



RESCUE PROCEDURES TO TREAT STROKE AFTER CAS OR CEA

E. JEAN-BAPTISTE,

Y. CHAU, J. SEDAT, MH. MAHAGNE, R.
HASSEN-KHODJA, L. SUISSA



UNIVERSITÉ CÔTE D'AZUR 

Service de Chirurgie Vasculaire
Service de Neuroradiologie Interventionnelle
Unité de Neurologie Vasculaire

Phones: 06 50 05 37 29 // 06 88 46 48 89

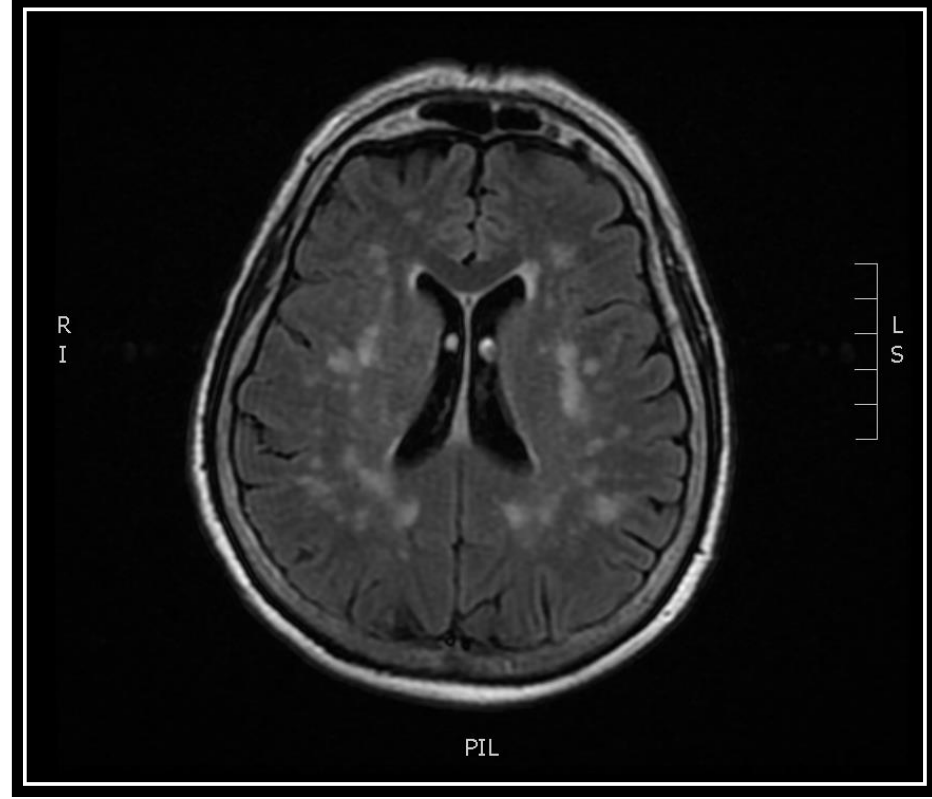
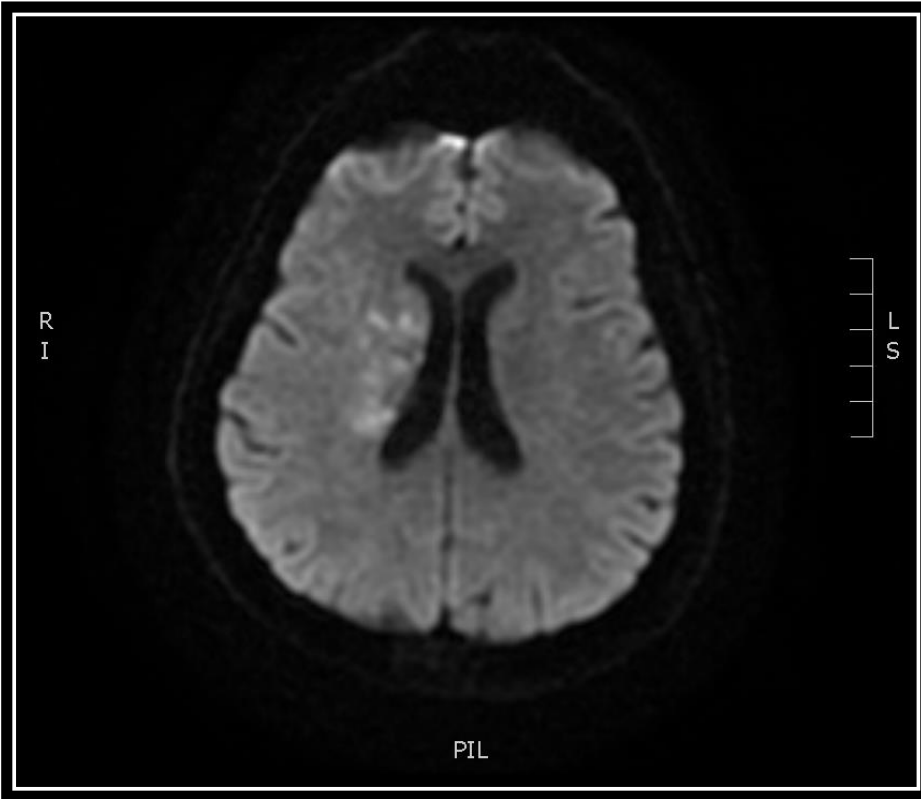
Disclosure of Interest

I do not have any potential conflict of interest with respect to this topic

CASE study (1)

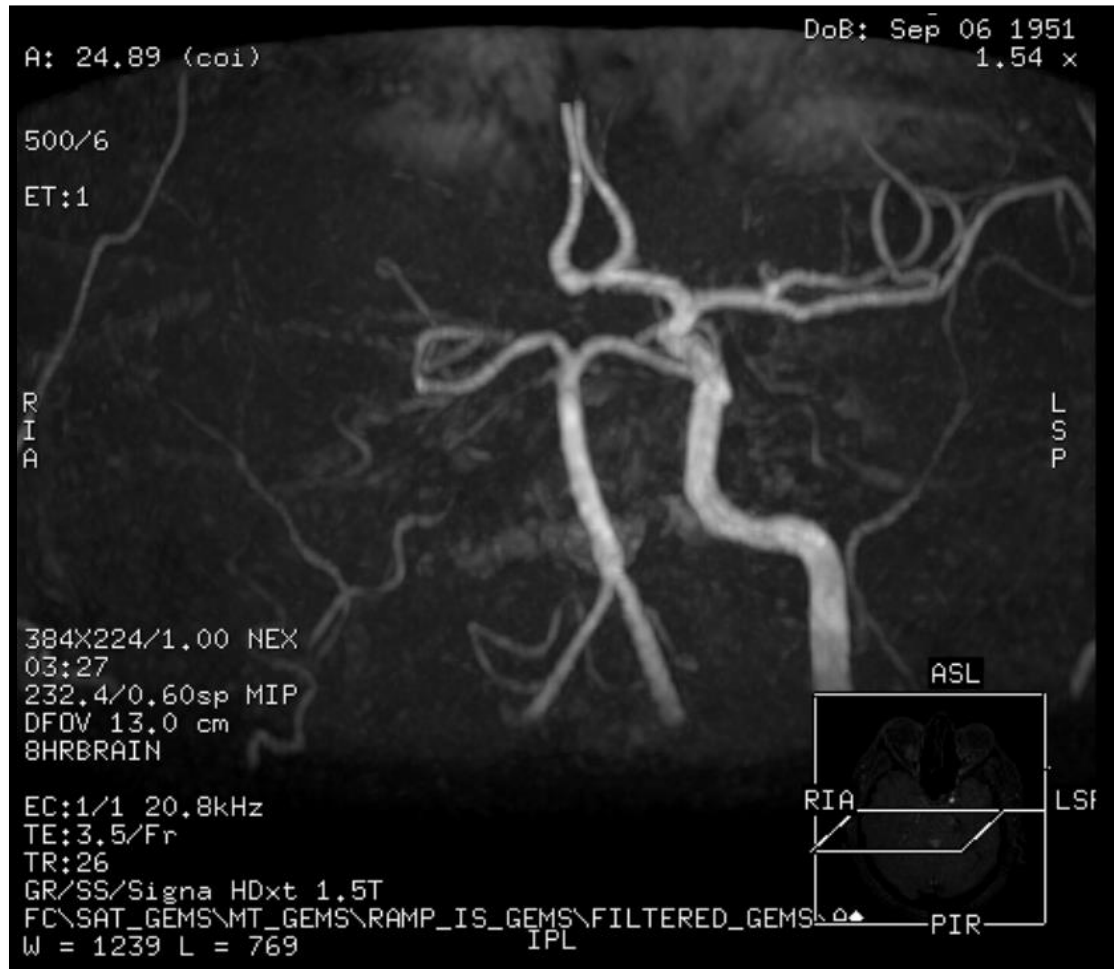
- 61 year-old female patient
- 70% right asymptomatic carotid stenosis
- 50-60% left ICA stenosis
- Right TEA + patch under general anesthesia
- Shunt because of unfavourable cerebral oxymetry (NIRS: 15% drop)
- Initial normal neurological exam in the post-anesthesia recovery room
- 4 hours later: massive left frank hemiplegia, facial palsy and aphasia

Immediate Brain MRI



- DWI-FLAIR mismatch:
 - Positive DWI: Increased signal/ deep territory of the right middle cerebral artery
 - Negative FLAIR

Immediate Brain MRI



- Left internal carotid occluded
- Lack of flow in the middle cerebral artery

Angio Suite



[REDACTED]

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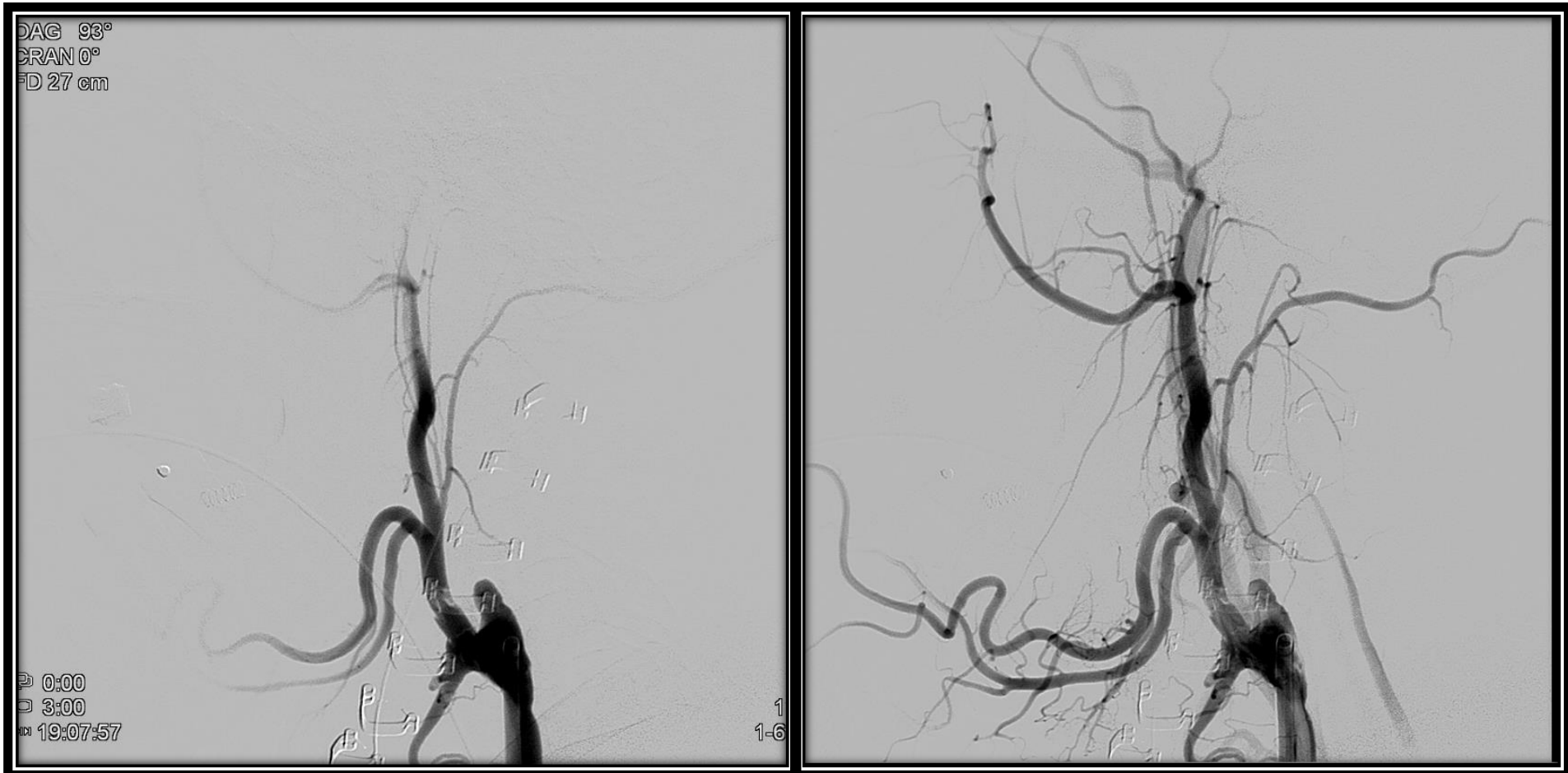
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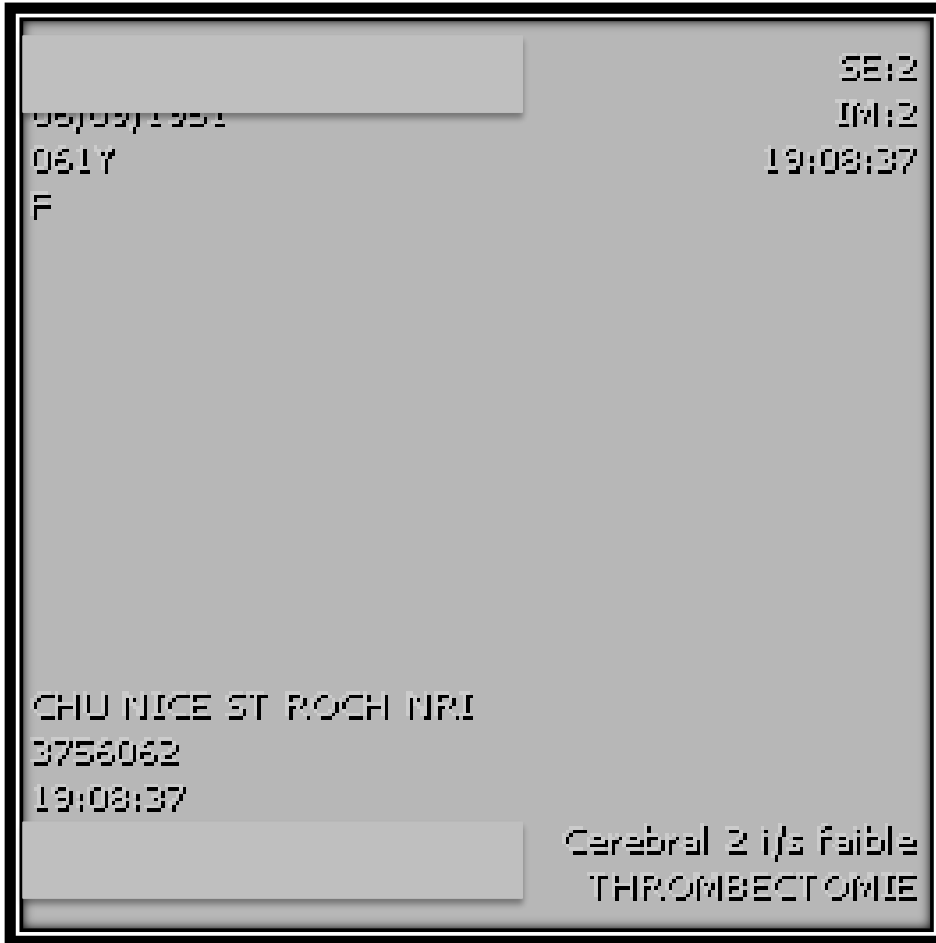
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Cerebral 2 i/s faible
THROMBECTOMIE

Angio Suite

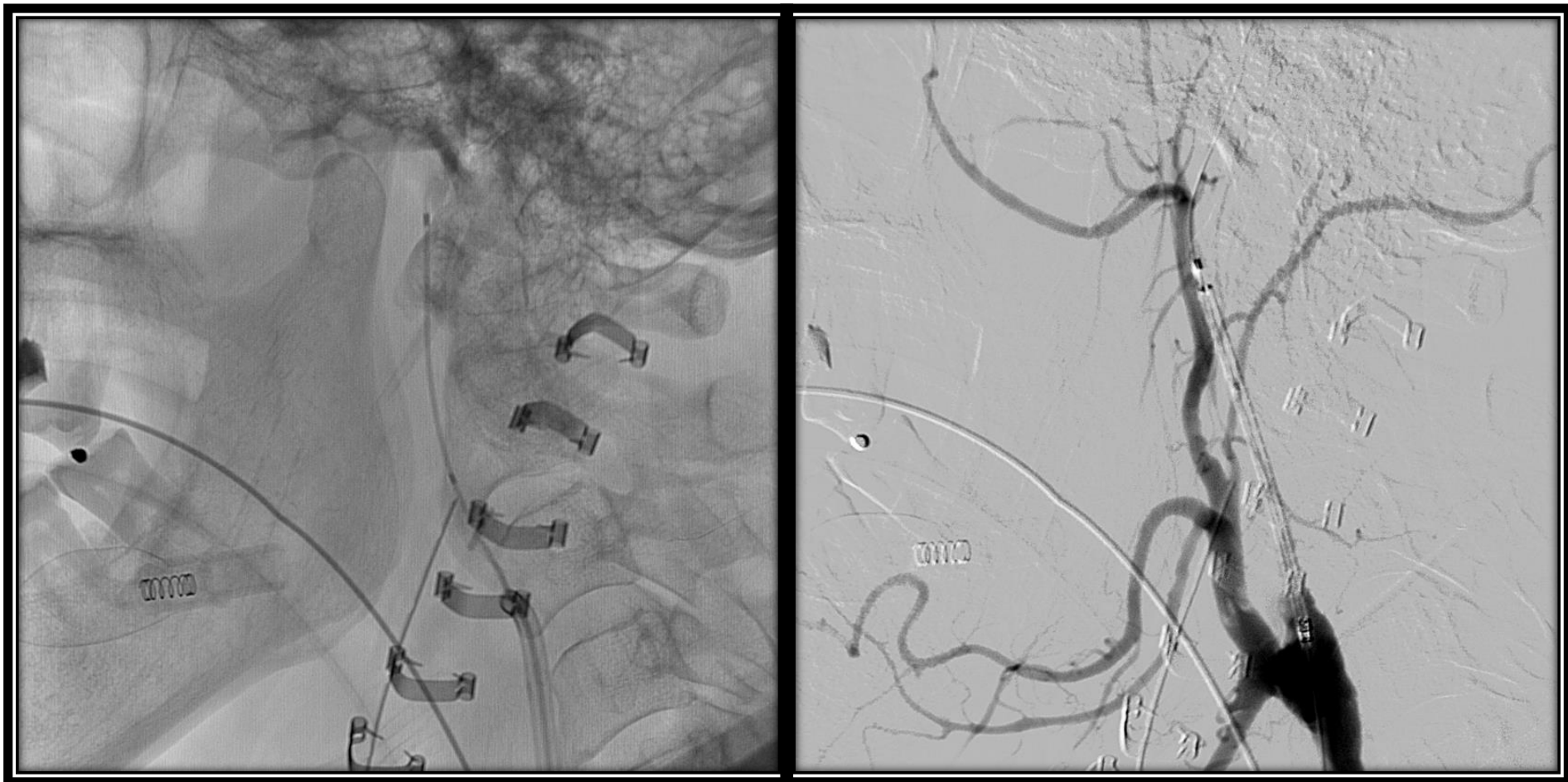


Angio Suite

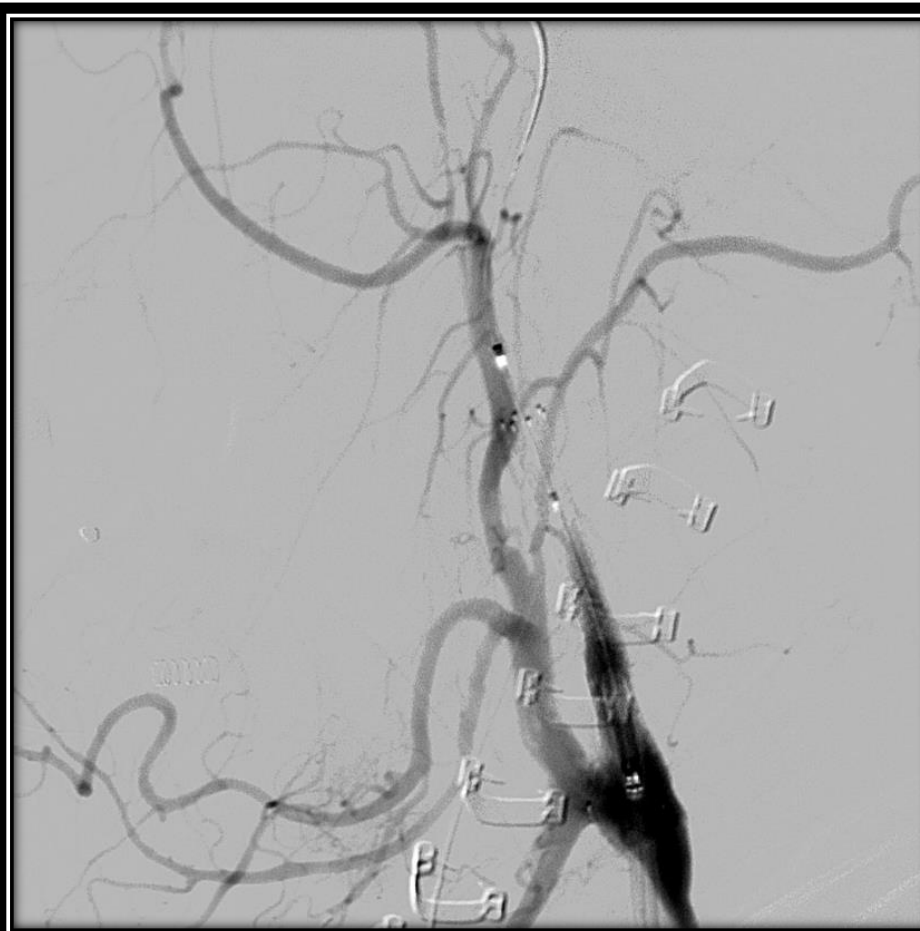


- Missed A1 segment of the anterior cerebral artery!

Angio Suite



Angio Suite



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Cerebral 2 i/s faible
THROMBECTOMIE

Angio Suite



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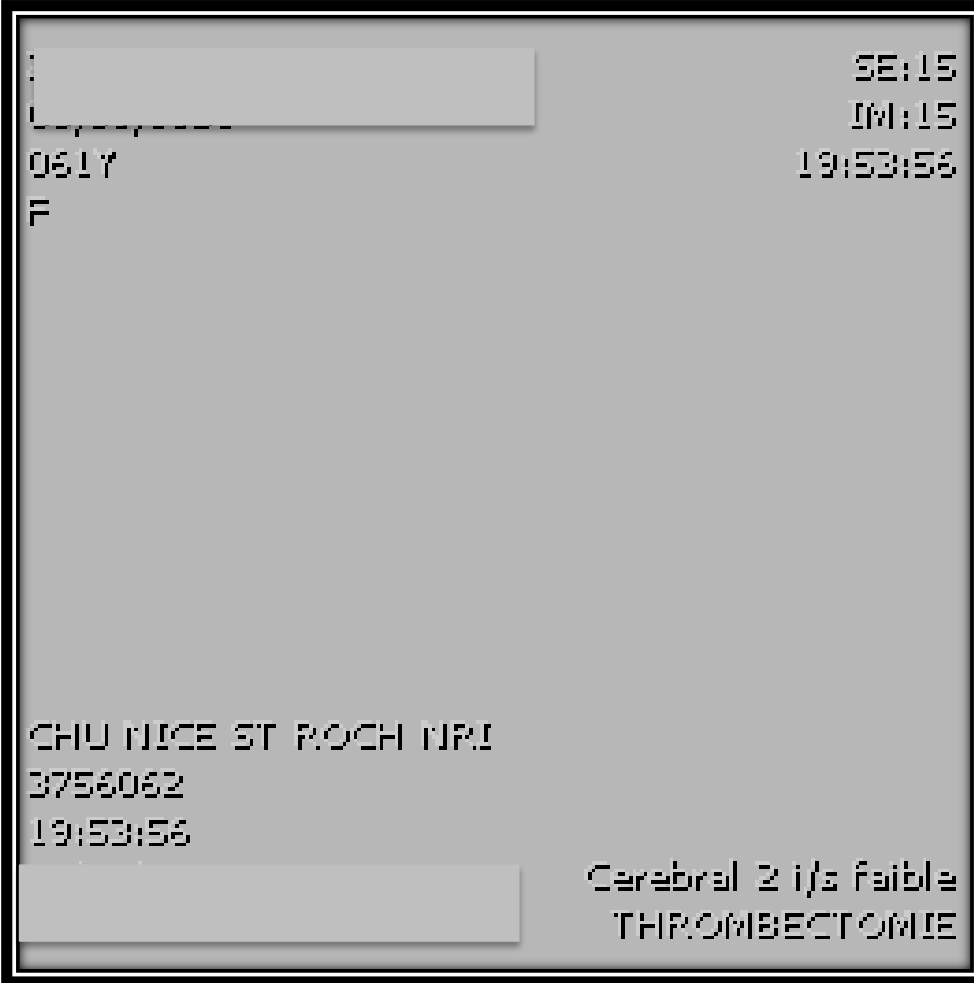
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27/05/2013

Cerebral 2 i/s faible
THROMBECTOMIE

Angio Suite



- Both anterior cerebral arteries come from the left
- 2 small peripheral emboli
- Satisfactory perfusion of the middle cerebral artery

Outcome

- NIHSS before the rescue procedure: 22
 - Left hemiplegia, facial palsy, aphasia, left hemianopsia, conjugate eye deviation
- 24 hours later, NIHSS: 7
 - Mild facial palsy, aphasia
- 48 hours later, full recovery, NIHSS: 0
- Cplogidogrel + ASA

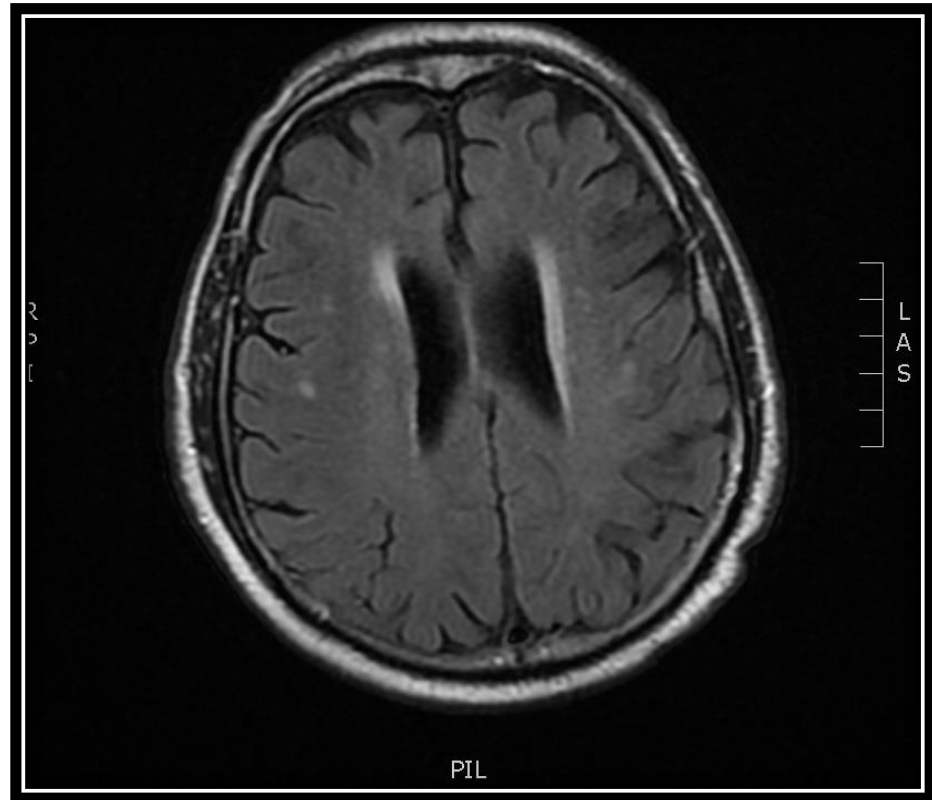
Case study (2)

- 82 year-old male patient
- 80% NASCET right ICA stenosis
- Past medical history
 - Coronary stenting // ischemic cardiopathy
 - LVEF: 50%
 - Moderate chronic renal insufficiency
- TEA + Patch
- No shunt (NIRS ok)
- Left hemiplegia at emergence from anesthesia

Immediate Brain MRI



AX DWI



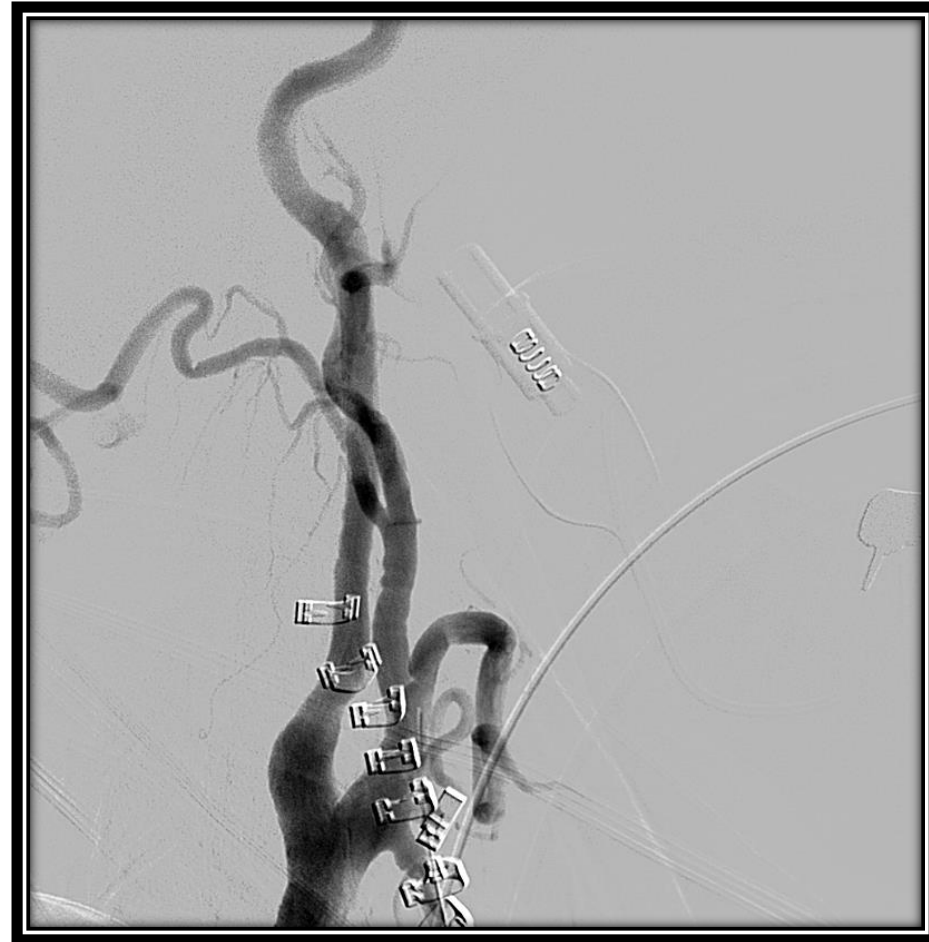
AX T2 FLAIR

- DWI-FLAIR mismatch:
 - Positive DWI: Increased signal in the superficial territory of the middle cerebral artery
 - Negative FLAIR

Immediate Brain MRI

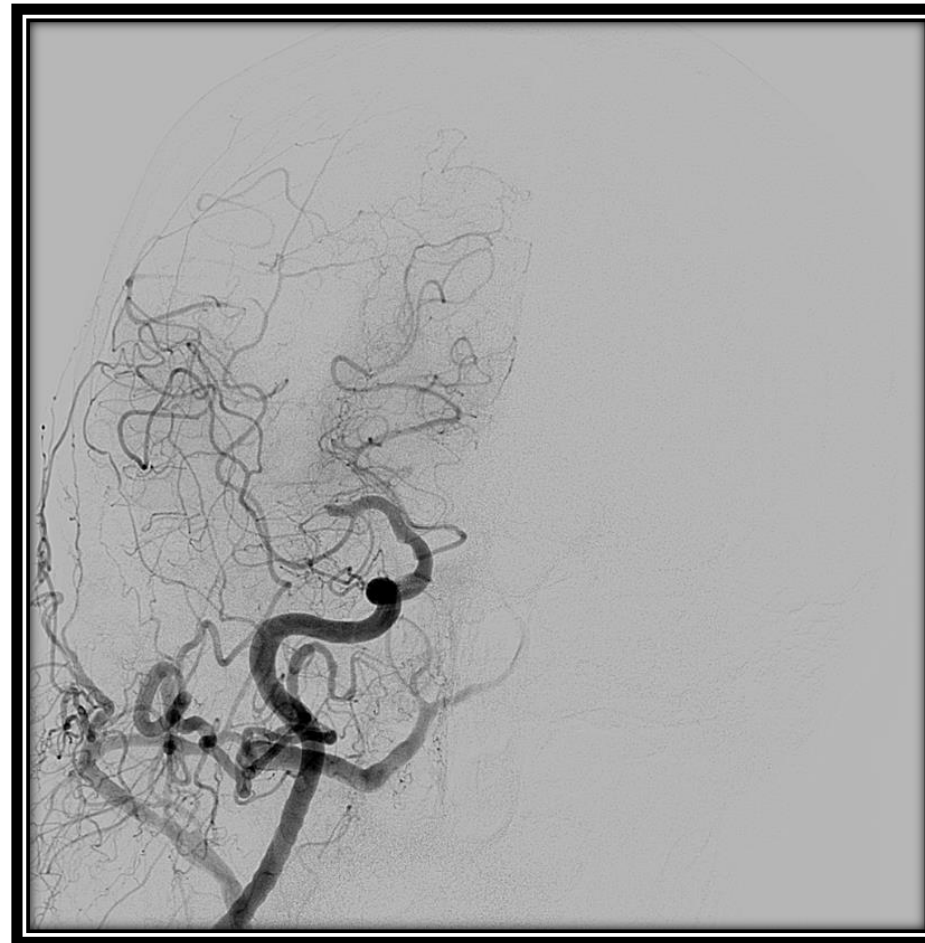
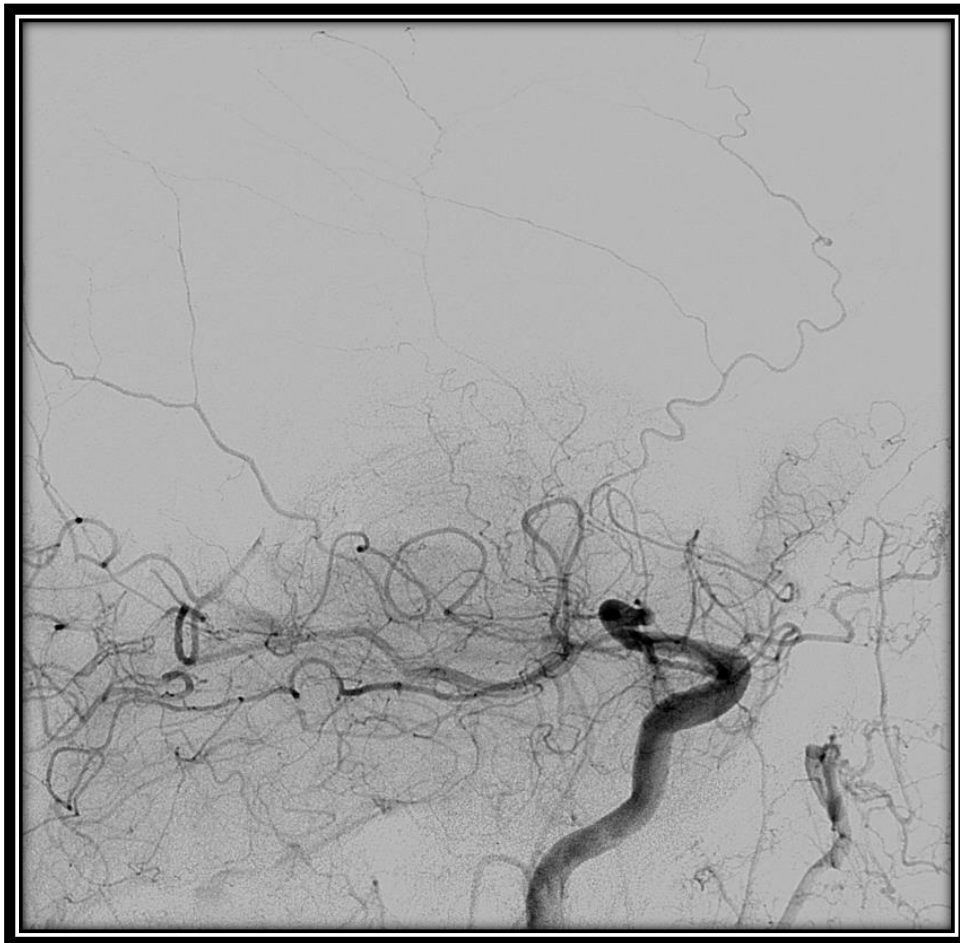


3D TOF



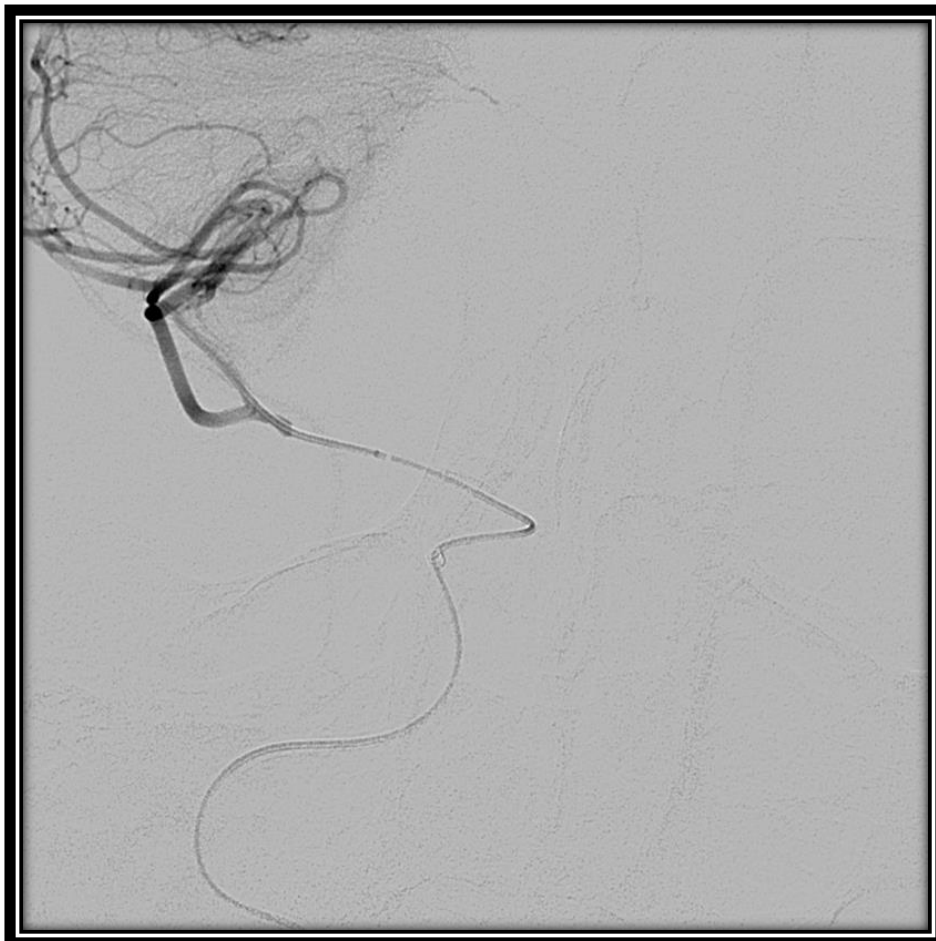
- Lack of flow in the M1 segment of the middle cerebral artery

Angio Suite

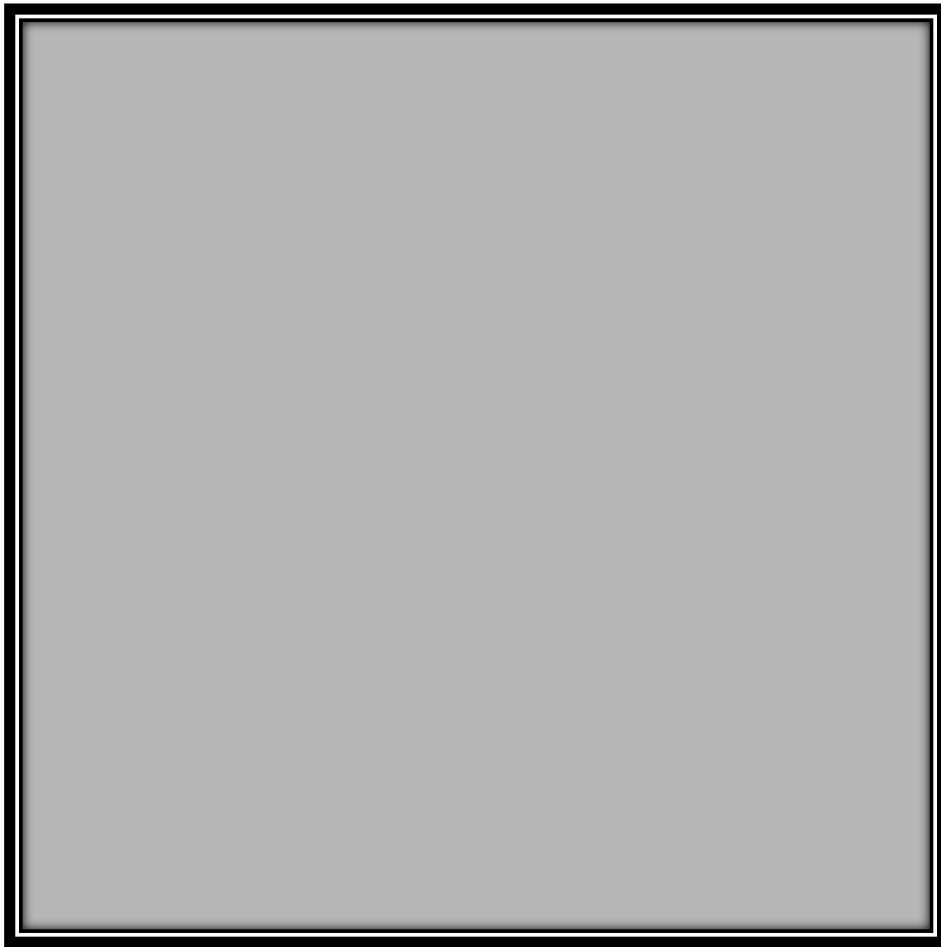


- Confirmation of occluded M1 // embolus

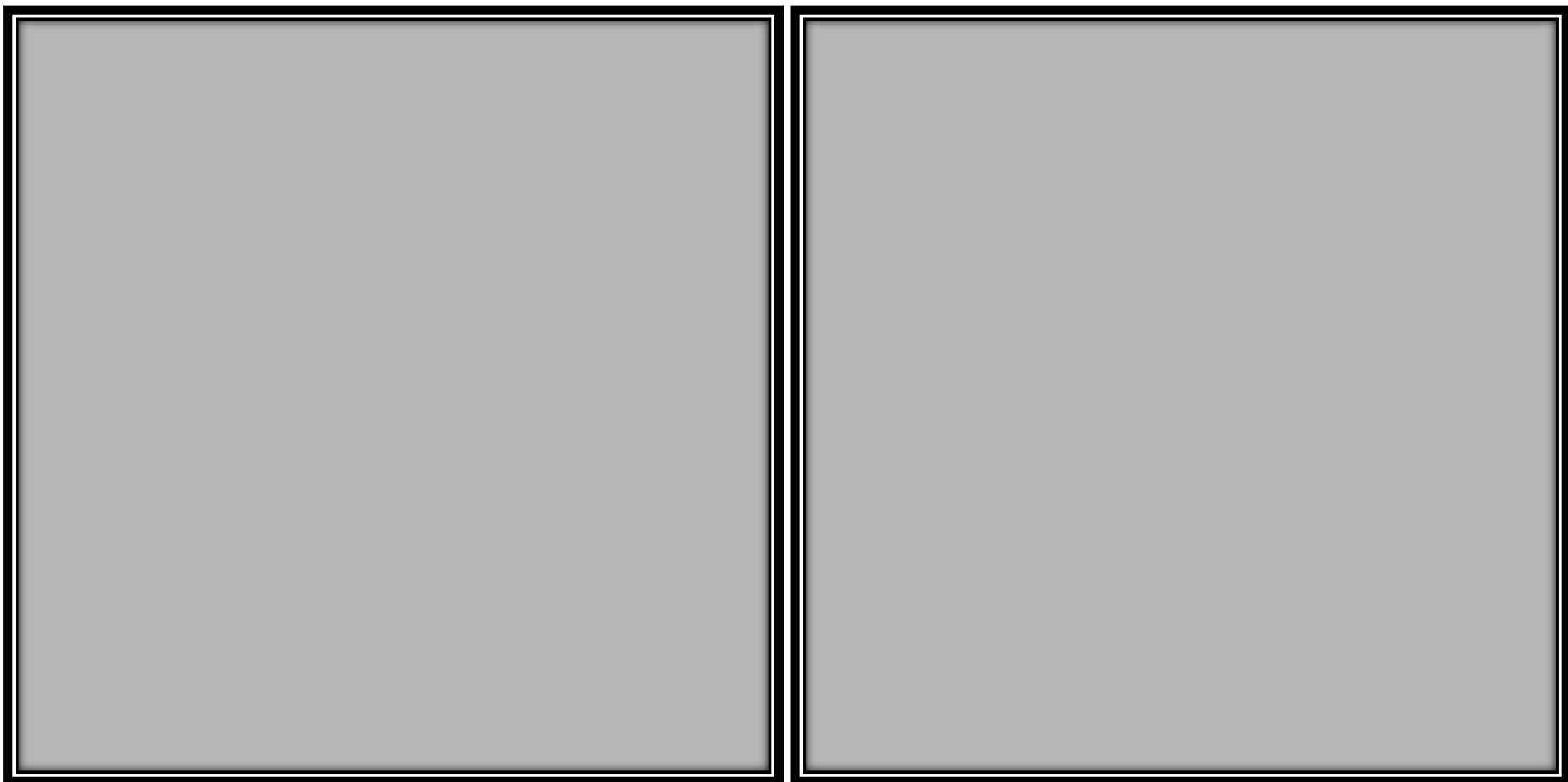
Angio Suite



Angio Suite



Angio Suite

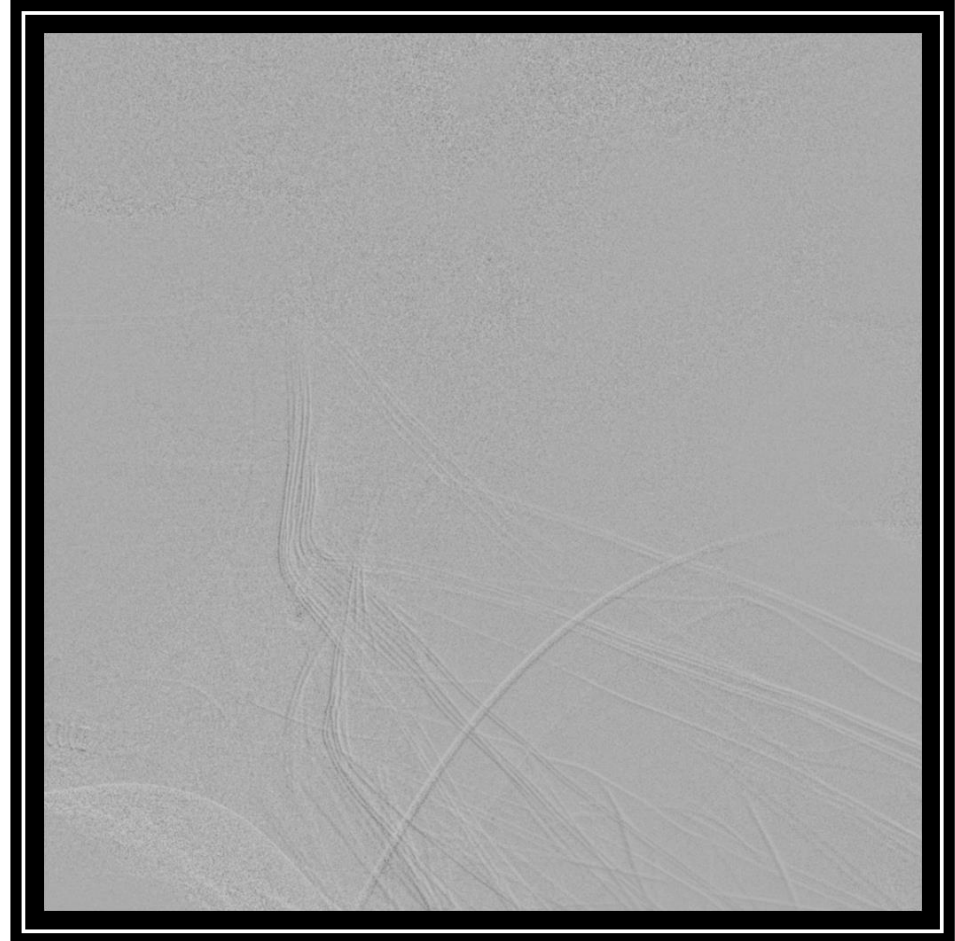


Outcome

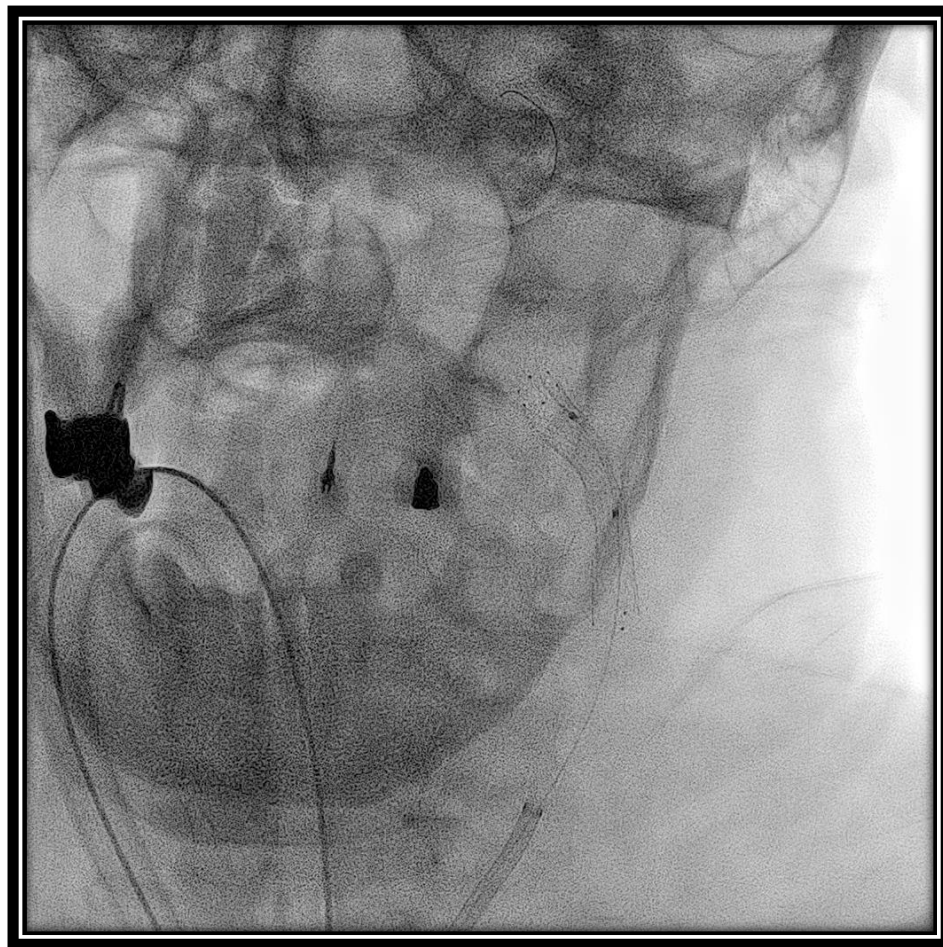
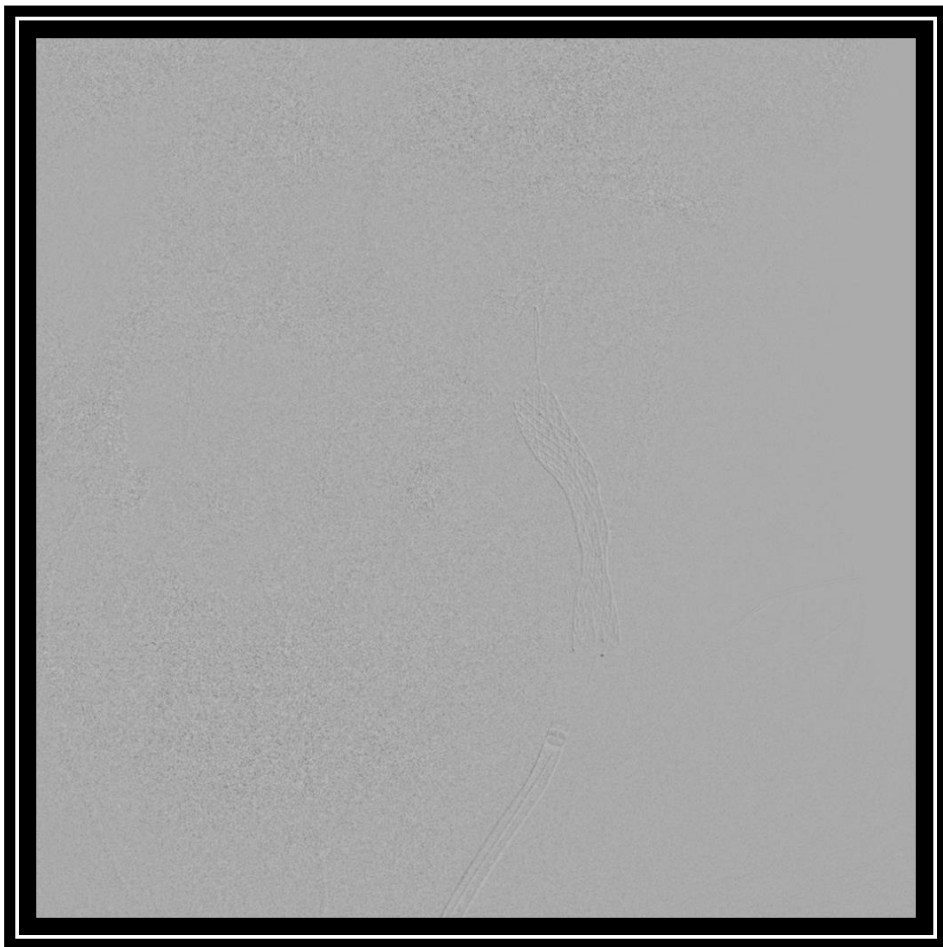
- NIHSS before the rescue procedure: 14
 - Left hemiplegia, facial palsy, anarthria,
- Few minutes later, NIHSS: 4
 - Mild facial palsy, mild dysarthria, upper limb paresis
- At discharge, full recovery, NIHSS: 0

CASE study (3)

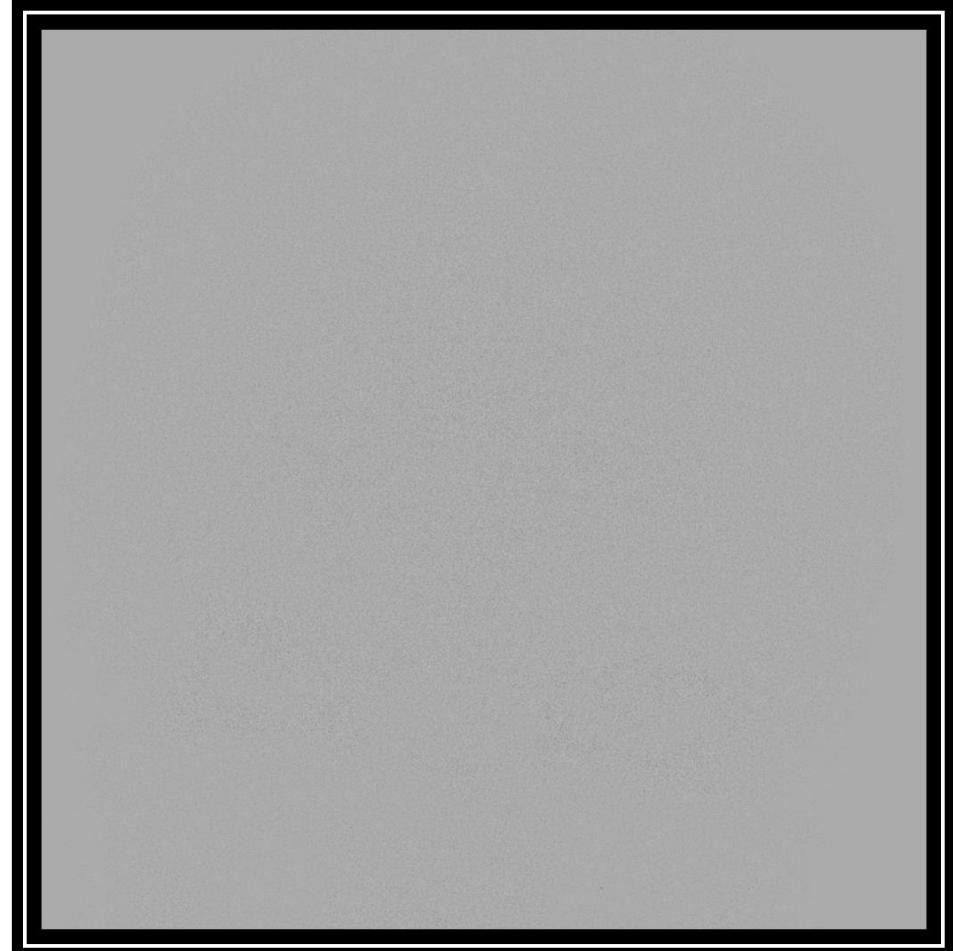
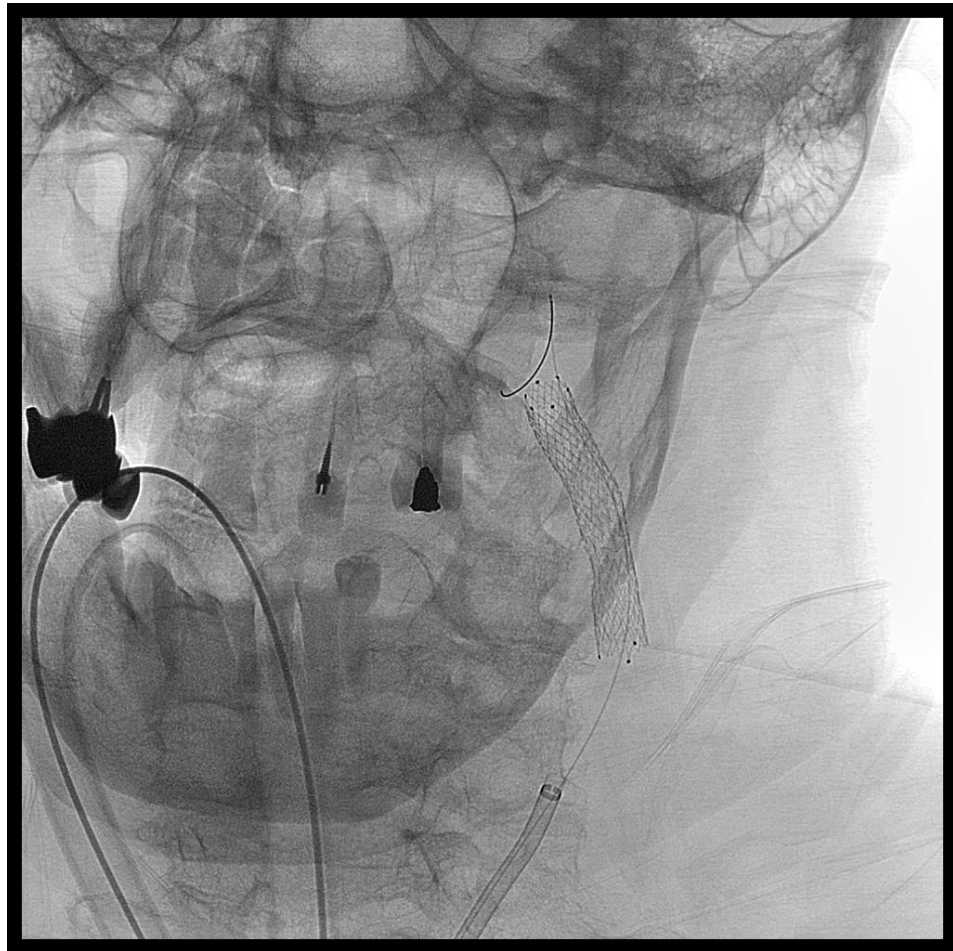
- 78 year-old female patient
- Right hemiplegia & aphasia
- MRI:
 - Increased signal in the superficial territory of the mid cerebral artery
 - ICA occluded
 - Mid cerebral art occluded
- Thrombolysis



Carotid Artery Stenting

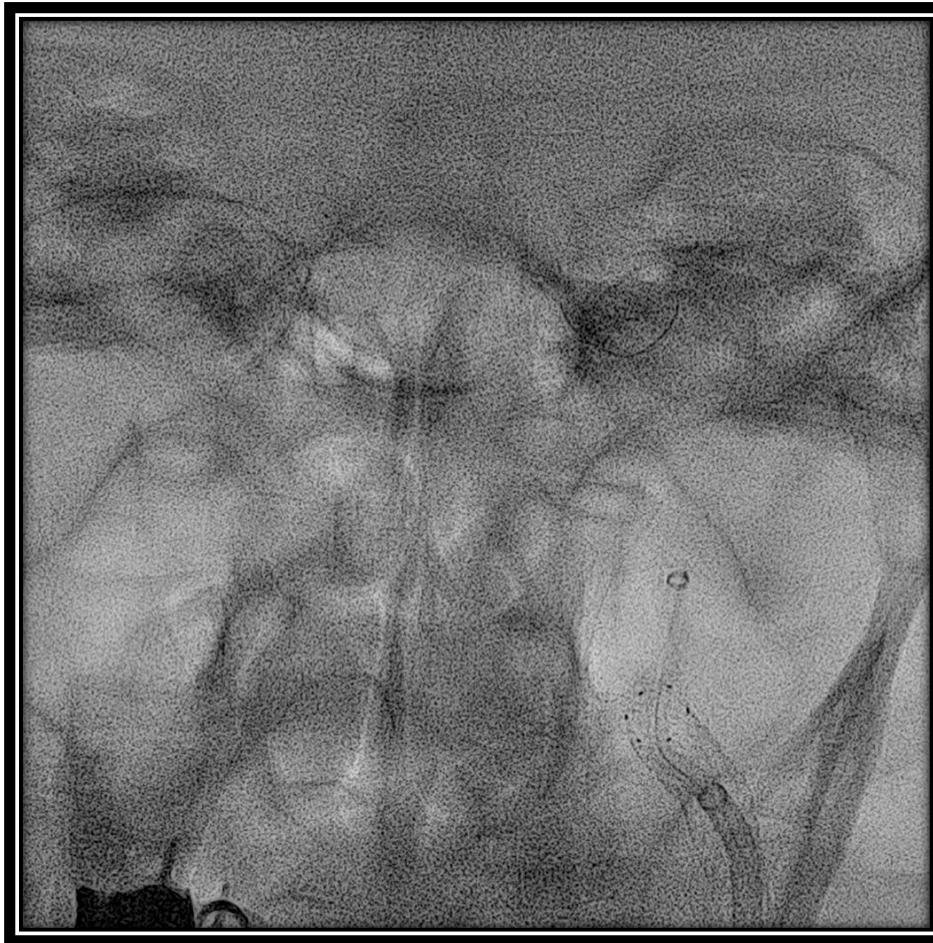


Carotid Artery Stenting



- M1 occlusion

Endovascular thrombectomy

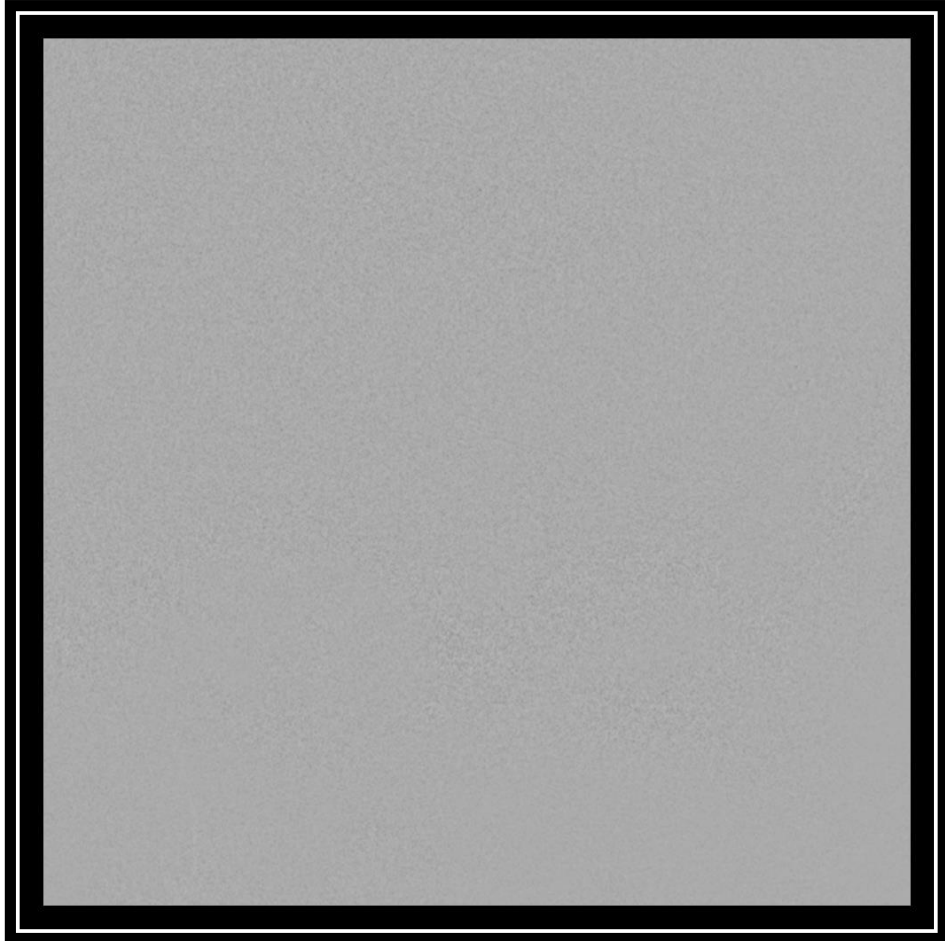


- SOFIA aspiration 6F KT
(in the siphon)



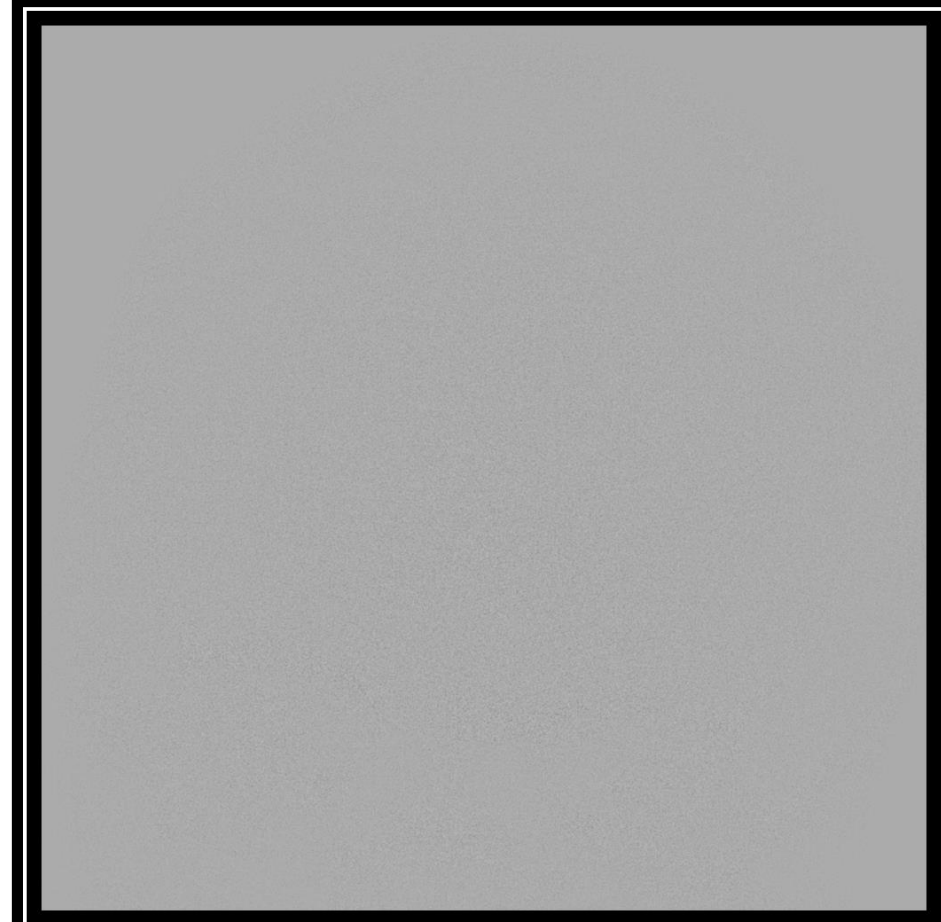
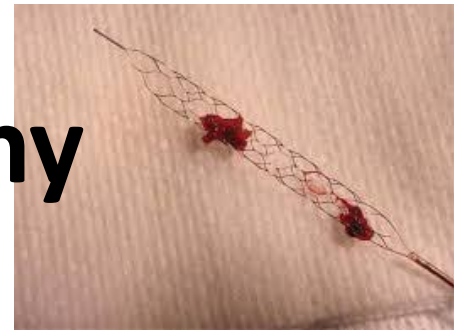
- Velocity micro KT
(beyond the thrombus)

Endovascular thrombectomy



- Trevo Stent Retriever 4X20

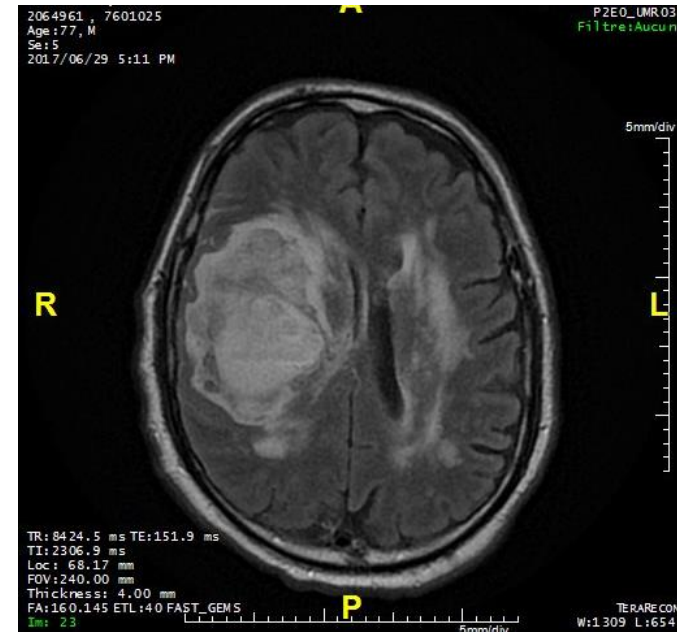
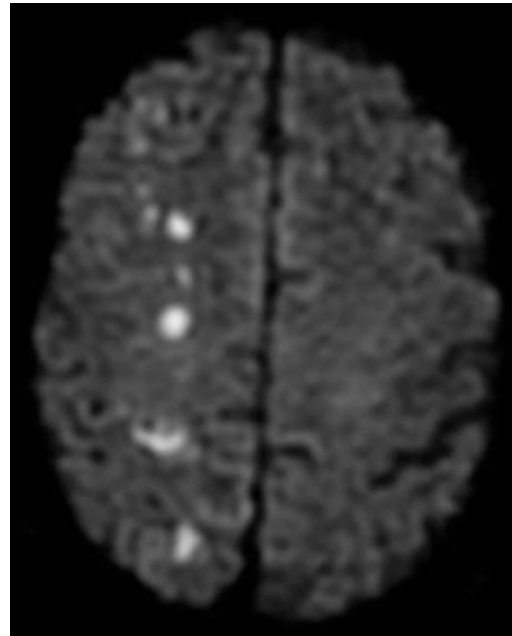
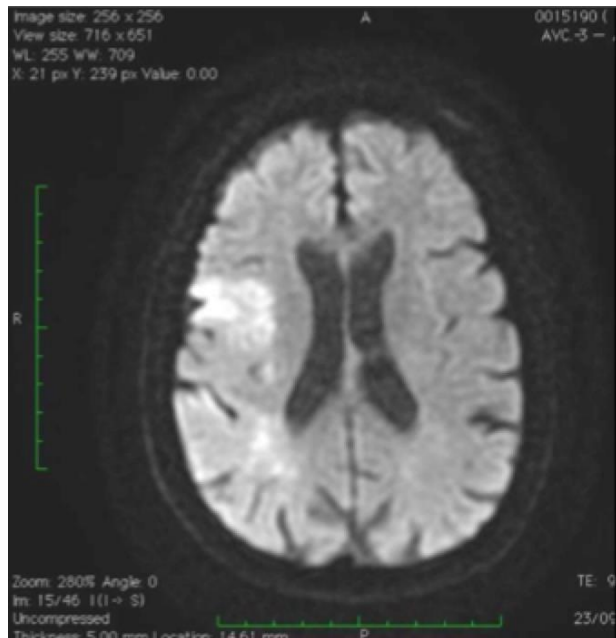
Endovascular thrombectomy



- TICI 3

Post TEA Strokes

- ❖ Thromboembolic ($\approx 55\%$)
- ❖ Hemodynamic (ICA clamping insult) ($\approx 35\%$)
- ❖ Reperfusion ($\approx 10\%$)



Post TEA Strokes

Vasc Endovascular Surg. 2017 Oct;51(7):485-490. doi: 10.1177/1538574417723482. Epub 2017 Aug 28.

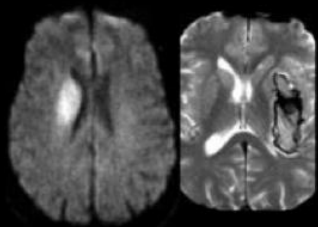
Patterns of Acute Ischemic Strokes After Carotid Endarterectomy and Therapeutic Implications.

Lareyre F^{1,2}, Raffort J^{2,3}, Weill C⁴, Marsé C⁴, Suissa L⁴, Chikande J¹, Hassen-Khodja R¹, Jean-Baptiste E¹.

Multiparametric MRI

Ischemic vs
hemorrhagic
stroke

DWI/T2*

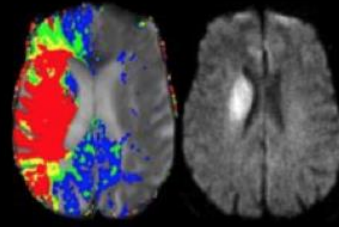


MR
angiography



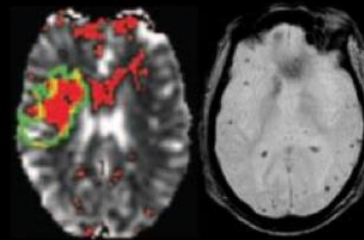
Ischemic
penumbra

DWI/PWI



Risk of
intracranial
hemorrhage

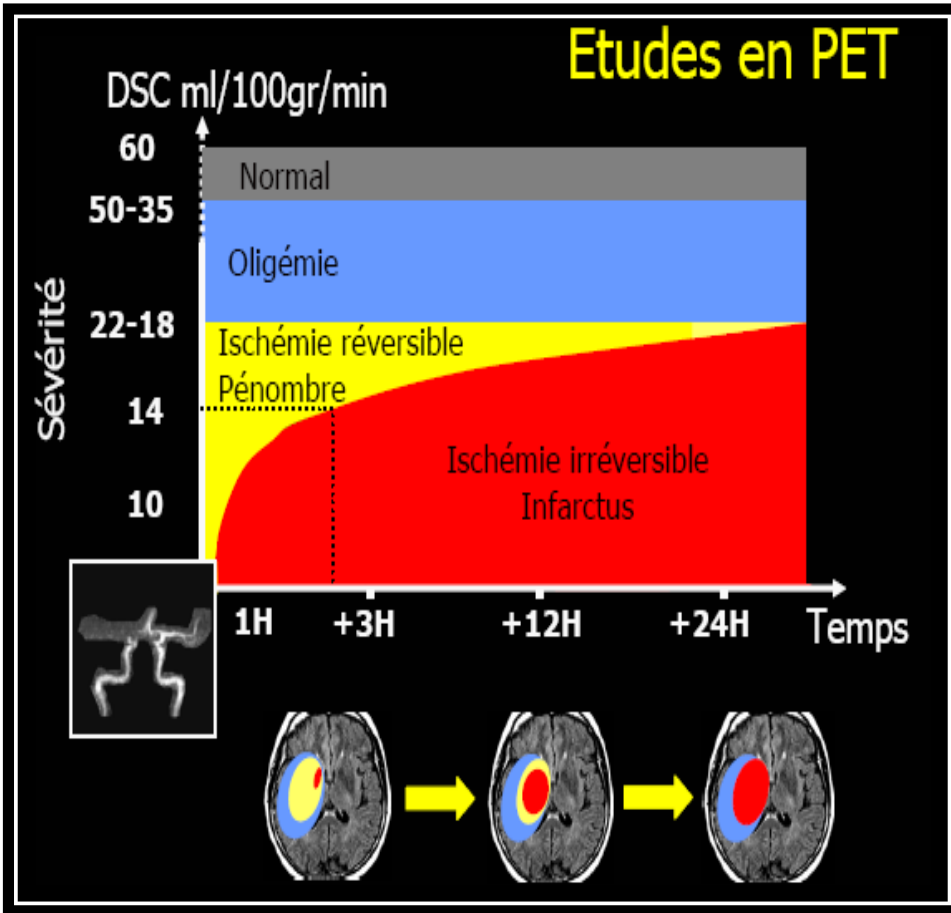
DWI, PWI, T2*



3dTOF

- Advantages of immediate MRI in contradiction with ESVS guidelines which votes for immediate redo surgery!

Post TEA Strokes



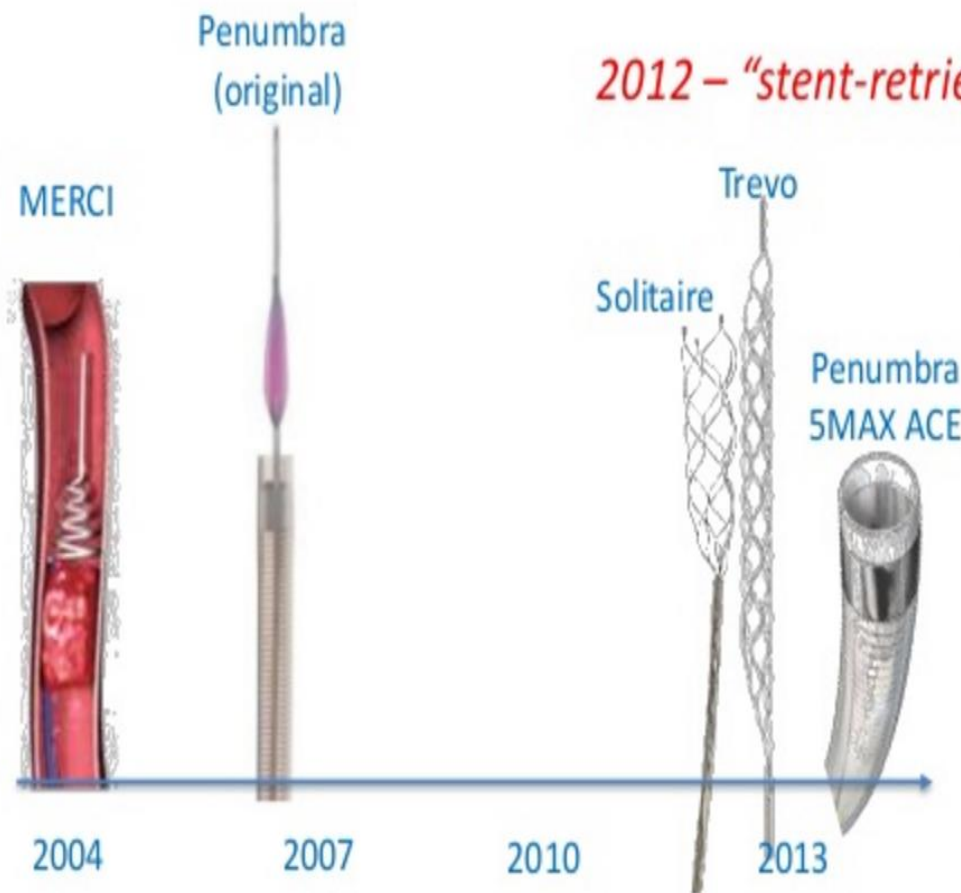
➔ Restore the cerebral flow

➔ « Rescue » the ischemic penumbra



Post TEA Strokes

- Thrombolysis contraindicated
- Significant material improvement → positive endovascular thrombectomy trials



2012 – “stent-retrievers”

2013 – large bore aspiration

| | | |
|---|-------------|------------------------------------|
| X | IMS-3 | N Engl J Med. 2013; 368: 893-903. |
| X | SYNTHESIS | N Engl J Med. 2013; 368: 904-13. |
| X | MR RESCUE | N Engl J Med. 2013; 368: 914-23. |
| ✓ | MR CLEAN | N Engl J Med. 2015; 372: 11-20. |
| ✓ | EXTEND-IA | N Engl J Med. 2015; 372: 1009-18. |
| ✓ | ESCAPE | N Engl J Med. 2015; 372: 1019-30. |
| ✓ | SWIFT-PRIME | N Engl J Med. 2015; 372: 2285-95. |
| ✓ | REVASCAT | N Engl J Med. 2015; 372: 2296-306. |
| ✓ | THRACE | Lancet Neurol. 2016. |

Post TEA Strokes

Neurological deficit post-TEA <4h30

NO TIME TO LOOSE

Stroke Center with Neuro-Radiologist available

Same logistic for « Acute Strokes »
Neurological Evaluation by Expert Neurologist
Multi-parametric MRI
(If not CT- & angioCT SAOT)

Ischemic Stroke // cerebral occlusion- macro embolus

Yes
Transfert to NRI angio suite

Optimal medical management in Stroke Unit



URGENCES NEUROVASCULAIRES NICE

06 88 46 48 89

NEURORADIOLOGIE INTERVENTIONNELLE

06 50 05 37 29