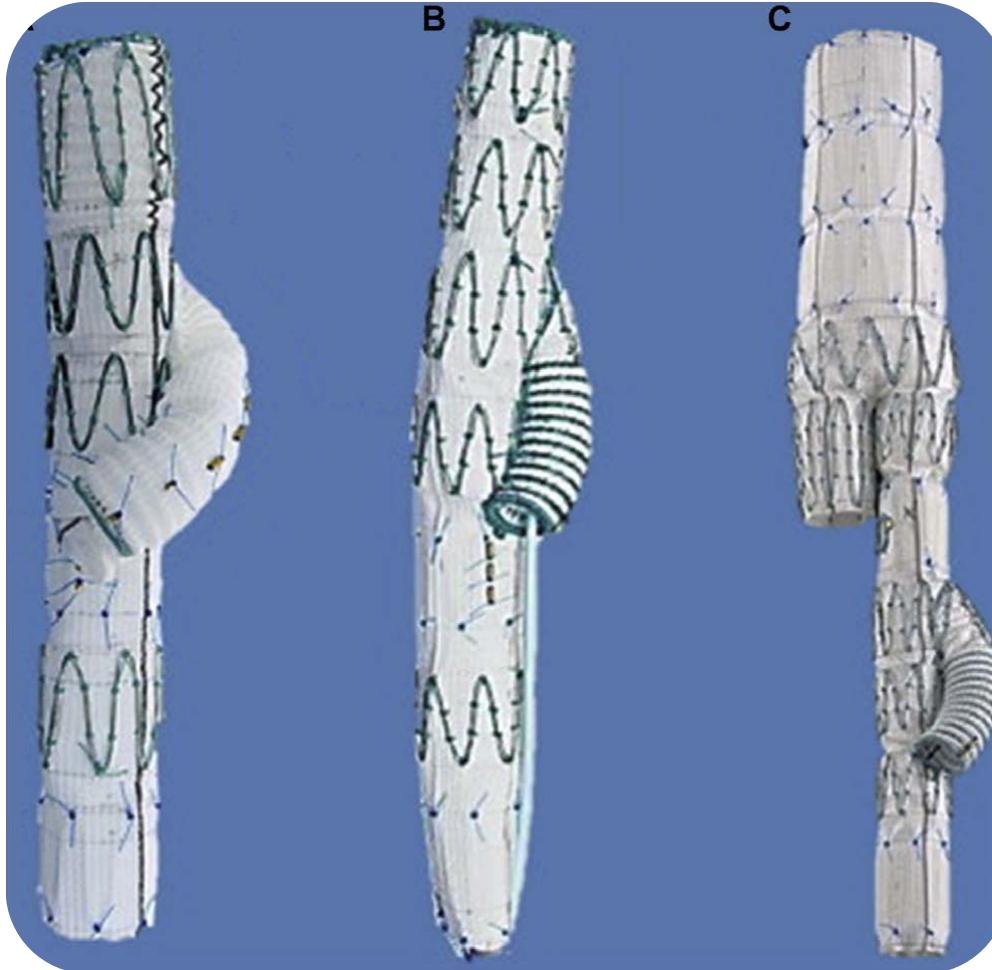


# E-iliac (Jotec)

- No reimbursement in France
- Needs a bridging stent



# Helical Zbis (Cook USA)



# Literature

**Simonte G, EJVES 2017 (Perugia)**

**2006 – 2016**

**n=157 IBDs in 149 pts (isolated IBD in 17,8%)**

**134 Zbis & 23 IBE (as of 2013)**

**Technical success : 97,5%**

**1 type Ib EL, 1 type III EL (disconnection), 1 IB thrombosis, 1 IB dissection**

**3 asymptomatic IB occlusion @ discharge (<30 days)**

<b>Primary patency</b>	<b>94% @ 5y</b>	(nb@risk = 49/157)
	<b>92% @ 9y</b>	(nb@risk = 4/157)

**Predictors for reintervention : hypog aneurysm**

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  - Patient selection mistakes
    - underestimated tortuosity
    - Thrombus burden
  - Intra operative mistakes
    - Maldeployment
    - Uncorrected graft angulation
    - Inappropriate landing
    - Embolization during catheter manipulations
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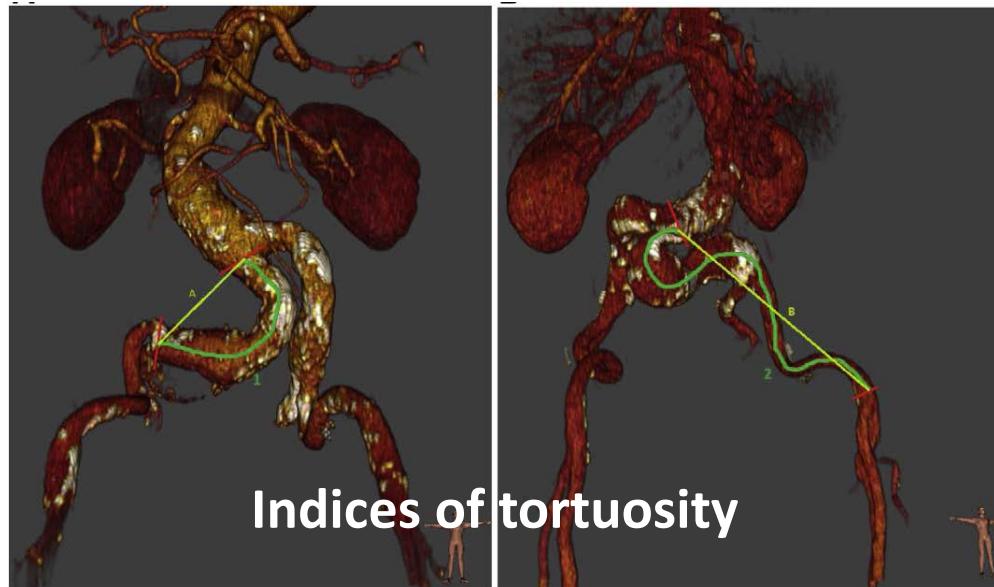
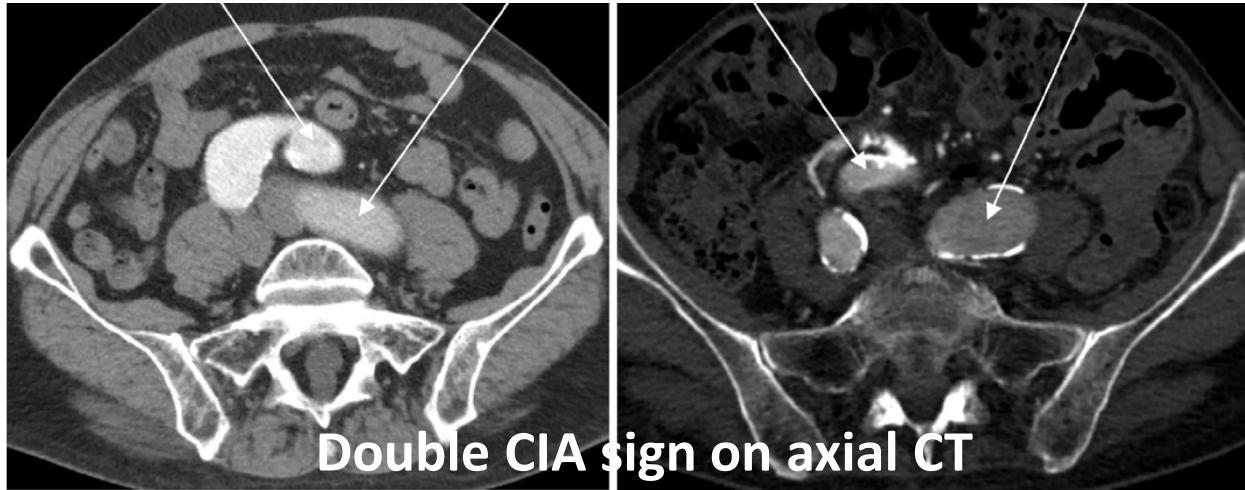
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- **Learning curve**
  - Respect landing zone length
    - Between hypogastric stents
    - In the distal hypogastric artery
  - Avoid excessive iliac tortuosity (EIA++)



# Literature

- **Della Schiava, AVS, 2016**
  - Comparison IBE / Zbis
    - IBE
      - more conformable with the anatomy
      - Less shortening of the iliac length

# Conclusion

- **Zbis : *the standard of care***
  - Rigid
  - Bridge stenting
  - Data++
- **IBE : *the high flyer***
  - Conformability, behavior in tortuosity
  - One piece
  - Long term ?

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**iliacs**