

PRACTICAL APPROACH TO BTKDISEASE

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Case report: Fontaine III CLI

75 years Old Male

Diabetes mellitus

CAD

HTA

Previously:LEFT SFA PTA & STENTING





Case report: Fontaine III CLI

Vascular examination:

Femoral pulse +

Popliteal pulse +

Distal pulses -

ABI:0.32

Our usual approach to BTK CLI: Diagnostic angiogram with a intention-to-treat strategy, based on angiogram findings.



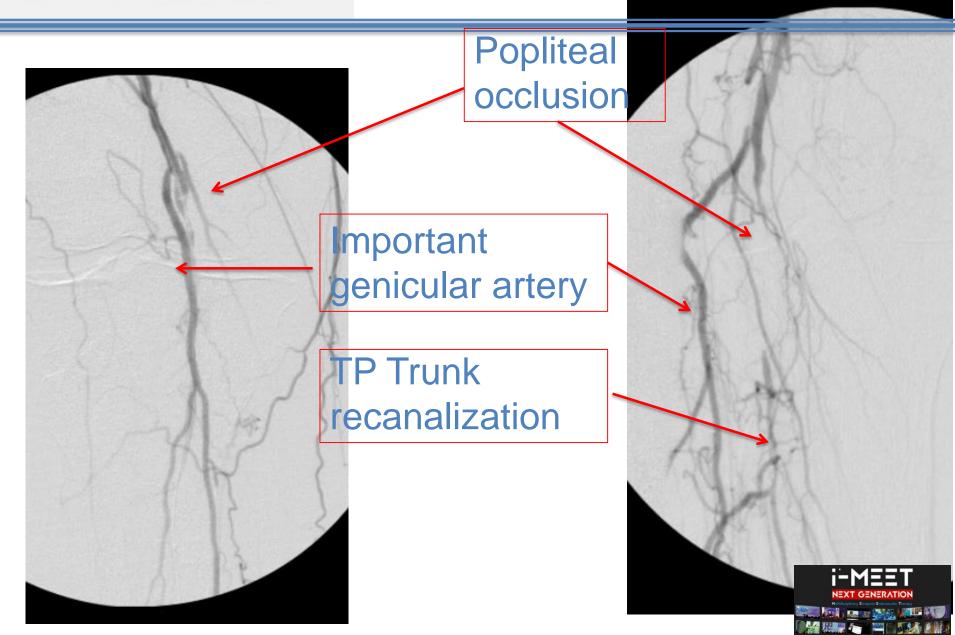
Case report: diagnostic angiogram

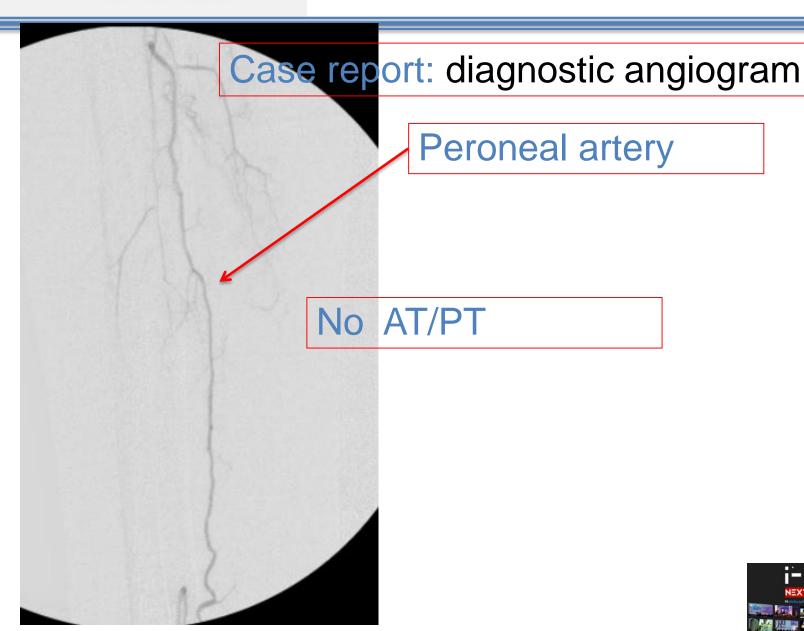


Popliteal occlusion

Important genicular artery

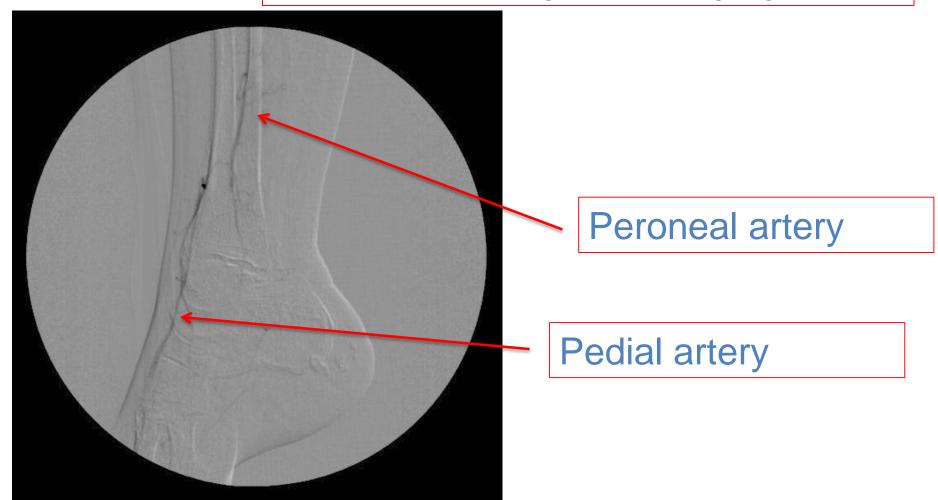








Case report: diagnostic angiogram

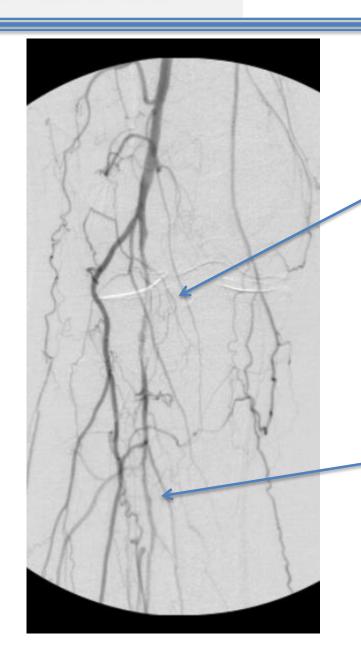




Popliteal & TP
Trunk recanalization

POBA
DEB
STENT

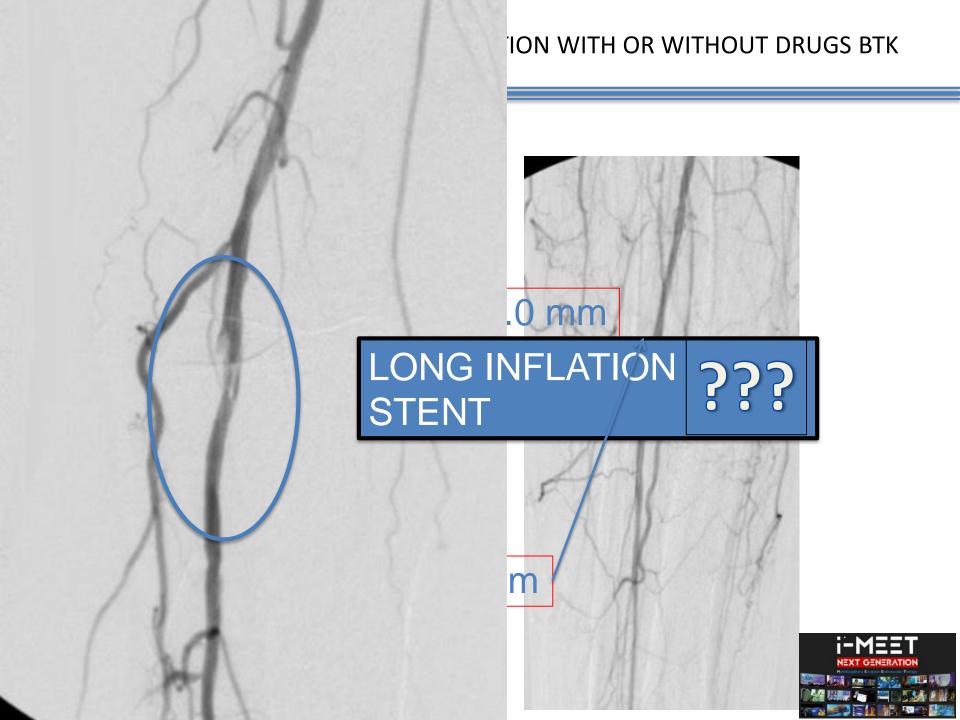




Predilatation 3.0 mm

Predilatation 2.0 mm







Case report: Final angiogram

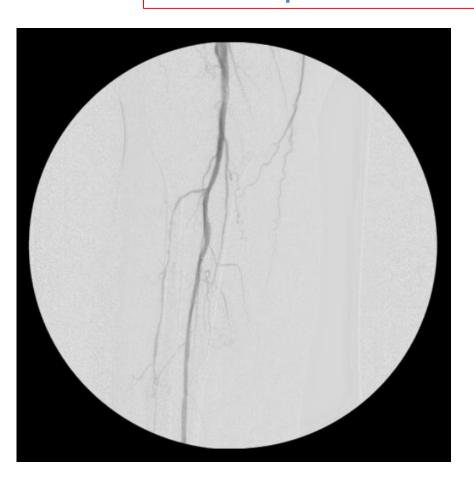
Popliteal artery

Peroneal artery

Spasm AT artery postdilatation 3 mm



Case report: Final angiogram







Case report: clinical results

Patient discharged 24 h later

No rest pain or complication at discharge

Peroneal arterie patent at 9 months US follow up

Clinical benefit mantained 9 months after procedure with no redo interventions

Case report: some comments

A combination of BTK CTO techiques are many times required to achieve a final good result

Bending areas treatment is unclear

Drug eluting technologies are available to increase treatment patency but ...

When???

