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## Surgery of infective endocarditis: about 203 patients. (0-0-c1464)

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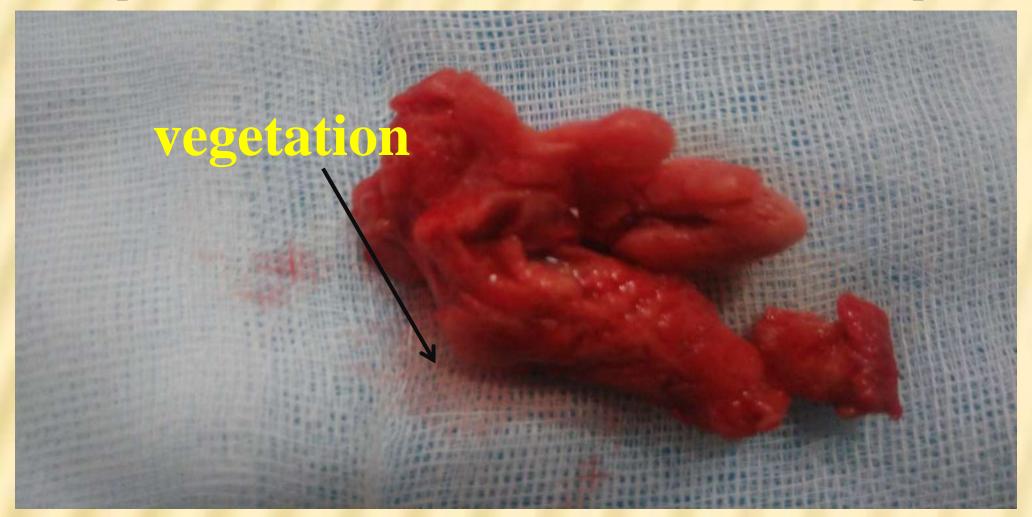
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# **Introduction:**

- \*It is a serious disease with a high morbimortality.
- \*The diagnosis is placed on modified criteria of dukes.
- \*The main surgical indication in emergency are hemodynamic, infectious and embolic.
- \*The aim of this work is to present epidemiological characteristics, clinical, echographics and rapport our experience in order to assess the results of surgical treatment of the disease and to improve the support.

#### Methods

- \*This is a monocentric and retrospective study of 203 patients operated for infective endocarditis collected between January 2001 and June 2015.
- \*This study interested only the operative period.
- \*The mean age is 42 years with male predominance (62, 12%).
- \*The heart disease causal predominance was rheumatic in 40% cases .7, 88 have endocarditis on cardiac prosthesis.
- \*The causative germ in isolated only 47% cases. Staphylococcus and streptococcus sound the more frequent.
- \*The left ventricular function was altered in 24% cases.
- \*The patients were operated in emergency in 59 cases and cold in 144 cases.
- \*Valve replacement was done in 84,8 cases and valve repair in 15,2 cases.







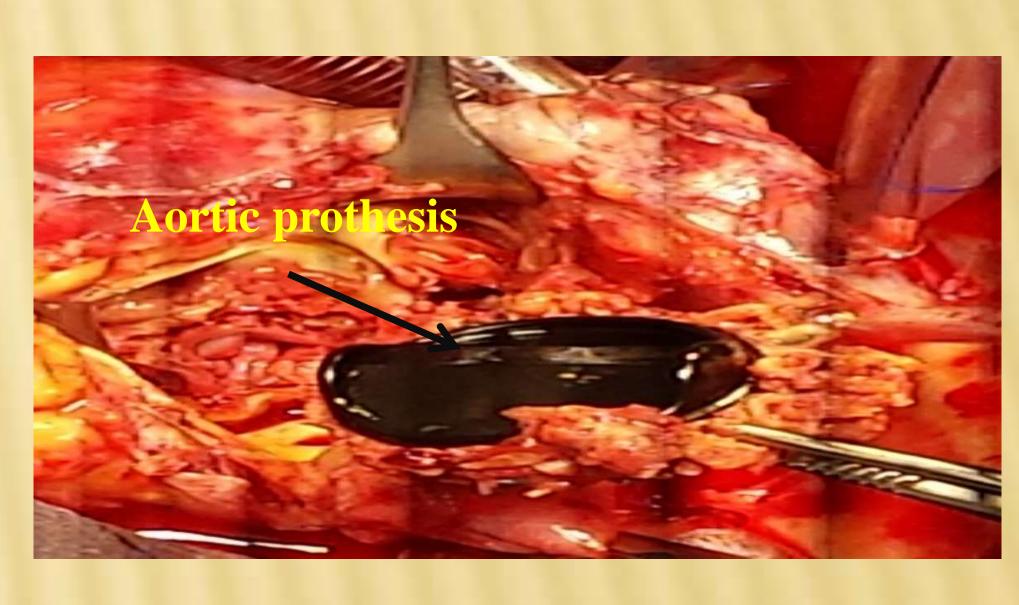


Fig01:vegetation.

Fig02:Aortic ring destroyed by infection.

Fig03: Aortic ring destroyed by infection.

Fig04:Endocarditis of aortic prothesis.

# Results:

\*Stay in intensive care unit ≥72 hours (28%).

- \*Intubation procedure < 24hours (69%).
- \*post operative stay ≥7days (70%).
- \*The simple operating suite in 60% of cases.

## **Comments:**

- \* Endocarditic surgery infectious even active is no longer discussed in principle. The incidence of this affection is more students in young men (15 and 50 years). In countries developed it is the elderly subjects who are keys with a peak between 70 and 79 years. The operating indication is laying in 26, 1 % during acute illness. (25 to 40 %, 30 to 50 %).
- \* Links especially to the hemodynamic (60, 37 %), embolic (24, 28%) and infectious (15, 9 %), risk (60 à 70 % for hemodynamic indication and 20 à 30 % for infectious indication). For the endocarditic cooled 70.9 % of patients are operating in the year following.
- \* While in the literature 50 % only have operate within two years following .Severity of the lesions related damage rheumatic preexisting and/or therapeutic delay. The operative results are good in more 70 % of cases; the operative mortality is 13, 72 %. (It was 9, 16 % for infective endocarditis on native valve which corresponds to the data from the literature: < 10 %).
- \* The mortality was 10.5 % in surgery in the active phase and 15, 27 % if intervention occurs in the following the end of the antibiotic treatment.

#### **Conclusion:**

#### \*Serious disease.

- \*Interest of studies epidemiological regular.
- \*The actual trend is in favour of earlier surgery in previligiant the valve repair.

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