



How to assess the risk of embolism?

Pr Erwan DONAL

Rennes – France

erwan.donal@chu-rennes.fr





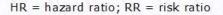


Cardiovascular and other conditions independently associated with atrial fibrillation (1)

| Characteristic/comorbidity | Association with AF | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Genetic predisposition (based on multiple common gene variants associated with AF) | HR range 0.4-3.2 | | |
| Older age 50-59 years 60-69 years 70-79 years 80-89 years | HR: 1.00 (reference) 4.98 (95% CI 3.49-7.10) 7.35 (95% CI 5.28-10.2) 9.33 (95% CI 6.68-13.0) | | |
| Hypertension (treated) vs. none | HR 1.32 (95% CI 1.08-1.60) | | |
| Heart failure vs. none | HR 1.43 (95% CI 0.85-2.40) | | |
| Valvular heart disease vs. none | RR 2.42 (95% CI 1.62-3.60) | | |
| Myocardial infarction vs. none | HR 1.46 (95% CI 1.07-1.98) | | |
| Thyroid dysfunction Hypothyroidism Subclinical hyperthyroidism Overt hyperthyroidism | (reference: euthyroid) HR 1.23 (95% CI 0.77-1.97) RR 1.31 (95% CI 1.19-1.44) RR 1.42 (95% CI 1.22-1.63) | | |
| Obesity (body mass index) None (<25 kg/m²) Overweight (25-30 kg/m²) Obese (≥31 kg/m²) | HR: 1.00 (reference) 1.13 (95% CI 0.87-1.46) 1.37 (95% CI 1.05-1.78) | | |
| Diabetes mellitus vs. none | HR 1.25 (95% CI 0.98-1.60) | | |







Continued on next slide

What do you think?







What do you think?









Prediction of stroke and bleeding risk

| Recommendations | | Level |
|---|-----|-------|
| The CHA ₂ DS ₂ -VASc score is recommended for stroke risk prediction in patients with AF. | I | A |
| Bleeding risk scores should be considered in AF patients on oral anticoagulation to identify modifiable risk factors for major bleeding. | IIa | В |
| Biomarkers such as high-sensitivity troponin and natriuretic peptide may be considered to further refine stroke and bleeding risk in AF patients. | IIb | В |



| CHA ₂ DS ₂ -VASc risk factor | Points |
|---|--------|
| Congestive heart failure Signs/symptoms of heart failure or objective evidence of reduced left- ventricular ejection fraction | 1 |
| Hypertension Resting blood pressure > 140/90 mmHg on at least two occasions or current antihypertensive treatment | 1 |
| Age 75 years or older | 2 |
| Diabetes mellitus Fasting glucose >125 mg/dL (7 mmol/L) or treatment with oral hypoglycaemic agent and/or insulin | 1 |
| Previous stroke, transient ischaemic attack, or thromboembolism | 2 |
| Vascular disease Previous myocardial infarction, peripheral artery disease, or aortic plaque | 1 |
| Age 65-74 years | 1 |
| Sex category (female) | 1 |



EACVI/EHRA Expert Consensus Document on the role of multi-modality imaging for the evaluation of patients with atrial fibrillation



| | 2D Echocardiographic description | Emptying flow velocities |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| Sludge | Dense smoke, viscid echodensity, not solid | <20 cm/s |
| Severe spontaneous echo-contrast | Intense echodensity and very slow swirling patterns in the left acid appendage, | 20–40 cm/s |
| Mild to moderate spontaneous echo contrast | Swirling pattern in the LA appendage | 40-60 cm/s |

Of the echocardiographic indices, LV systolic dysfunction, dense spontaneous echo contrast (SEC), low LAA peakflow velocities, and complex aortic plaque were reported to be related to thromboembolic risk.



Structural Heart Disease

Complex Left Atrial Appendage Morphology and Left Atrial Appendage Thrombus Formation in Patients With Atrial Fibrillation

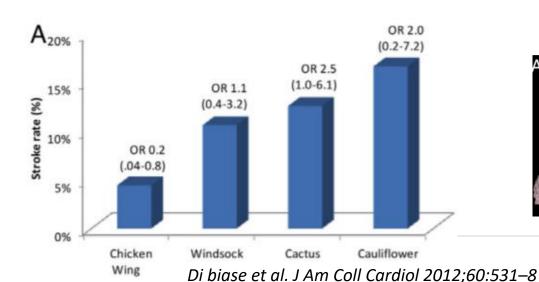
Masayoshi Yamamoto, MD; Yoshihiro Seo, MD; Naoto Kawamatsu, MD; Kimi Sato, MD; Akinori Sugano, MD; Tomoko Machino-Ohtsuka, MD; Ryo Kawamura, MD; Hideki Nakajima, PhD; Miyako Igarashi, MD; Yukio Sekiguchi, MD; Tomoko Ishizu, MD; Kazutaka Aonuma, MD



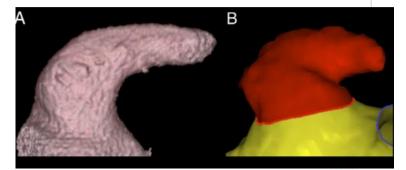
633 consecutive patients who were candidates for catheter ablation

LAA thrombus was observed in 36 (6.4%) patients

Most patients with LAA thrombus (32/34, 94.4%) had ≥3 LAA lobes

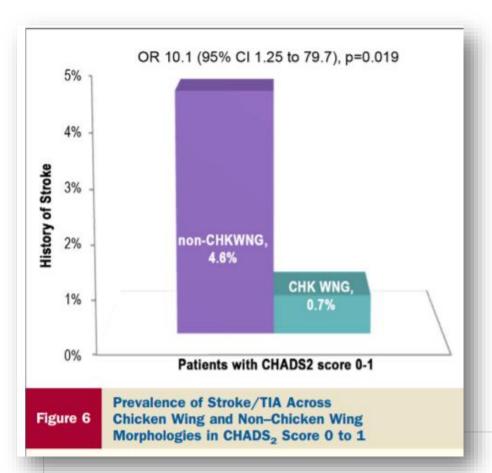


Chicken Wing LAA Morphology

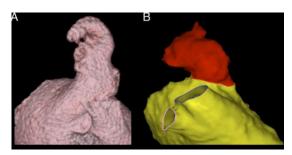




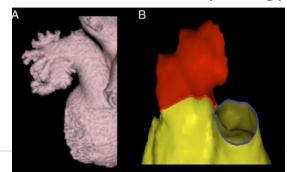
Circ Cardiovasc Imaging. 2014;7:337-343.



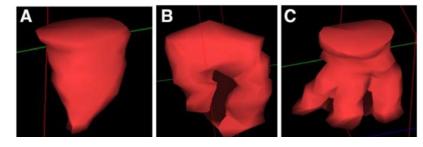
Windsock LAA Morphology



Cauliflower LAA Morphology









Univariate and Multivariate Analyses for Presence of LAA Thrombus

| | Univariate | | Multivariate | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------|--|
| Variables | OR (95% CI) | <i>P</i> Value | OR (95% CI) | <i>P</i> Value | |
| AF type (nonparoxysmal AF) | 4.785 (2.26–10.10) | <0.001 | ••• | 0.41 | |
| CHADS ₂ score | 1.915 (1.486–2.467) | < 0.001 | 1.752 (1.237–2.483) | 0.002 | |
| Degree of spontaneous echo contrast | 3.128 (2.262-4.326) | < 0.001 | 1.783 (1.102-2.740) | 0.02 | |
| Left ventricular ejection fraction, % | 0.935 (0.914-0.956) | < 0.001 | 0.962 (0.934-0.992) | 0.01 | |
| LA volume, ml | 1.031 (1.021–1.041) | < 0.001 | 1.018 (1.003-1.032) | 0.02 | |
| LAA emptying velocity, cm/s | 0.947 (0.925-0.970) | < 0.001 | ••• | 0.60 | |
| LAA volume, ml | 1.038 (1.007-1.070) | 0.02 | ••• | 0.86 | |
| Number of LAA lobes | 3.318 (2.179–5.052) | < 0.001 | 2.469 (1.495–4.078) | < 0.001 | |

AF indicates atrial fibrillation; CHADS₂, Congestive heart failure, Hypertension Age>75, Diabetes mellitus and prior Stroke or transient ischemic attack; CI, confidence interval; LA, left atrium; LAA, left atrial appendage; and OR, odds ratio.



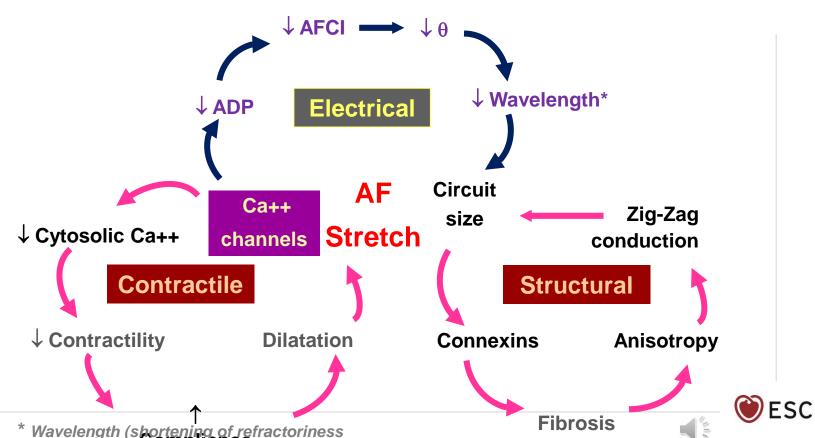
Atrial fibrillation triggering surgical or interventional therapy of valvular heart disease

| Recommendations | Class | Level |
|---|-------|-------|
| Early mitral valve surgery should be considered in severe mitral regurgitation, preserved LV function, and new-onset AF, even in the absence of symptoms, particularly when valve repair is feasible. | IIa | C |
| Mitral valvulotomy should be considered for asymptomatic patients with severe mitral stenosis and suitable valve anatomy who have new-onset AF. | IIa | С |

Atrium as Ventricle is remodeling

and slowing of cond





Allessie M. Cardiovasc Res 2002 ; 54 : 230-46

ATRIAL FUNCTION

Booster pump function related to:

- •LV Compliance
- •LVeDP.
- •LA contractility

diastole

CONDUIT

Booster pump

15 A-Loop V-Loop **Correlated to the filling** 13 pressure & the LA 11 compliance 9) 7 5 **LA Volume Correlated to LV** relaxation systole **CONDUIT RESERVOIR**

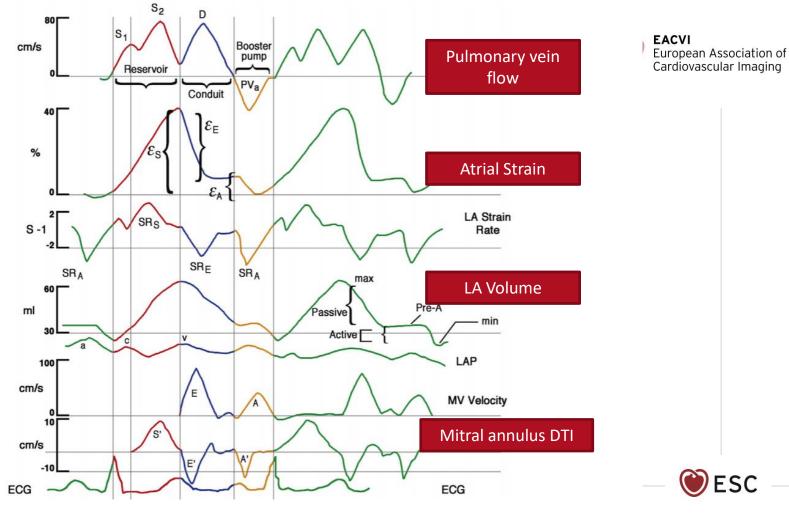




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EACVIEuropean Association of Cardiovascular Imaging

LA Pressure (mmHg)

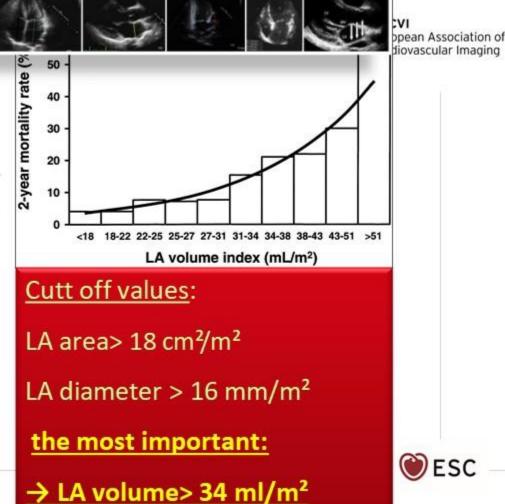


Hoit. J Am Coll Cardiol 2014;63:493-505

Relevance of LA volume

- Correlated to
- Death cardio-vascular
 & non-cardiovascular.
- Correlated to the risk of
 - Atrial arrhythmia and recurrence
 - Thromboembolic Complications

Moller et al. Circulation 2003; 107: 2207 Parkash et al. Am H J 2004; 148: 649.

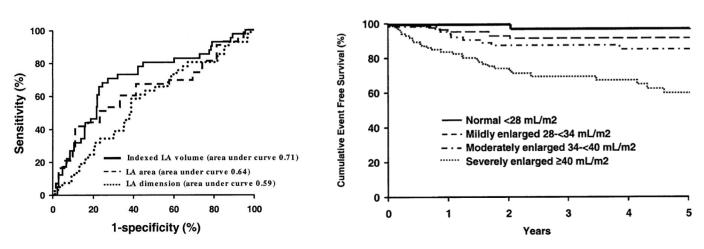


Prediction of Cardiovascular Outcomes With Left Atrial Size

Is Volume Superior to Area or Diameter?

Teresa S. M. Tsang, MD, FACC,*† Walter P. Abhayaratna, MBBS, FRACP,*† Marion E. Barnes, MS,† Yoko Miyasaka, MD, PhD, FACC,*† Bernard J. Gersh, MB, ChB, DPhIL, FACC,* Kent R. Bailey, PhD,‡ Stephen S. Cha, MS,‡ James B. Seward, MD, FACC*† Rochester, Minnesota

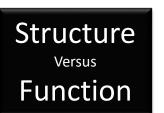
317 subjects SR at baseline, 62 had 90 new events during a mean follow-up of 3.5 ±2.3 years



"graded association between the degree of LA enlargement and risk of CV-events was only evident for indexed LA volume."









More sensitive and best associated with the prognosis: LA function

Reco (LANG et al. EurHJim 2016): LA maximal volume (biplane) > 34ml/m²



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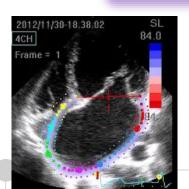
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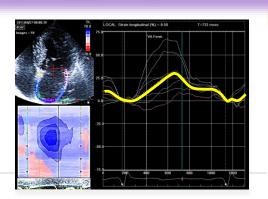
EDITORIAL COMMENT

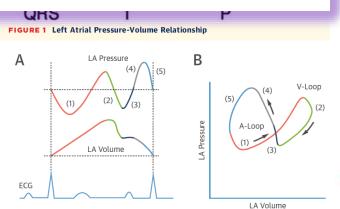
Incremental Diagnostic Value of Left Atrial Strain Over Left Atrial Volume

An Analogy of Glucose Level and Glycosylated Hemoglobin?*

Kazuaki Negishi, MD, РнD^{а,b}









Speaker

| Table 2 Summa | y of normal range: | s of LA strain compone | ents |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|------|
|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|------|

| pean Association of | |
|---------------------|--|
| liovascular Imaging | |
| | |

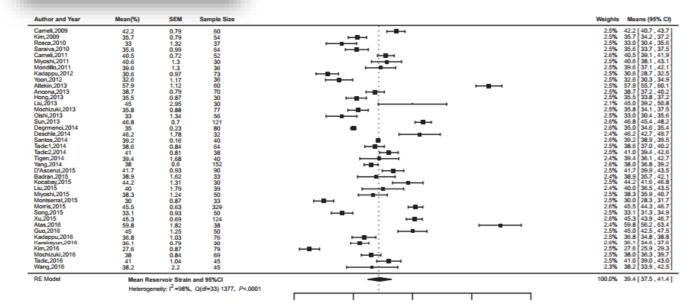
CVI

| LA strain component | Number of studies | Mean | 95% CI | Cochrane Q | 1 ² | dio ہے۔ |
|---------------------|-------------------|------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| Reservoir | 40 | 39.4 | 38.0-40.8 | 1,653 (P < .001) | 97.6 | 20.0 |
| Conduit | 14 | 23.0 | 20.7-25.2 | 420 (P < .001) | 96.9 | 17.9 |
| Contractile | 18 | 17.4 | 16.0-19.0 | 631 (P < .001) | 97.3 | 9.7 |

Normal Ranges of Left Atrial Strain by Speckle-Tracking Echocardiography:
A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis

Firzz Pathan, MBBS, Nicholan D'BB, RS, Mart T. Nolan, MBBS, Thomas H, Marrisk, MBBS, PhD, MPH, and Karaski Negishi, MD, PhD, Holbert and Mollhowner, Australia

Reservior Function



35.0

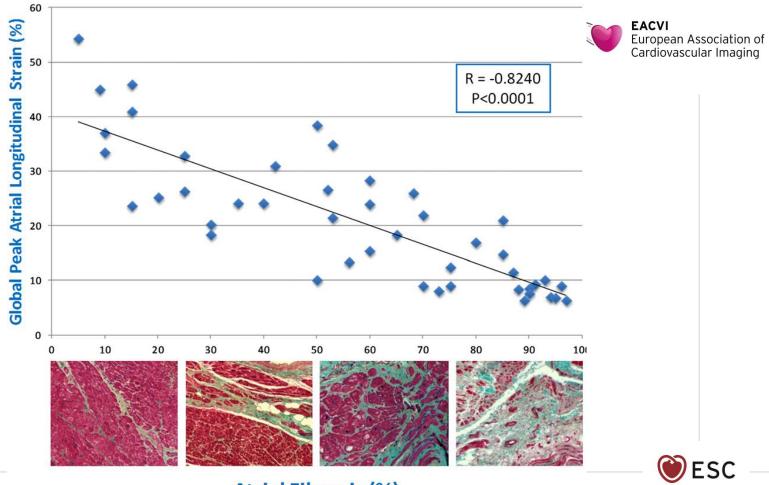
45.0

55.0

65.0



(J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2017;30:59-70.)



Atrial Fibrosis (%)

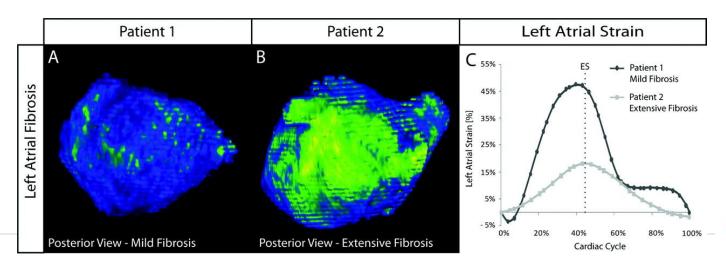
Camelli et al. Am J cardiol 2013

Left Atrial Strain and Strain Rate in Patients With Paroxysmal and Persistent Atrial Fibrillation

EACVIEuropean Association of Cardiovascular Imaging

Relationship to Left Atrial Structural Remodeling Detected by Delayed-Enhancement MRI

Conclusions—LA wall fibrosis by delayed-enhancement MRI is inversely related to LA strain and strain rate, and these are related to the AF burden. Echocardiographic assessment of LA structural and functional remodeling is quick and feasible and may be helpful in predicting outcomes in AF. (Circ Cardiovasc Imaging. 2010;3:231-239.)





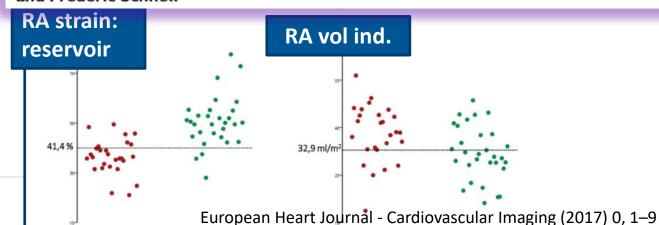


European Association of Cardiovascular Imaging

orillation

Atrial function is altered in lone paroxysmal atrial fibrillation in male endurance veteran athletes

Arnaud Hubert^{1,2,3}, Vincent Galand^{1,2,3}, Erwan Donal^{1,2,3}, Dominique Pavin^{1,2,3}, Elena Galli^{1,2,3}, Raphaël P. Martins^{1,2,3}, Christophe Leclercq^{1,2,3}, François Carré^{2,3,4}, and Frédéric Schnell^{2,3,4}*





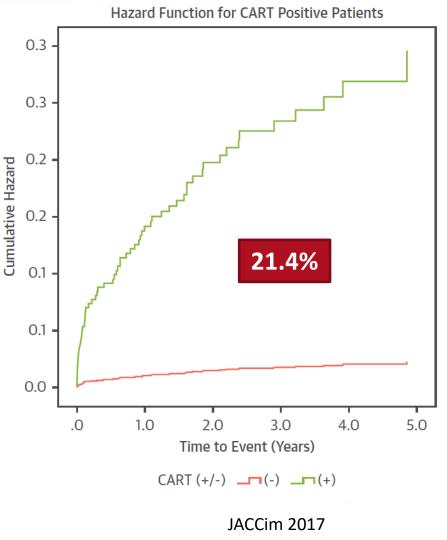
Use of Atrial Strain to Predict Atrial Fibrillation After Cerebral Ischemia

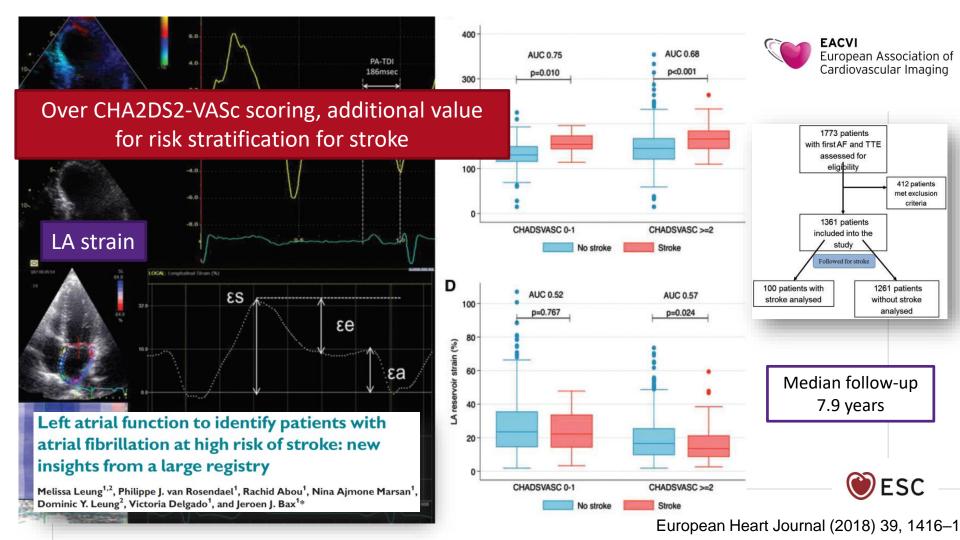
Faraz Pathan, MBBS, ^{a,b} Eswar Sivaraj, MSc, ^b Kazuaki Negishi, MD, PhD, ^{a,b} Rifly Rafiudeen, Shahab Pathan, MBBS, ^c Nicholas D'Elia, MBBS, ^{d,e} John Galligan, MBBS, ^b Samuel Neilson, ¹ Ricardo Fonseca, MBBS, ^a Thomas H. Marwick, MBBS, PhD, MPH^{a,d}

538 patients, 61 (11%) developed AF, and this occurred within 2 years in 85% of patients. Patients who

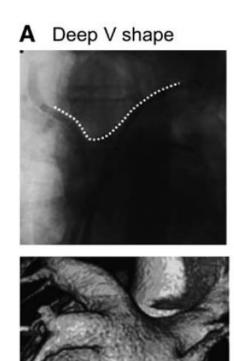
developed AF were older, had higher clinical risk scores, had higher LA volume, and had lower atrial strain than did those who did not develop AF.

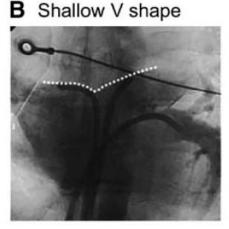
FIGURE 4 CART Analysis ≤21.4 >21.4 P < 0.001εCd CHARGE-AF P = 0.01P < 0.001>10.4 ≤10.4 >7.8 ≤7.8 N = 22N = 49N = 143N = 324AF = 19AF = 5AF = 18 $\Delta F = 19$ High risk CART + CART -CART +

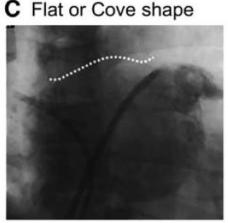


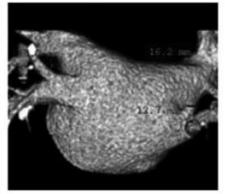


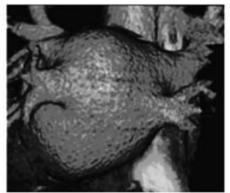










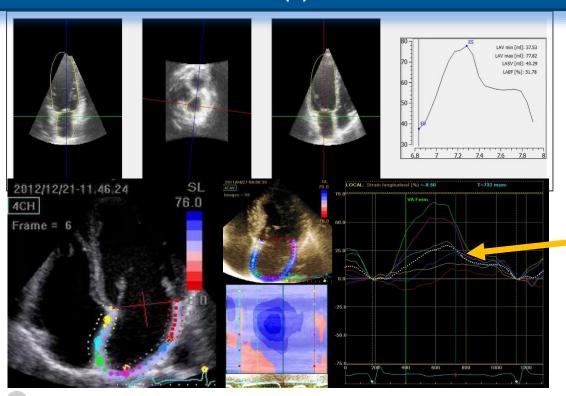


LA roof shape assessed by CT imaging (deep-V, shallow-V, or flat) can help determine the possible sites of AF triggers, as triggers from the PVs become less common as the LA roof shape flatten



<u>Take home message</u>: importance of the anatomy but perhaps even more of the function(s)





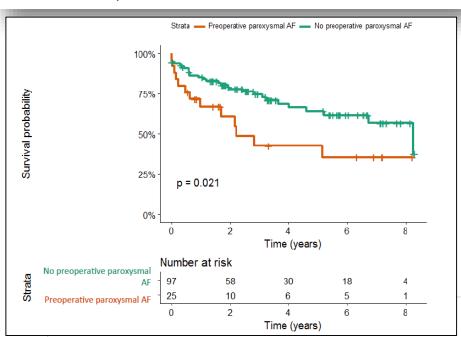
Indexed LA volume (at end-systole): 34ml/m²

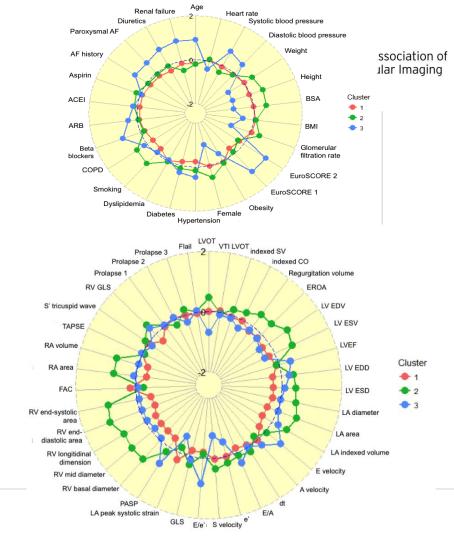
Systolic peak: (reservoir)
N 40%
Clearly abnormal ≤ 20%
Prognostic value ~ 20%



Predictors of post-operative cardiovascular events, focused on atrial fibrillation, after valve surgery for primary mitral regurgitation

Anna Pimor, Elena Galli, Emilie Vitel, Hervé Corbineau, Christophe Leclercq, Guillaume Bouzille, and Erwan Donal*





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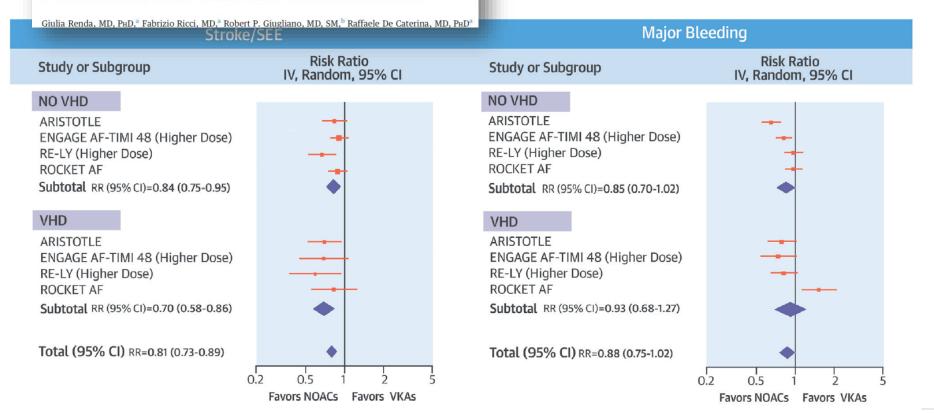
It is not the size of a man, but the size of his heart that matters.

—Evander Holyfield



Non-Vitamin K Antagonist Oral Anticoagulants in Patients With Atrial Fibrillation and Valvular Heart Disease





Renda, G. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2017;69(11):1363-71.