Nice, June 2016 : i-MEET

Basic Principles of Wound-Care & Off-Loading

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Ideal world.... But....







...looks quite innocent ...but....





Etiology definition/treatment is essential

- Venous insufficiency
- Arterial insufficiency
- Pressure
- Trauma
- Infections
- Dermatological diseases
- Neuropathic diseases
- Complex combinations : ex. diabetic foot



Wound-care.... The problem

Complexity of pathology



Booming Wound-Care Products/
Dressings / Devices/Techniques



Confusions/Mistakes



The Solution?



Intuitive

classification/treatment algorithm based on

4 important parameters

Tissue Infection Moisture Edge

LOCAL WOUND-BED PREPARATION

TISSUE



GRANULATION

NECROSIS

Fibrin

Black necrosis

HYPERKERATOSIS

Granulation tissue formation







Black necrosis



Yellow fibrin deposits





Hyperkeratosis





TIME *Tissue*: TREATMENT

-> a lot of (black) necrosis, (tight) fibrin, hyperkeratosis

SURGERY

- Bistouri
- Hydrosurgical systems (ex Versajet°)







TIME *Tissue* : TREATMENT

-> intermediate necrosis & fibrin

(BIO) MECHANICAL, NON-SURGICAL SOLUTIONS

- NWPT systems
- MAGGOT THERAPY
- WET TO DRY DRESSINGS









TIME *Tissue*: TREATMENT

-> small amounts necrosis & fibrin, some granulation

AUTOLYTIC – OSMOTIC – ENZYMATIC DEBRIDEMENTS

- Hydrogels
- Alginates
- Honey dressings
- Proteolytic enzymes

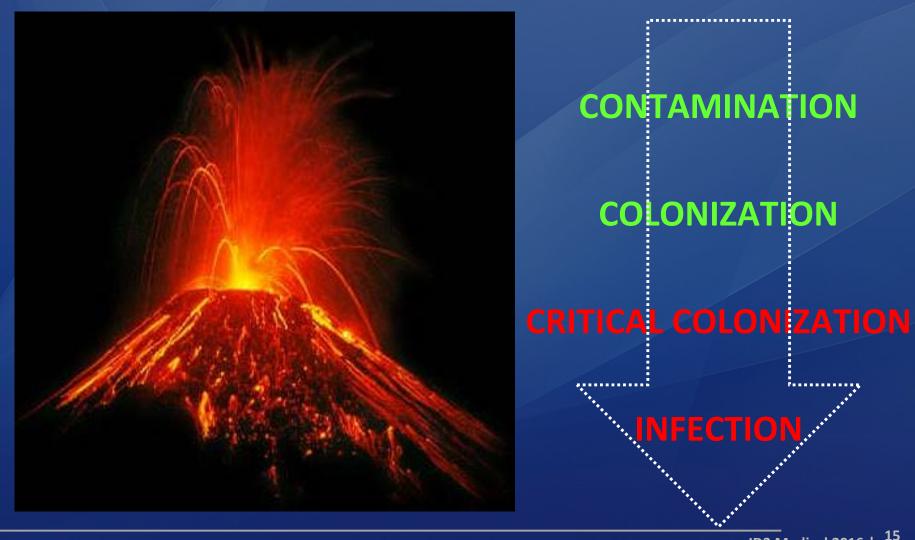


- Selective collagenous destruction





INFECTION



TIME: Infection – status

- Calor, Rubor, (Dolor), Tumor
- Purulent aspect
- Odor







TIME: Infection: TREATMENT

LOCAL TREATMENT

- Surgical drainage
- Antiseptics (lodium, Chlerohexidine, acetic acid...)
- NO ANTIBIOTICS
- Dressings with Ag

• SYSTEMIC TREATMENT

- ANTIBIOTICS
- CAVE OSTEOMYELITIS



MOISTURE











TIME: *Moisture:* **TREATMENT**

TOO WET

->Absorbing dressings

Alginates, hydrocellular poly-urethaan dressings, hydrofiber dressings, ...





TIME: *Moisture:* **TREATMENT**

TOO DRY

->Hydrating dressings

Hydrogels, hydrocolloid dressings, silicone dressings ...





EDGES



IDEAL T | M concept...



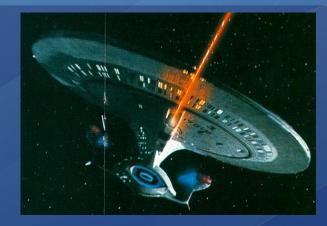
Nevertheless ... no healing



TIME: Edges: TREATMENT

ACTIVE RE-EPITHELIALIZATION

->BIOLOGICAL MEDIATED DRESSINGS



- Extra cellular matrix (ECM) containing dressings
 - Collagenous dressings (Catrix°, DropCollagen°,...)
 - Hyaluronic acid dressings (Hyalofill°, Hyalogran°, Jaloplast°,...)

- MMP modulators: Promogran°, Dermax°, Prisma°(+Ag)

TIME: Edges: TREATMENT

ACTIVE RE-EPITHELIALIZATION

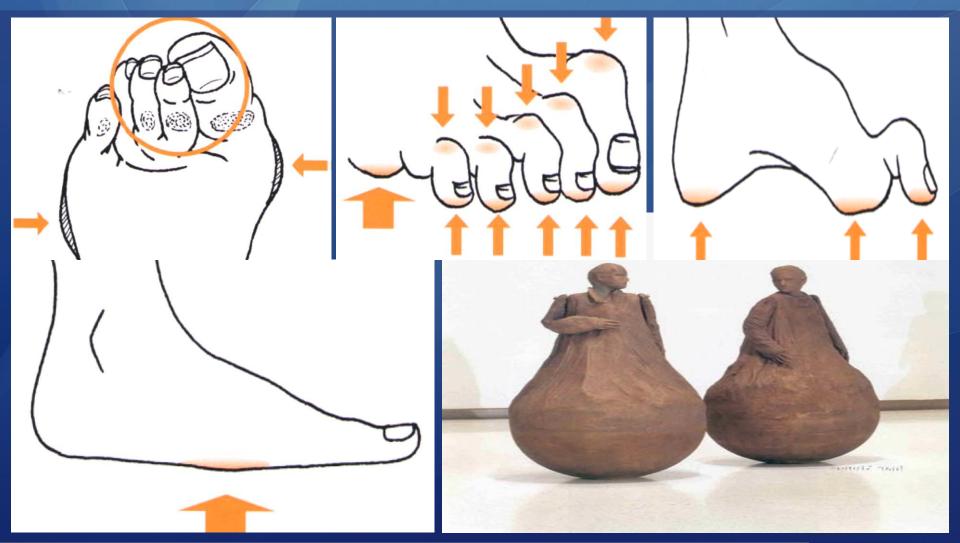
->BIOLOGICAL DRESSINGS



- Growth factors: PDGF Becaplermin (Regranex°),
 KGF, EGF,...
- Cell Cultures (cultivated keratinocytes)
- Tissue engineered skin

Dermagraft°, Silicone + Dermale kweek (Integra°), 2 layer reconstructed skin (Apligraf°, Orcel°, Hyalograft 3D°)

DIABETIC FOOT: principles of OFF LOADING



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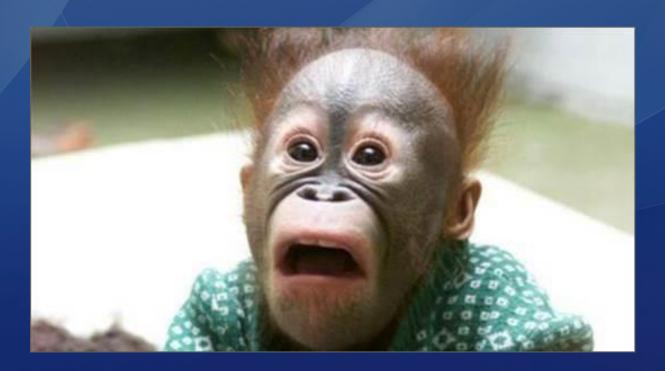
CONCLUSION

 Multidisciplinary WOUND CARE according to the pragmatic rules of TIME strategy makes it safe and efficient;

- Fluent dynamical switches between the different phases are obligatory
- Off loading is one of the most essential parts of CLI treatment.

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Woud/off-loading cases



Recanalization successful: single outflow ATA up to

ADP and foot arch

- TIME?
- OFF LOADING?
- ORIGIN?
- PREVENTION?
- MULTIDISCIPLINARITY?



- 2 Weeks later....
- Continue our treatment?
- Changing strategy?



Diabetic patient, lateral ankle ulceration: QUID?

- RECANALIZATION NEED?
- OTHER TREATMENTS?
- TIME?
- OFF LOADING?
- MULTIDISCIPLINARITY?



• IDDM patient, fever, no pain

- RECANALIZATION NEED?
- OTHER TREATMENTS?
- TIME?
- OFF LOADING?
- MULTIDISCIPLINARITY?



• Lateral ankle ulceration, spontaneous, non diabetic

- RECANALIZATION NEED?
- OTHER TREATMENTS?
- TIME?
- OFF LOADING?
- MULTIDISCIPLINARITY?



IDDM patient, new shoes, "all at once".....



- RECANALIZATION NEED?
- OTHER TREATMENTS?
- TIME?
- OFF LOADING?
- MULTIDISCIPLINARITY?